



Power Installation Guide

Unidrive M / HS Frame 7 to 10

Part Number: 0478-0234-07 Issue: 7

Original Instructions

For the purposes of compliance with the EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, the English version of this manual is the Original Instructions. Manuals in other languages are Translations of the Original Instructions.

Documentation

Manuals are available to download from the following locations: http://www.drive-setup.com/ctdownloads

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Control Techniques Ltd The Gro Newtown Powys UK SY16 3BE

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

| Model number | Interpretation | Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde |
|-----------------|----------------|---|
| аааа | Basic series | M100, M101, M200, M201, M300, M400, M600, M700, M701, M702, F300, H300, E200, E300, HS30, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT |
| bb | Frame size | 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11 |
| С | Voltage rating | 1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V |
| ddddd | Current rating | Example 01000 = 100 A |
| е | Drive format | A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke) |

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings. The variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

| EN 61800-5-1:2007 | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy |
|----------------------------|---|
| EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012 | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods |
| EN 61000-6-2:2005 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments |
| EN 61000-6-4: 2007+A1:2011 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-4: Generic standards - Emission standard for industrial environments |
| EN 61000-3-2:2014 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-2: Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current ≤16 A per phase) |
| EN 61000-3-3:2013 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-3: Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public, low voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current ≤16 A per phase and not subject to conditional connection |

EN 61000-3-2:2014 Applicable where input current < 16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power \geq 1 kW.

These products comply with the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (2011/65/EU), the Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU) and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU).

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G Williams Vice President, Technology Date: 17th March 2016

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

Declaration of Conformity (including 2006 Machinery Directive)

Control Techniques Ltd The Gro Newtown Powys UK SY16 3BE

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

| Model number | Interpretation | Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde |
|-----------------|----------------|--|
| аааа | Basic series | M300, M400, M600, M700, M701, M702, F300, H300, E200, E300, HS30, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT |
| bb | Frame size | 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11 |
| С | Voltage rating | 1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V |
| ddddd | Current rating | Example 01000 = 100 A |
| е | Drive format | A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke) |

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

This declaration relates to these products when used as a safety component of a machine. Only the Safe Torque Off function may be used for a safety function of a machine. None of the other functions of the drive may be used to carry out a safety function.

These products fulfil all the relevant provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU).

EC type examination has been carried out by the following notified body:

TUV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH

Am Grauen Stein

D-51105 Köln

Germany

EC type-examination certificate numbers:

01/205/5270.01/14 dated 2014-11-11

01/205/5387.01/15 dated 2015-01-29

01/205/5383.02/15 dated 2015-04-21

Notified body identification number: 0035

The harmonized standards used are shown below:

| EN 61800-5-1:2007 | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy |
|--------------------------|--|
| EN 61800-5-2:2007 | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional |
| EN ISO 13849-1:2008 | Safety of Machinery, Safety-related parts of control systems, General principles for design |
| EN ISO 13849-2:2008 | Safety of machinery, Safety-related parts of control systems. Validation |
| EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012 | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods |
| EN 62061:2005 | Safety of machinery, Functional safety of safety related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems |

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G. Williams Vice President, Technology Date: 17th March 2016 Place: Newtown, Powys, UK

IMPORTANT NOTICE

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

1 Safety information

1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

NOTE A Note contains information, which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

1.2 Important safety information. Hazards. Competence of designers and installers

This guide applies to products which control electric motors either directly (drives) or indirectly (controllers, option modules and other auxiliary equipment and accessories). In all cases the hazards associated with powerful electrical drives are present, and all safety information relating to drives and associated equipment must be observed.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this guide.

Drives and controllers are intended as components for professional incorporation into complete systems. If installed incorrectly they may present a safety hazard. The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury. Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and competence. They must read this safety information and this guide carefully.

1.3 Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment is installed correctly with regard to all instructions given in this guide. They must give due consideration to the safety of the complete system, so as to avoid the risk of injury both in normal operation and in the event of a fault or of reasonably foreseeable misuse.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation of the equipment.

1.4 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This guide contains instructions for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

All machinery to be supplied within the European Union in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery.

2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

1.5 Electrical hazards

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive. Hazardous voltage may be present in any of the following locations:

- AC and DC supply cables and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

The STOP and Safe Torque Off functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit.

The drive must be installed in accordance with the instructions given in this guide. Failure to observe the instructions could result in a fire hazard.

1.6 Stored electrical charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

1.7 Mechanical hazards

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive or controller which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behaviour or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

With the sole exception of the Safe Torque Off function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.

1.8 Access to equipment

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

1.9 Environmental limits

Instructions in this guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the equipment must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. This includes temperature, humidity, contamination, shock and vibration. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

1.10 Hazardous environments

The equipment must not be installed in a hazardous environment (i.e. a potentially explosive environment).

1.11 Motor

The safety of the motor under variable speed conditions must be ensured.

To avoid the risk of physical injury, do not exceed the maximum specified speed of the motor.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective, causing a fire hazard. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive must not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in the Motor Rated Current parameter.

1.12 Mechanical brake control

Any brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

1.13 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

1.14 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Installation instructions for a range of EMC environments are provided in the relevant Power Installation Guide. If the installation is poorly designed or other equipment does not comply with suitable standards for EMC, the product might cause or suffer from disturbance due to electromagnetic interaction with other equipment. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the relevant EMC legislation in the place of use.

2 Product information

2.1 Introduction

This guide provides the information necessary to install the following drive models:

Unidrive M200 to M400 frame 7 to 9

Unidrive M600 to M702 frame 7 to 10

Unidrive HS70 to HS72 frame 7 to 10

This guide focuses on the drive power section, for example: electrical installation of the supply / motor cables and mechanical installation of the drive.

For information about the drive control section, for example: parameter set up information, control and encoder connections, please refer to the *Control User Guide*.

2.2 Model number

The model numbers for the Unidrive M/HS product range are formed as illustrated below:

Identification Label Derivative Electrical Specifications Configuration Optional Build Format Α в 0 0 0 1 01 1 M600 -03 4 00078 Α 1 Product Line Reserved: Unidrive M200 Unidrive M201 Conformal Coating: Unidrive M300 Unidrive M400 0 = Standard Unidrive M600 IP / NEMA Rating: Unidrive M700 Unidrive M701 1 = IP20 / NEMA 1 Unidrive M702 Brake Transistor: Unidrive HS70 Unidrive HS71 B = Brake N = No Unidrive HS72 Cooling: Frame Size: A = Air Customer Code Voltage Rating: 00 = 50 Hz 200 V (200 - 240 ± 10 %) 400 V (380 - 480 ± 10 %) 575 V (500 - 575 ± 10 %) 01 = 60 Hz 6 - 690 V (500 - 690 ± 10 %) Documentation: 0 - Supplied separately 1 - English 2 - French Current Rating: Heavy Duty current rating x 10 3 - Italian 4 - German 5 - Spanish Power Format: A - AC in AC out (with internal choke) D - DC in AC out (lnverter) C - AC in DC out (Rectifier) E - AC in AC out (without internal choke) T - AC in AC out (12P rectifier plus inverter) Configuration: 1 - Standard U - No Control M - Master F - Follower

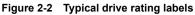
Figure 2-1 Model number

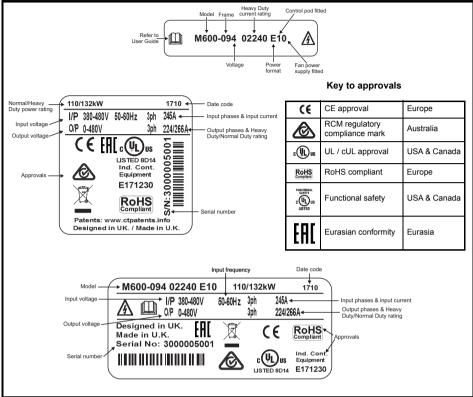
* Only shown on frame 9E and 10 identification label

NOTE

For simplicity a Frame 9 drive with no internal choke (i.e. Model 09xxxxxE) is referred to as a Frame 9E and a Frame 9 drive with an internal choke (i.e. Model 09xxxxxA) is referred to as a Frame 9A. Any reference to Frame 9 is applicable to both sizes 9E and 9A. All Frame size 10 drives are supplied with no internal choke.

2.3 Nameplate description





Refer to Figure 2-1 Model number on page 12 for further information relating to the labels.

NOTE Date code format

The date code is four numbers. The first two numbers indicate the year and the remaining numbers indicate the week of the year in which the drive was built.

Example:

A date code of **1710** would correspond to week 10 of year 2017.

Safety information

Product information

Mechanical installation

Electrical installation

Technical data

UL listing information

2.4 Ratings

Fuses



The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. The following section shows recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

NOTE

Nominal cables sizes below are based on the cable installation method B2 (ref: IEC60364-5-52:2001) unless otherwise specified, and are provided as a guide only. Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.

| | Max. | | F | use | | N | ominal c | able s | ze | N | ormal Du | itv | Heavy Duty | | | |
|----------|----------------|------|-------|-----|---------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| | cont. input | ont. | | 196 | | Euro | opean | U | USA | | Norman Duty | | | neary buly | | |
| | current | IE | C | U | IL | | | | | Max. | Nom | Motor | Max. | Nom | Motor | |
| Model | 3ph | Nom | | Nom | | Input | Output | Input | Output | cont. output current | power @ 230 V | power @ 230 V | cont. output current | power @ 230 V | power @ 230 V | |
| | A | A | Class | Α | Class | mm² | mm² | AWG or kcmil | AWG or kcmil | A | kW | hp | Α | kW | hp | |
| 07200610 | 67 | 80 | | 80 | CC. | 35 | 35 | 2 | 2 | 75 | 18.5 | 25 | 61 | 15 | 20 | |
| 07200750 | - | 100 | gG | | J or T* | 35 | 35 | 1 | 1 | 94 | 22 | 30 | 75 | 18.5 | 25 | |
| 07200830 | | 125 | | 125 | | 70 | 70 | 1/0 | 1/0 | 117 | 30 | 40 | 83 | 22 | 30 | |
| 08201160 | 137 | 200 | gR | 200 | HSJ | 95 | 95 | 3/0 | 3/0 | 149 | 37 | 50 | 116 | 30 | 40 | |
| 08201320 | 166 | 200 | 9 | 225 | 1100 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 1 | 2 x 1 | 180 | 45 | 60 | 132 | 37 | 50 | |
| 09201760 | 205 | 250 | gR | 250 | HSJ | 2 x 70 (B1) | 2 x 95 (B2) | 2> | 2/0 | 216 | 55 | 75 | 176 | 45 | 60 | |
| 09202190 | 260 | 315 | giv | 300 | 1100 | 2 x 95 (B1) | 2 x 120 (B2) | 2> | 4/0 | 266 | 75 | 100 | 219 | 55 | 75 | |
| 10202830 | 305 | 400 | gR | 400 | HSJ | ``` | 2 x 120 | 2 x 300 | 2 x 250 | 325 | 90 | 125 | 283 | 75 | 100 | |
| 10203000 | 361 | 450 | 91 | 450 | 1100 | 2 x 150 (C) | (C) | 2 x 300 | 2 x 300 | 360 | 110 | 150 | 300 | 90 | 125 | |

Table 2-1 200 V drive ratings, cable sizes and fuse ratings

Table 2-2 400 V drive ratings, cable sizes and fuse ratings

| | Max. | | Ε. | ise | | N | lominal | cable si | ze | No | ormal Du | th. | Heavy Duty | | | | |
|----------|----------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----|----|
| | cont. input | | 1 436 | | | Euro | European USA | | SA | Normal Duty | | | Tieavy Duty | | | | |
| | current | IE | C | U | L | | | | | Max. | Nom | Motor | Max. | Nom | Motor | | |
| Model | 3ph | Nom | | Nom | | Input | Output | Input | Output | cont. output current | power @ 400 V | power @ 460 V | cont. output current | power @ 400 V | power @ 460 V | | |
| | A | Α | Class | Α | Class | mm² | mm² | AWG or kcmil | AWG or kcmil | A | kW | hp | Α | kW | hp | | |
| 07400660 | 74 | 100 | | 80 | CC, | 35 | 35 | 1 | 1 | 79 | 37 | 60 | 66 | 30 | 50 | | |
| 07400770 | 88 | 100 | gG | 100 | J or | 50 | 50 | 2 | 2 | 94 | 45 | 60 | 77 | 37 | 60 | | |
| 07401000 | 105 | 125 | | | | 125 | T* | 70 | 70 | 1/0 | 1/0 | 112 | 55 | 75 | 100 | 45 | 75 |
| 08401340 | 155 | 250 | gR | 225 | HSJ | 2 x 50 | 2 x 50 | 2 x 1 | 2 x 1 | 155 | 75 | 100 | 134 | 55 | 100 | | |
| 08401570 | 177 | 250 | giv | 225 | 1100 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 1/0 | 2 x 1/0 | 184 | 90 | 150 | 157 | 75 | 125 | | |
| 09402000 | 232 | 315 | gR | 300 | HSJ | 2 x 70 (B1) | 2 x 95 (B2) | 2 x 3/0 | 2 x 2/0 | 221 | 110 | 150 | 200** | 90 | 150 | | |
| 09402240 | 267 | 010 | giv | 350 | 1100 | 2 x 95 (B1) | 2 x 120 (B2) | 2 x 4/0 | 2 x 4/0 | 266** | 132 | 200 | 224** | 110 | 150 | | |
| 10402700 | 332 | 400 | gR | 400 | HSJ | (C) | 2 x 120 (B2) | 2 x 300 | 2 x 250 | 320 | 160 | 250 | 270 | 132 | 200 | | |
| 10403200 | 397 | 450 | git | 450 | 1100 | 2 x 150 (C) | 2 x 150 (B2) | 2 x 350 | 2 x 300 | 361 | 200 | 300 | 320** | 160 | 250 | | |

* These fuses are fast acting.

** These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to the Power and current ratings in section 5.1.2 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 91.

| | Max. | | E. | ise | | 1 | Nominal | cable s | ize | Normal Duty | | | Heavy Duty | | | |
|----------|----------------|-----|-------|-----|---------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|--------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| | cont. input | | | | | | European | | USA | | Normal Duty | | | neavy Duty | | |
| Model | current | IE | C | U | IL | | | | | Max. | Nom | Motor | Max. | Nom | Motor | |
| Model | 3ph | Nom | Class | Nom | Class | Input | Output | Input | Output | cont. output current | power @ 575 V | power @ 575 V | cont. output current | power @ 575 V | power @ 575 V | |
| | Α | Α | | Α | | mm ² | mm ² | AWG | AWG | Α | kW | hp | Α | kW | hp | |
| 07500440 | 45 | 50 | gG | 50 | CC, | 16 | 16 | 4 | 4 | 53 | 45 | 50 | 44 | 30 | 40 | |
| 07500550 | 62 | 80 | уG | 80 | J or T* | 25 | 25 | 3 | 3 | 73 | 55 | 60 | 55 | 37 | 50 | |
| 08500630 | 83 | 125 | gR | 100 | HSJ | 35 | 35 | 1 | 1 | 86 | 75 | 75 | 63 | 45 | 60 | |
| 08500860 | 104 | 160 | giv | 150 | 1100 | 50 | 50 | 1 | 1 | 108 | 90 | 100 | 86 | 55 | 75 | |
| 09501040 | 166 | 150 | gR | 150 | HSJ | 2 x 70 | · · / | 2 x 1 | 2 x 3 | 125 | 110 | 125 | 104 | 75 | 100 | |
| 09501310 | 166 | 200 | giv | 175 | HSJ | (B2) | 2 x 50 (B2) | 2 | 2 x 1 | 155 | 110 | 150 | 131 | 90 | 125 | |
| 10501520 | 197 | 250 | gR | 250 | HSJ | 2 x 70 (B2) | 2 x 70 | 2 x | 2 x | 200 | 130 | 200 | 152 | 110 | 150 | |
| 10501900 | 218 | 200 | giv | 250 | 1100 | 2 x 95 (B2) | (B2) | 2/0 | 2/0 | 200 | 150 | 200 | 190 | 132 | 200 | |

Table 2-3 575 V drive ratings, cable sizes and fuse ratings

* These fuses are fast acting.

Table 2-4 690 V drive ratings, cable sizes and fuse ratings

| | Max. | | E. | ise | | I | Nominal | cable s | ize | N | Normal Duty | | | Heavy Duty | | | |
|----------|----------------|---------|-------|------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|------------|---------------------|
| | cont. input | 1 4 3 6 | | | European USA | | | | Normal Duty | | | Tieavy Duty | | | | | |
| Model | current | IE | C | U | IL | | | | | Max. cont. | Nom power | Motor power | Max. cont. | Nom power | Motor | | |
| Model | 3ph | Nom | Class | | | Nom | Class | • | Output | Input | Output | output current | @ 690 V | @ 690 V | output current | @ 690 V | power @ 690 V |
| | Α | Α | | Α | | mm ² | mm ² | AWG | AWG | Α | kW | hp | Α | kW | hp | | |
| 07600190 | 20 | 25 | | 25 | | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 23 | 18.5 | 25 | 19 | 15 | 20 | | |
| 07600240 | 26 | 32 | | 30 | 35 CC, 50 J or 50 T* | 30 | 30 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 30 | 22 | 30 | 24 | 18.5 | 25 |
| 07600290 | 31 | 40 | gG | 35 J | | 10 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 36 | 30 | 40 | 29 | 22 | 30 | | |
| 07600380 | 39 | 50 | yo | | | 16 | 16 | 4 | 4 | 46 | 37 | 50 | 38 | 30 | 40 | | |
| 07600440 | 44 | 50 | | 50 | | 16 | 16 | 4 | 4 | 52 | 45 | 60 | 44 | 37 | 50 | | |
| 07600540 | 62 | 80 | | 80 | | 25 | 25 | 3 | 3 | 73 | 55 | 75 | 54 | 45 | 60 | | |
| 08600630 | 83 | 125 | ~D | gR | 100 | HSJ | 50 | 50 | 2 | 2 | 86 | 75 | 100 | 63 | 55 | 75 | |
| 08600860 | 104 | 160 | ук | 150 | пој | 70 | 70 | 1/0 | 1/0 | 108 | 90 | 125 | 86 | 75 | 100 | | |
| 09601040 | 149 | 150 | gR | 150 | HSJ | 2 x 50 (B2) | 2 x 35 (B2) | 2 x 1 | 2 x 3 | 125 | 110 | 150 | 104 | 90 | 125 | | |
| 09601310 | 171 | 200 | git | 200 | | 2 x 70 (B2) | 2 x 50 (B2) | 2 x 1/0 | 2 x 1 | 155 | 132 | 175 | 131 | 110 | 150 | | |
| 10601500 | 202 | 225 | gR | 250 | HSJ | 2 x 70 (B2) | 2 x 70 | 2 x 2/0 | 2 x 1/0 | 172 | 160 | 200 | 150 | 132 | 175 | | |
| 10601780 | 225 | 250 | gR | 250 | 1100 | 2 x 95 (B2) | (B2) | 2 x 3/0 | 2 x 2/0 | 197 | 185 | 250 | 178 | 160 | 200 | | |

* These fuses are fast acting.

Refer to Chapter 5.1 Drive technical data on page 89 for maximum fuse rating, maximum NOTE cable size and peak currents.

| Table | 2-5 | Protective | ground | cable | ratings |
|-------|-----|------------|--------|-------|---------|
|-------|-----|------------|--------|-------|---------|

| Input phase conductor size | Minimum ground conductor size | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ≤ 10 mm ² | Either 10 mm ² or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor | | | | | | | | |
| > 10 mm ² and \leq 16 mm ² | The same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor | | | | | | | | |
| > 16 mm ² and \leq 35 mm ² | 16 mm ² | | | | | | | | |
| > 35 mm ² | Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor | | | | | | | | |

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Typical short term overload limits

The maximum percentage overload limit changes depending on the selected motor. Variations in motor rated current, motor power factor and motor leakage inductance all result in changes in the maximum possible overload. Typical values are shown in the table below:

Table 2-6 Typical overload limits

| Operating mode | RFC from cold | RFC from 100 % | Open loop from cold | Open loop from 100 % |
|--|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Normal Duty overload with motor rated current = Maximum drive normal duty rated current | 110 % for 165 s | 110 % for 9 s | 110 % for 165 s | 110 % for 9 s |
| Heavy Duty overload with motor rated current = Maximum drive Heavy duty rated current (size 8 and below) | 200 % for 28 s | 200 % for 3 s | 150 % for 60 s | 150 % for 7 s |
| Heavy Duty overload with motor rated current = Maximum drive Heavy duty rated current (size 9 and 10) | 175 % for 42 s | 175 % for 5 s | 136 % for 81 s | 136 % for 11 s |

Generally the drive rated current is higher than the matching motor rated current allowing a higher level of overload than the default setting.

The time allowed in the overload region is proportionally reduced at very low output frequency on some drive ratings.

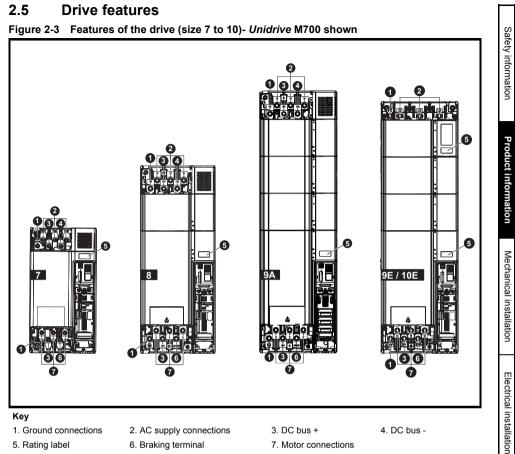
NOTE The maximum overload level which can be attained is independent of the speed.

Output current

The continuous output current ratings given on the rating label are for maximum 40 °C (104 °F), 1000 m altitude and 3 kHz switching frequency (except where shown). Derating is required for higher switching frequencies, ambient temperatures >40 °C (104 °F) and higher altitude. For derating information, refer to *Chapter 5 Technical data* on page 89

Input current

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance. The input current given on the rating label is the typical input current and is stated for a balanced supply.



- 5. Rating label
- 6. Braking terminal

- 7. Motor connections

Technical data

2.5.1 Items supplied with the drive

The drive is supplied with a copy of the *Power Installation Guide* and a copy of the *Control Getting Started Guide / Quick Start Guide*, a safety information booklet, the *Certificate of Quality* and an accessory kit box including the items shown in Table 2-7.

| Description | Size 7 | Size 8 | Size 9A / 9E | Size 10E | |
|--|-----------|--------|--------------|----------|--|
| Control connectors (1 to 11 and 21 to 31) | x 1* x 1* | | | | |
| Control connector (1 to 13) | | x 1** | | | |
| Relay connector | x 1*** | | | | |
| 24 V power supply connector | x 1*** | | | | |
| Grounding bracket | x 1 | | | | |
| Surface mounting brackets | x 2 | | x 2 | | |

 Table 2-7
 Parts supplied with the drive

* Supplied with Unidrive M700 / M701 / M600 only.

** Supplied with Unidrive M702 only.

*** Supplied with Unidrive M600 to M702 only.

3 Mechanical installation

3.1 Safety information



Follow the instructions

The mechanical and electrical installation instructions must be adhered to. Any questions or doubt should be referred to the supplier of the equipment. It is the responsibility of the owner or user to ensure that the installation of the drive and any external option unit, and the way in which they are operated and maintained, comply with the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act in the United Kingdom or applicable legislation and regulations and codes of practice in the country in which the equipment is used.



Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Nidec Industrial Automation or their authorized distributor.



Competence of the installer

The drive must be installed by professional assemblers who are familiar with the requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.



Enclosure

The drive is intended to be mounted in an enclosure which prevents access except by trained and authorized personnel, and which prevents the ingress of contamination. It is designed for use in an environment classified as pollution degree 2 in accordance with IEC 60664-1. This means that only dry, non-conducting contamination is acceptable.

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3.2 Planning the installation

The following considerations must be made when planning the installation:

3.2.1 Access

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

The IP (Ingress Protection) rating of the drive is installation dependent. For further information, refer to section 3.8 Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection on page 36.

Environmental protection 3.2.2

The drive must be protected from:

- Moisture, including dripping water or spraying water and condensation. An anti-condensation • heater may be required, which must be switched off when the drive is running.
- Contamination with electrically conductive material
- Contamination with any form of dust which may restrict the fan, or impair airflow over various components
- Temperature beyond the specified operating and storage ranges
- Corrosive gasses •

Note: During installation it is recommended that the vents on the drive are covered to prevent debris (e.a. wire off-cuts) from entering the drive.

3.2.3 Cooling

The heat produced by the drive must be removed without its specified operating temperature being exceeded. Note that a sealed enclosure gives much reduced cooling compared with a ventilated one. and may need to be larger and/or use internal air circulating fans.

For further information, refer to section 3.5 Enclosure for standard drives on page 29.

3.2.4 Electrical safety

The installation must be safe under normal and fault conditions. Electrical installation instructions are given in Chapter 4 Electrical installation on page 51.

3.2.5 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided.

For installation in the USA, a NEMA 12 enclosure is suitable.

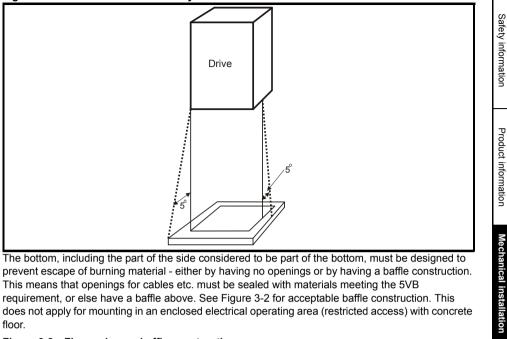
For installation outside the USA, the following (based on IEC 62109-1, standard for PV inverters) is recommended

Enclosure can be metal and/or polymeric, polymer must meet requirements which can be summarized for larger enclosures as using materials meeting at least UL 94 class 5VB at the point of minimum thickness

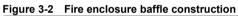
Air filter assemblies to be at least class V-2.

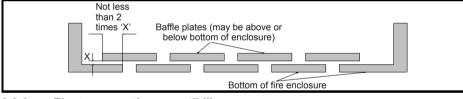
The location and size of the bottom shall cover the area shown in Figure 3-1. Any part of the side which is within the area traced out by the 5° angle is also considered to be part of the bottom of the fire enclosure.

Figure 3-1 Fire enclosure bottom layout



The bottom, including the part of the side considered to be part of the bottom, must be designed to prevent escape of burning material - either by having no openings or by having a baffle construction. This means that openings for cables etc. must be sealed with materials meeting the 5VB requirement, or else have a baffle above. See Figure 3-2 for acceptable baffle construction. This does not apply for mounting in an enclosed electrical operating area (restricted access) with concrete floor.





3.2.6 Electromagnetic compatibility

Variable speed drives are powerful electronic circuits which can cause electromagnetic interference if not installed correctly with careful attention to the layout of the wiring.

Some simple routine precautions can prevent disturbance to typical industrial control equipment.

If it is necessary to meet strict emission limits, or if it is known that electromagnetically sensitive equipment is located nearby, then full precautions must be observed. In-built into the drive, is an internal EMC filter, which reduces emissions under certain conditions. If these conditions are exceeded, then the use of an external EMC filter may be required at the drive inputs, which must be located very close to the drives. Space must be made available for the filters and allowance made for carefully segregated wiring. Both levels of precautions are covered in section 4.11 EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility) on page 72.

3.2.7 Hazardous areas

The drive must not be located in a classified hazardous area unless it is installed in an approved enclosure and the installation is certified

Electrical installation

3.3 Terminal cover removal



Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Nidec Industrial Automation or their authorized distributor.

3.3.1 Removing the terminal covers

Figure 3-3 Location and identification of terminal covers

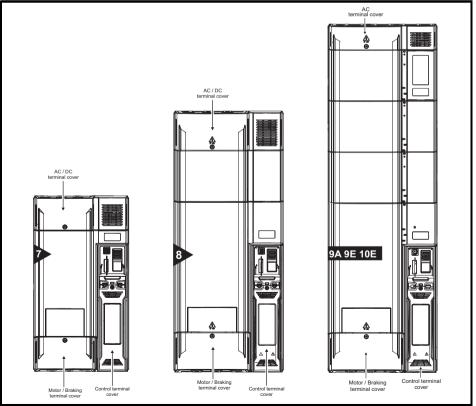
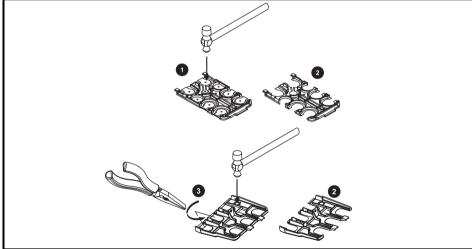


Figure 3-4 Removing the size 7 to 10 terminal covers (Unidrive M600 to M702 size 7 shown)

When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

3.3.2 Removing the finger-guard and DC terminal cover break-outs Figure 3-5 Removing the finger-guard break-outs



All sizes:

Place the finger-guard on a flat solid surface and hit relevant break-outs with hammer as shown (1). Pliers can be used to remove the breakouts, grasp the relevant break-out with pliers and twist it as shown (3). Continue until all the required break-outs have been removed (2). Remove any flash / sharp edges once the break-outs have been removed.

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Grommets must be installed to ensure ingress protection to IP20 and to avoid the risk of fire in the event of a major internal failure.

Grommet kits are available for size 7 to 10 finger guards. For size 8 to 10, two versions are available allowing for either single or double cable entries.

Table 3-1 Grommet kits

| Drive size | Part number | Picture |
|--|-------------|---------|
| Size 7 - Kit of 8 x single entry grommets | 3470-0086 | |
| Size 8 - Kit of 8 x single entry grommets | 3470-0089 | |
| Size 8 - Kit of 8 x double entry grommets | 3470-0090 | |
| Size 9 and 10 - Kit of 8 x double entry grommets | 3470-0107 | |

3.4 Dimensions and mounting methods

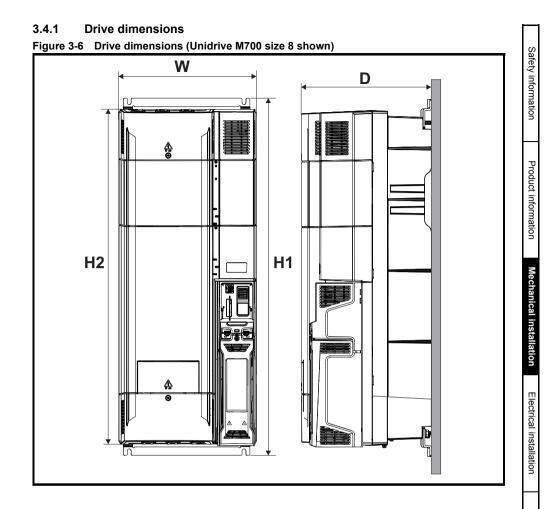
Drive sizes 7 to 10 can be either surface or through-panel mounted using the appropriate brackets.



If the drive has been used at high load levels for a period of time, the heatsink can reach temperatures in excess of 70 $^{\circ}$ C (158 $^{\circ}$ F). Human contact with the heatsink should be prevented.



Many of the drives in this product range weigh in excess of 15 kg (33 lb). Use appropriate safeguards when lifting these models. A full list of drive weights can be found in Table 5-14 *Overall drive weights* on page 103.



| Size H1 | | H2 | | W | | D | | |
|------------|------|-------|------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| 5126 | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in |
| 7 | 557 | 21.93 | 508 | 20 | 270 | 10.63 | 280 | 11.02 |
| 8 | 804 | 31.65 | 753 | 29.65 | 310 | 12.21 | 290 | 11.42 |
| 9E and 10E | 1069 | 42.09 | 1010 | 39.70 | 310 | 12.21 | 290 | 11.42 |
| 9A | 1108 | 43.61 | 1049 | 41.30 | 310 | 12.21 | 290 | 11.42 |



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3.4.2 Surface mounting

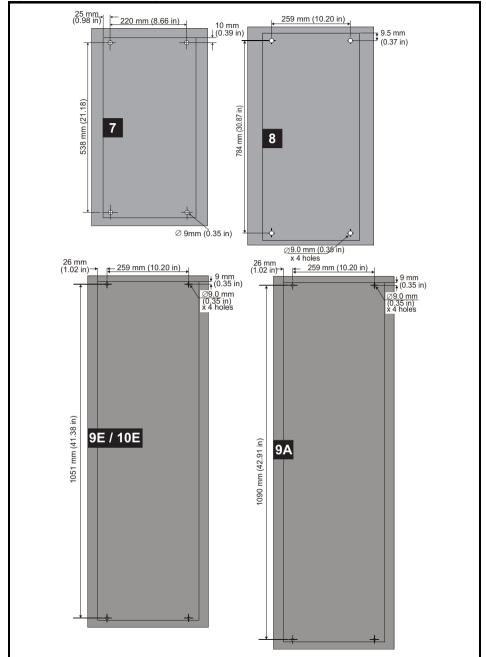
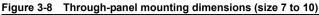
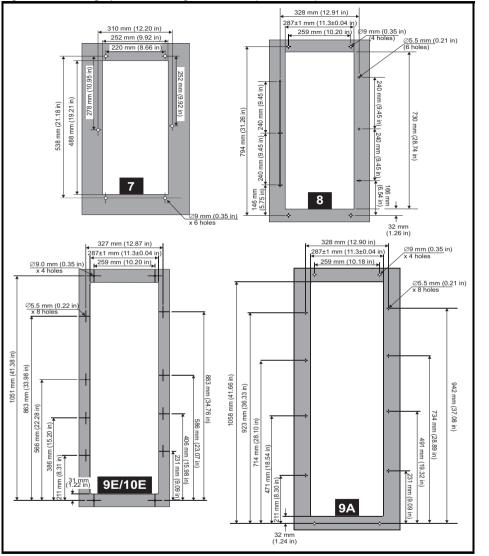


Figure 3-7 Surface mounting dimensions (size 7 to 10)

3.4.3 Through-panel mounting

The drive can be through panel mounted using appropriate brackets.





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3.4.4 Mounting brackets

| Table 3-2 Mounting brack | ets |
|--------------------------|-----|
|--------------------------|-----|

| Frame size | Surface mounting kit (supplied with drive) | Qty | Optional through-panel mounting kit | Qty |
|--------------------|---|------|--|-----|
| 7 | Line Line Line Line Line Line Line Line | x 2* | Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in) | x 2 |
| | Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in) | | \bigcirc | x 1 |
| 8 | | x 2* | | x 6 |
| | Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in) | | \bigcirc | x 1 |
| 9A / 9E and 10E | h h | x 2* | لح Hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in) | x 8 |
| | Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in) | | \bigcirc | x 1 |

* Surface mounting bracket are also used when through-panel mounting.

The through panel mounting kit is not supplied with the drive and can be purchased separately, below are the relevant part numbers:

| Size | CT part number |
|--------|----------------|
| 7 | 3470-0079 |
| 8 | 3470-0083 |
| 9A | 3470-0119 |
| 9E/10E | 3470-0105 |



If the drive has been used at high load levels for a period of time, the heatsink can reach temperatures in excess of 70 $^{\circ}$ C (158 $^{\circ}$ F). Human contact with the heatsink should be prevented.

3.5 Enclosure for standard drives

3.5.1 Recommended spacing between the drives

Figure 3-9 Recommended spacing between the drives

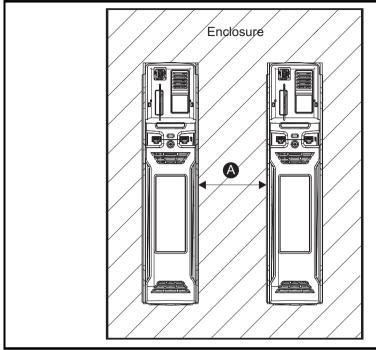


Table 3-3 Spacing required between the drives

| Drive Size | Spacing (A) | | |
|------------|-----------------|-------|--|
| Dilve Size | 40°C | 50°C* | |
| 7 | 30 mm (1.18 in) | | |
| 8 | 30 mm (1.18 in) | | |
| 9A/E | 60 mm (2.37 in) | | |
| 10E | 60 mm (2.37in) | | |

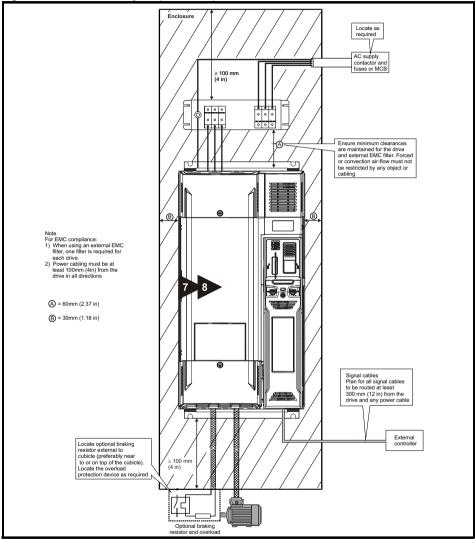
* 50°C derating applies, refer to Table 5-6 *Maximum permissible continuous output current* @ 50 °C (122 °F) on page 93.

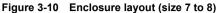
NOTE

When through-panel mounted, ideally drives should be spaced at least 45 mm (1.77 in) to maximize panel stiffness

3.5.2 Enclosure layout

Please observe the clearances in the diagram below taking into account any appropriate notes for other devices / auxiliary equipment when planning the installation.

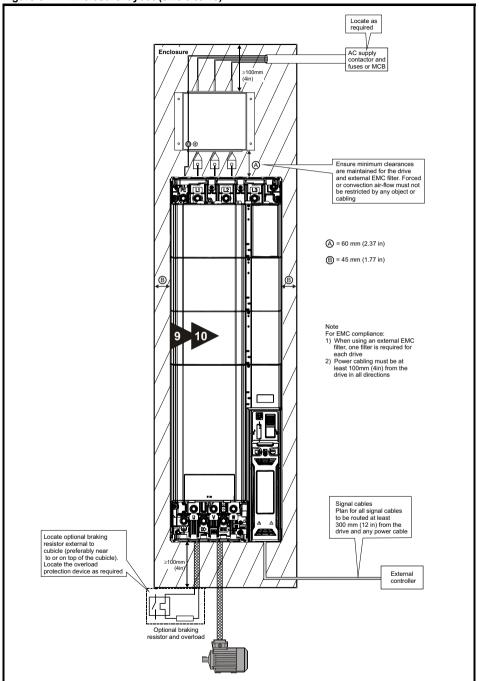




NOTE For EMC compliance:

- 1. When using an external EMC filter, one filter is required for each drive.
- 2. Power cabling must be at least 100 mm (4 in) from the drive in all directions

Figure 3-11 Enclosure layout (size 9 to 10)



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3.5.3 Enclosure sizing

- 1. Add the dissipation figures from section 5.1.3 *Power dissipation* on page 95 for each drive that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 2. If an external EMC filter is to be used with each drive, add the dissipation figures from section 3.9.2 *EMC filter ratings* on page 41 for each external EMC filter that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 3. If the braking resistor is to be mounted inside the enclosure, add the average power figures from for each braking resistor that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 4. Calculate the total heat dissipation (in Watts) of any other equipment to be installed in the enclosure.
- 5. Add the heat dissipation figures obtained above. This gives a figure in Watts for the total heat that will be dissipated inside the enclosure.

Calculating the size of a sealed enclosure

The enclosure transfers internally generated heat into the surrounding air by natural convection (or external forced air flow); the greater the surface area of the enclosure walls, the better is the dissipation capability. Only the surfaces of the enclosure that are unobstructed (not in contact with a wall or floor) can dissipate heat.

Calculate the minimum required unobstructed surface area $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{e}}$ for the enclosure from:

$$\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{e}} = \frac{\mathbf{P}}{\mathbf{k}(\mathbf{T}_{int} - \mathbf{T}_{ext})}$$

Where:

 A_e Unobstructed surface area in m² (1 m² = 10.9 ft²)

^T_{ext} Maximum expected temperature in ^oC *outside* the enclosure

T_{int} Maximum permissible temperature in ^oC *inside* the enclosure

P Power in Watts dissipated by *all* heat sources in the enclosure

k Heat transmission coefficient of the enclosure material in W/m²/^oC

Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- Two drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40 °C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30 $^\circ\text{C}$

For example, if the power dissipation from each drive is 187 W and the power dissipation from each external EMC filter is 9.2 W.

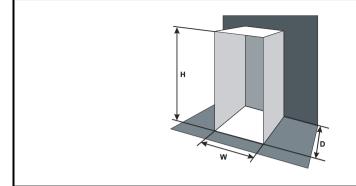
Total dissipation: 2 x (187 + 9.2) =392.4 W

NOTE Power dissipation for the drives and the external EMC filters can be obtained from Chapter 5 *Technical data* on page 89.

The enclosure is to be made from painted 2 mm (0.079 in) sheet steel having a heat transmission coefficient of 5.5 W/m²/°C. Only the top, front, and two sides of the enclosure are free to dissipate heat.

The value of $5.5 \text{ W/m}^{2/\text{o}\text{C}}$ can generally be used with a sheet steel enclosure (exact values can be obtained by the supplier of the material). If in any doubt, allow for a greater margin in the temperature rise.

Figure 3-12 Enclosure having front, sides and top panels free to dissipate heat



Insert the following values:

 T_{int}
 40 °C

 T_{ext}
 30 °C

 k
 5.5

 P
 392.4 W

The minimum required heat conducting area is then:

$$\mathbf{A_e} = \frac{392.4}{5.5(40-30)}$$

Estimate two of the enclosure dimensions - the height (H) and depth (D), for instance. Calculate the width (W) from:

$$W = \frac{A_e - 2HD}{H + D}$$

Inserting H = 2 m and D = 0.6 m, obtain the minimum width:

$$W = \frac{7.135 - (2 \times 2 \times 0.6)}{2 + 0.6}$$

=1.821 m (71.7 in)

If the enclosure is too large for the space available, it can be made smaller only by attending to one or all of the following:

- Using a lower PWM switching frequency to reduce the dissipation in the drives
- Reducing the ambient temperature outside the enclosure, and/or applying forced-air cooling to the outside of the enclosure
- Reducing the number of drives in the enclosure
- Removing other heat-generating equipment

Calculating the air-flow in a ventilated enclosure

The dimensions of the enclosure are required only for accommodating the equipment. The equipment is cooled by the forced air flow.

Calculate the minimum required volume of ventilating air from:

$$V = \frac{3kP}{T_{int} - T_{ext}}$$

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Where:

VAir-flow in m³ per hour (1 m³/hr = 0.59 ft³/min)TextMaximum expected temperature in °C outside the enclosureTintMaximum permissible temperature in °C inside the enclosurePPower in Watts dissipated by all heat sources in the enclosure

Ratio of
$$\frac{P_o}{P_1}$$

Where:

k

 $\mathbf{P_0}$ is the air pressure at sea level

 $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{I}}$ is the air pressure at the installation

Typically use a factor of 1.2 to 1.3, to allow also for pressure-drops in dirty air-filters.

Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- Three drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40 °C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30 °C

For example, dissipation of each drive: 101 W and dissipation of each external EMC filter: 6.9 W (max).

Total dissipation: 3 x (101 + 6.9) = 323.7 W

Insert the following values:

 T_{int}
 40 °C

 T_{ext}
 30 °C

 k
 1.3

 P
 323.7 W

Then:

 $V \; = \; \frac{3 \times 1.3 \times 323.7}{40 - 30}$

= 126.2 m³/hr (74.5 ft³ /min) (1 m³/ hr = 0.59 ft³/min)

3.6 Enclosure design and drive ambient temperature

Drive derating is required for operation in high ambient temperatures

Totally enclosing or through panel mounting the drive in either a sealed cabinet (no airflow) or in a well ventilated cabinet makes a significant difference on drive cooling.

The chosen method affects the ambient temperature value (T_{rate}) which should be used for any necessary derating to ensure sufficient cooling for the whole of the drive.

The ambient temperature for the four different combinations is defined below:

- 1. Totally enclosed with no air flow (<2 m/s) over the drive $T_{rate} = T_{int} + 5 \ ^{\circ}C$
- Totally enclosed with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = T_{int}
- 3. Through panel mounted with no airflow (<2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = the greater of T_{ext} +5 °C, or T_{int}
- Through panel mounted with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = the greater of T_{ext} or T_{int}

Where:

- T_{ext} = Temperature outside the cabinet
- T_{int} = Temperature inside the cabinet
- T_{rate} = Temperature used to select current rating from tables in Chapter 5 *Technical data* on page 89.

3.7 Heatsink fan operation

The drive is ventilated by an internal heatsink mounted fan. The fan housing forms a baffle plate, channelling the air through the heatsink chamber. Thus, regardless of mounting method (surface mounting or through-panel mounting), the installing of additional baffle plates is not required.

Ensure the minimum clearances around the drive are maintained to allow air to flow freely.

The heatsink fan on all sizes is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system. The maximum speed at which the fan operates can be limited in Pr **06.045**. This could incur an output current derating. Size 7 to 10 are also fitted with a variable speed fan to ventilate the capacitor bank. Refer to section 3.11 *Routine maintenance* on page 46 for information on fan removal.

3.8 Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection

An explanation of environmental protection rating is provided in section 5.1.9 *IP / UL Rating* on page 99.

The standard drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, non-conductive contamination only) (NEMA 1). However, it is possible to configure the drive to achieve IP65 rating (size 7 and 8) or IP55 (size 9 and 10) (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting.

This allows the front of the drive, along with various switchgear, to be housed in a high IP enclosure with the heatsink protruding through the panel to the external environment. Thus, the majority of the heat generated by the drive is dissipated outside the enclosure maintaining a reduced temperature inside the enclosure. This also relies on a good seal being made between the heatsink and the rear of the enclosure using the gasket and securing brackets provided.

The main gasket should be installed as shown in Figure 3-13.

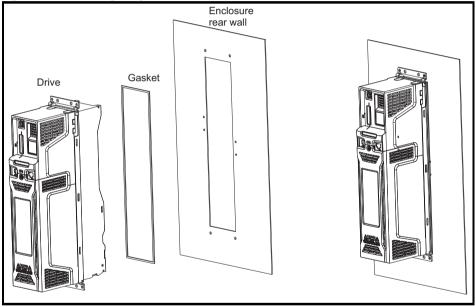
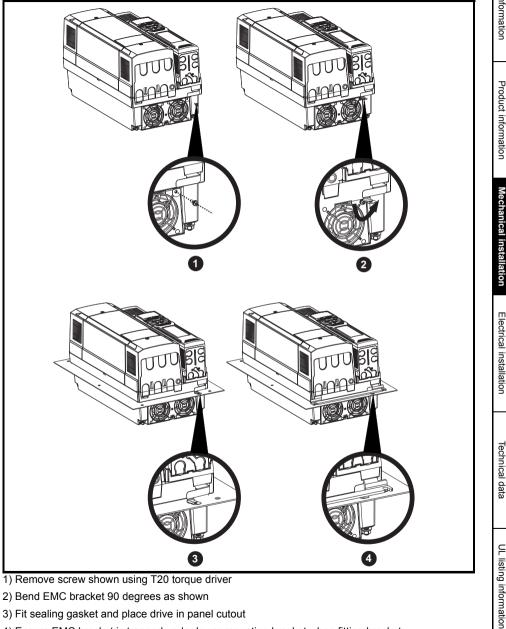


Figure 3-13 Installing the gasket

A special procedure is necessary when through hole mounting size 7 in a high IP enclosure to move an EMC bracket that would otherwise prevent a good seal. This procedure is described in Figure 3-14.





- 2) Bend EMC bracket 90 degrees as shown
- 3) Fit sealing gasket and place drive in panel cutout
- 4) Ensure EMC bracket is trapped under lower mounting bracket when fitting brackets

Safety information

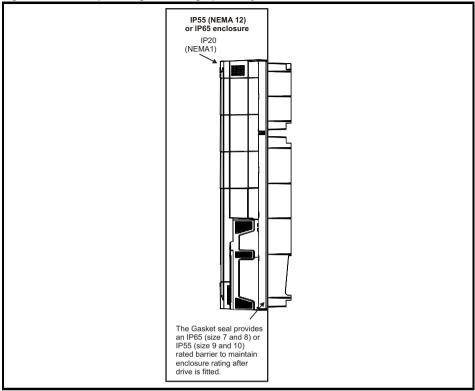
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Figure 3-15 Example of high IP through-panel layout



The main gasket should be installed as shown in Figure 3-13. Any screws / bolts that are used for mounting should be installed with M8 flat nylon washers to maintain a seal around the screw hole.

See Figure 3-16 on page 39, sealing clamps are supplied in the through panel mounting kit to aid compression of the gasket.

NOTE

The heatsink fans have conformal coated PCBs and have sealant at cable entry points. Dripping, splashing or sprayed water can impede the operation of the fan, therefore if the environment is such that the fan may be subjected to more than occasional dripping or sprayed water while operational, then suitable drip protection covers should be employed.

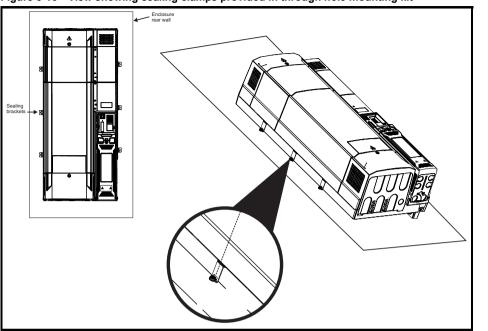


Figure 3-16 View showing sealing clamps provided in through hole mounting kit

NOTE For detailed information regarding high IP through panel mounting see section 3.4.3 *Through-panel mounting* on page 27.

NOTE When designing a high IP enclosure, consideration should be given to the dissipation from the front of the drive.

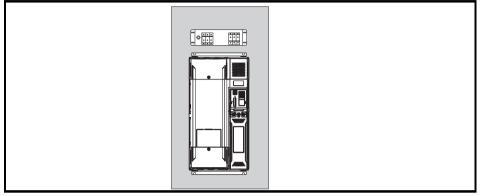
| Table 3-4 | Power losses from the front of the drive when through-panel mounted |
|-----------|---|
|-----------|---|

| Frame size | Power loss |
|------------|------------|
| 7 | ≤ 204 W |
| 8 | ≤ 347 W |
| 9A/9E/10E | ≤ 480 W |

Safety information

3.9 External EMC filter

The external EMC filters for sizes 7 to 10, are designed to be mounted above the drive as shown below.



3.9.1 Optional external EMC filters

Table 3-5 EMC filter cross reference

| Model | CT part number |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| 200 V | |
| 07200610 to 07200830 | 4200-1132 |
| 08201160 to 08201320 | 4200-1972 |
| 09201760 to 09202190 (9A) | 4200-3021 |
| 09201760 to 09202190 (9E) | 4200-4460 |
| 10202830 to 10203000 | 4200-4460 |
| 400 V | |
| 07400660 to 07401000 | 4200-1132 |
| 08401340 to 08401570 | 4200-1972 |
| 09402000 to 09402240 (9A) | 4200-3021 |
| 09402000 to 09402240 (9E) | 4200-4460 |
| 10402700 to 10403200 | 4200-4460 |
| 575 V | |
| 07500440 to 07500550 | 4200-0672 |
| 08500630 to 08500860 | 4200-1662 |
| 09501040 to 09501310 (9A) | 4200-1660 |
| 09501040 to 09501310 (9E) | 4200-2210 |
| 10501520 to 10501900 | 4200-2210 |
| 690 V | |
| 07600190 to 07600540 | 4200-0672 |
| 08600630 to 08600860 | 4200-1662 |
| 09601040 to 09601310 (9A) | 4200-1660 |
| 09601040 to 09601310 (9E) | 4200-2210 |
| 10601500 to 10601780 | 4200-2210 |

3.9.2 **EMC filter ratings**

Table 3-6 Optional external EMC filter details

| | | mum 1uous | Volt | age | | Power di | ssipation | Ground lea | ıkage | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------|-----|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---------------|-----------|-----|------|
| | | rent | rat | ing | ng | | at rated current | | | Discharge | | |
| CT part number | @ 40 °C (104 °F) | @ 50 °C (122 °F) | IEC | UL | IP rating | @ 40 °C (104 °F) | @ 50 °C (122 °F) | supply phase-to- phase and phase-to- ground | Worst case | resistors | | |
| | Α | Α | v | v | | w | w | mA | mA | MΩ | | |
| 4200-1132 | 117 | 102.7* | 528 | 480 | | 50 | 43.7 | 11.7 | 188 | 1.68 | | |
| 4200-0672 | 67 | 58.8* | 759 | 600 | 20 | 25 | 21.9 | 24.5 | 395 | 2.72 | | |
| 4200-1972 | 197 | 172.8* | 528 | 480 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 42 | 36.7 | 18.7 | 210 | 1.68 |
| 4200-1662 | 114 | 100* | 759 | 600 | | 39 | 34.1 | 24.3 | 364 | 2.72 | | |
| 4200-3021 | 302 | 277 | 528 | 480 | | 34 | 29.7 | 30 | 202 | 1.68 | | |
| 4200-1660 | 166 | 152 | 759 | 600 | 00 | 13 | 11.4 | 21 | 332 | 2.72 | | |
| 4200-4460 | 446 | 409 | 528 | 480 | | 37 | 32.4 | 30 | 283 | 1.68 | | |
| 4200-2210 | 221 | 203 | 759 | 600 | | 16 | 14.0 | 21 | 434 | 2.72 | | |

* At 55 °C (131 °F).

3.9.3 **Overall EMC filter dimensions**

Table 3-7 Optional external EMC filter dimensions

| | | | Dimens | ions (mm) | | | Weight | |
|-------------|-----|-------|--------|-----------|-----|------|--------|------|
| Part Number | | Н | V | W D Weigh | | | signi | |
| | mm | inch | mm | inch | mm | inch | kg | lb |
| 4200-1132 | 270 | 10.63 | 90 | 3.54 | 150 | 5.90 | 6 | 13.2 |
| 4200-0672 | 270 | 10.63 | 90 | 3.54 | 150 | 5.90 | 6.2 | 13.7 |
| 4200-1972 | 300 | 11.81 | 120 | 4.72 | 170 | 6.69 | 9.6 | 21.2 |
| 4200-1662 | 300 | 11.81 | 120 | 4.72 | 170 | 6.69 | 9.4 | 20.7 |
| 4200-3021 | 339 | 13.3 | 230 | 9.06 | 120 | 4.72 | 11 | 24.3 |
| 4200-1660 | 360 | 14.2 | 245 | 9.6 | 105 | 4.13 | 5.2 | 11.5 |
| 4200-4460 | 105 | 4.13 | 360 | 14.2 | 245 | 9.6 | 12 | 26.5 |
| 4200-2210 | 105 | 4.13 | 360 | 14.2 | 245 | 9.6 | 10.3 | 22.7 |

Safety information

Figure 3-18 External EMC filter (size 7 to 8)

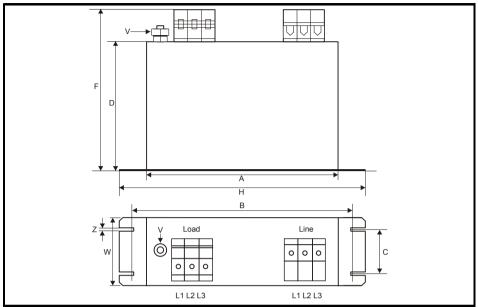


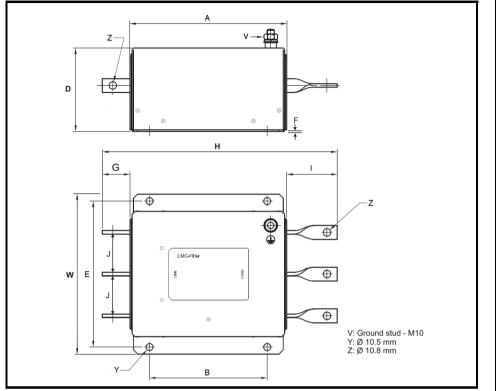
Table 3-8 Size 7 external EMC filter dimensions

| CT part number | Α | В | с | D | Е | F | н | w | v | х | Y | z |
|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----|---|---|---------------------|
| 4200-1132 4200-0672 | 240 mm (9.45 in) | 255 mm (10.04 in) | 55 mm (2.17 in) | 150 mm (5.90 in) | | 205 mm (8.07 in) | 270 mm (10.63 in) | 90 mm (3.54 in) | M10 | | | 6.5 mm (0.26 in) |

| Table 3-9 Size o external Ewic Inter dimensions | Table 3-9 | Size 8 external EMC filter dimensions |
|---|-----------|---------------------------------------|
|---|-----------|---------------------------------------|

| CT part number | Α | В | С | D | Е | F | н | w | v | х | Y | z |
|-------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|---|-----------|------------|-----------|------|---|---|------------|
| 4200-1972 | 260 mm | 275 mm | 85 mm | 170 mm | | 249 mm | 300 mm | 120 mm | M10 | | | 6.5 mm |
| 4200-1662 | (10.24 in) | (10.83 in) | (3.35 in) | (6.69 in) | | (9.79 in) | (11.81 in) | (4.72 in) | WITO | | | (10.26 in) |

Figure 3-19 External EMC filter (size 9A)



| Table 3-10 Size 9A | external EMC filter dimensions |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|
|--------------------|--------------------------------|

| CT part number | Α | В | D | E | F | G | н | I | J | w |
|-------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 4200-3021 | 220 mm | 170 mm | 120 mm | 210 mm | 2 mm | 40 mm | 339 mm | 73 mm | 60 mm | 230 mm |
| | (8.66 in) | (6.70 in) | (4.72 in) | (8.27 in) | (0.08 in) | (1.57 in) | (13.34) | (2.87 in) | (2.36 in) | (9.06 in) |
| 4200-1660 | 280 mm | 180 mm | 105 mm | 225 mm | 2 mm | 40 mm | 360 mm | 73 mm | 60 mm | 245 mm |
| | (11.02 in) | (7.09 in) | (4.13 in) | (8.86 in) | (0.08 in) | (1.57 in) | (14.17 in) | (2.87 in) | (2.36 in) | (9.65 in) |

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Figure 3-20 External EMC filter (size 9E and 10E)

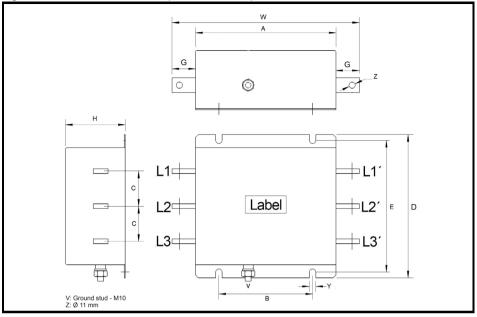


Table 3-11 Size 9E and 10E external EMC filter dimensions

| CT part number | Α | В | с | D | E | G | н | w | Y |
|-------------------|---------|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 4200-4460 | 280 mm | 180 mm | 57 mm | 245 mm | 225 mm | 40 mm | 105 mm | 360 mm | 11 mm |
| 4200-2210 | (11.02) | (7.09) | (2.24 mm) | (9.65 in) | (8.86 in) | (1.57 in) | (4.13 in) | (14.7 in) | (0.43 in) |

3.9.4 EMC filter torque settings

Table 3-12 Optional external EMC Filter terminal data.

| CT part | Power connections | | | Ground connections | |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| number | Bar hole diameter | Max cable size | Max torque | Ground stud size | Max torque |
| 4200-1132 | | 50 mm ² | 8.0 N m | | |
| 4200-0672 | N/A | (1/0 AWG) | (6.0lb ft) | | |
| 4200-1972 | | 95 mm ² | 20 N m | | |
| 4200-1662 | | (3/0 AWG) | (14.8 lb ft) | M10 | 18 N m |
| 4200-3021 | 10.8 mm | | | WITO | (13.3 lb ft) |
| 4200-1660 | 10.8 mm | N/A | 30 N m | | |
| 4200-4460 | 11 mm | | (22.1 lb ft) | | |
| 4200-2210 | 11 mm | | | | |

3.10 Terminal size and torque settings

Table 3-13 Drive control terminal data

| Model | Connection type | Torque setting |
|--------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| M200 to M400 | Screw terminals | 0.2 N m (0.15 lb ft) |
| M600 to M702 | Plug-in terminal block | 0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft) |

Table 3-14 Drive relay terminal data

| Model | Connection type | Torque setting |
|--------------|---|---------------------|
| M200 to M400 | Screw terminals | 0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft) |
| M600 to M702 | Plug-in terminal block 0.5 N m (0.4 lb π) | |

Table 3-15 Terminal block maximimum cable sizes

| Model | Size | Terminal block description | Maximum cable size |
|--------------|--------|--|------------------------------|
| All | All | Control connector | 1.5 mm ² (16 AWG) |
| All | All | 2 way relay connector | 2.5 mm ² (14 AWG) |
| M300 to M400 | 7 to 9 | STO connector | 2.5 MM (14 AWG) |
| M600 to M702 | All | 2 way low voltage power 24V supply connector | 1.5 mm ² (16 AWG) |

Table 3-16 Maximum crimp/lug sizes for frame size 8 to 10

| Terminals | Maximum standard crimp (mm ²) | Maximum standard US lug (kcmil) |
|-----------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| AC supply connections | 2 x 185 | 2 x 500 |
| AC supply ground | 2 x 120 | 1 x 350 |
| Motor connections | 2 x 150 | 2 x 350 |
| Drive output ground | 2 x 150 | 1 x 350 |
| Brake connection | 2 x 150 | 2 x 350 |

Table 3-17 Drive power terminal data

| Model | AC and motor terminals | | DC and braking | | Ground terminal | |
|---------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| size | Recommended | Maximum | Recommended | Maximum | Recommended | Maximum |
| | M8 Nut (13 mm AF) | | M8 Nut (13 mm AF) | | M8 Nut (13 mm AF) | |
| 7 | 12 N m (8.85 lb ft) | 14 N m (10 lb ft) | 12 N m (8.85 lb ft) | 14 N m (10 lb ft) | 12 N m (8.85 lb ft) | 14 N m (10 lb ft) |
| | M10 Nut (17 mm AF) | | M10 Nut (17 i | mm AF) | M10 Nut (17 i | mm AF) |
| 8 to 10 | 15 N m (11.1 lb ft) | 20 N m (14.8 lb ft) | 15 N m (11.1 lb ft) | 20 N m (14.8 lb ft) | 15 N m (11.1 lb ft) | 20 N m (14.8 lb ft) |

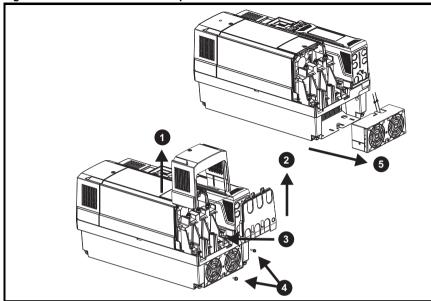
3.11 Routine maintenance

The drive should be installed in a cool, clean, well ventilated location. Contact of moisture and dust with the drive should be prevented.

Regular checks of the following should be carried out to ensure drive / installation reliability are maximized:

| Environment | | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Ambient temperature | Ensure the enclosure temperature remains at or below maximum specified | |
| Dust | Ensure the drive remains dust free – check that the heatsink and drive fan are not gathering dust. The lifetime of the fan is reduced in dusty environments. | |
| Moisture | Ensure the drive enclosure shows no signs of condensation | |
| Enclosure | | |
| Enclosure door filters | nclosure door filters Ensure filters are not blocked and that air is free to flow | |
| Electrical | | |
| Screw connections | Ensure all screw terminals remain tight | |
| Crimp terminals | Ensure all crimp terminals remains tight – check for any discoloration which could indicate overheating | |
| Cables | Check all cables for signs of damage | |

3.11.1 Size 7 heatsink fan replacement Figure 3-21 Size 7 heatsink fan replacement



Size 7 heatsink fan removal procedure

1) Remove terminal cover

2) Remove finger guard

3) Disconnect fan cables from drive (making a note of the order) and push grommets down prior to attempting fan removal

- 4) Remove the mounting screws using a T20 and T25 torque driver
- 5) Withdraw fan housing from the drive

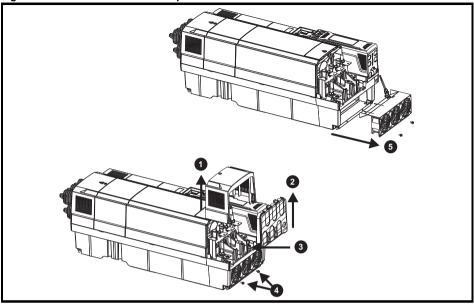
After fan(s) have been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

Table 3-18 Size 7 heatsink fan part number

| Drive model | Heatsink fan part number |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| Size 7 | 3251-8247 |

3.11.2 Size 8 heatsink fan replacement

Figure 3-22 Size 8 heatsink fan replacement



Size 8 heatsink fan removal procedure

- 1) Remove terminal cover
- 2) Remove finger guard
- 3) Disconnect fan cables from drive (making a note of the order) and push grommet down prior to attempting fan removal
- 4) Remove the mounting screws using a T20 torque driver
- 5) Withdraw fan housing from the drive

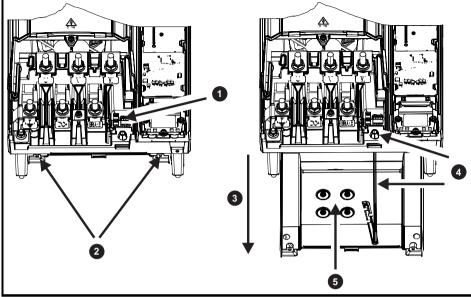
After fan(s) have been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

Table 3-19 Size 8 heatsink fan part number

| Drive model | Heatsink fan part number |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| Size 8 | 3251-8240 |

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3.11.3 Size 9 and 10 heatsink fan replacement Figure 3-23 Size 9 and 10 heatsink fan replacement



Heatsink fan removal procedure

1) Using a flat screwdriver remove the fan wires from the fan connector (making a note of the order).

2) Using a T20 Torque driver remove the two screws that retain the heatsink fan housing

3) Withdraw the heatsink fan housing from the drive in the direction shown

4) Pull the fan cable through the fan cable gland

5) Using a T20 Torque driver remove the four screws that retain the fan in the housing

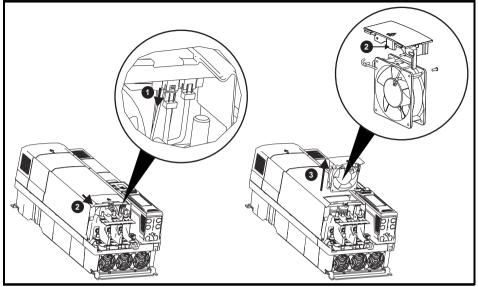
After fan has been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

Table 3-20 Size 9 and 10 heatsink fan part number

| Drive model | Heatsink fan part number |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Size 9 and 10 | 3251-1750 |

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3.11.4 Size 7 to 10 auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan replacement Figure 3-24 Size 7 to 10 auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan replacement



Auxiliary fan removal procedure

- 1) Disconnect fan wiring connector shown
- 2) Slide fan housing in the direction shown using tongue shown in enlarged diagram of fan
- 3) Withdraw fan housing from the drive

After fan has been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

Table 3-21 Auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan part numbers

| Drive model | Auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan part number |
|--------------|--|
| Size 7 | 3251-0041 |
| Size 8 | 3251-2249 |
| Size 9 to 10 | 3251-0042 |

4 Electrical installation



Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

AC supply cables and connections DC and brake cables, and connections Output cables and connections Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.



Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



STOP function

The STOP function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



Safe Torque Off function

The Safe Torque Off function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC and / or DC power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue. Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Nidec Industrial Automation or their authorized distributor.



Equipment supplied by plug and socket

Special attention must be given if the drive is installed in equipment which is connected to the AC supply by a plug and socket. The AC supply terminals of the drive are connected to the internal capacitors through rectifier diodes which are not intended to give safety isolation. If the plug terminals can be touched when the plug is disconnected from the socket, a means of automatically isolating the plug from the drive must be used (e.g. a latching relay).



Permanent magnet motors

Permanent magnet motors generate electrical power if they are rotated, even when the supply to the drive is disconnected. If that happens then the drive will become energized through its motor terminals. If the motor load is capable of rotating the motor when the supply is disconnected, then the motor must be isolated from the drive before gaining access to any live parts.

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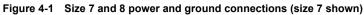
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4.1 Power and ground connections



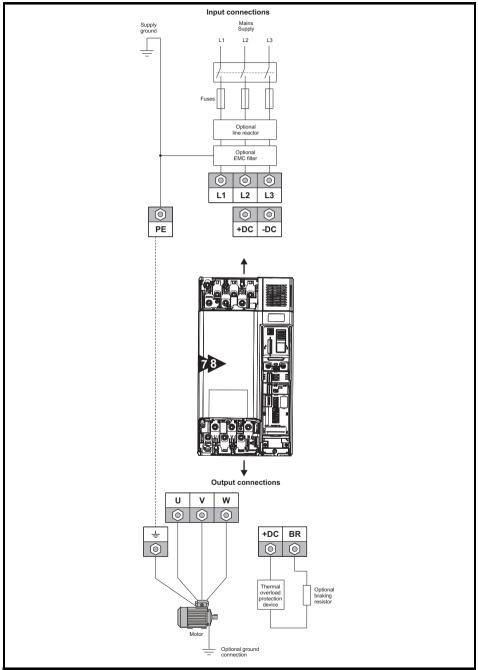


Figure 4-2 Frame 9A power and ground connections

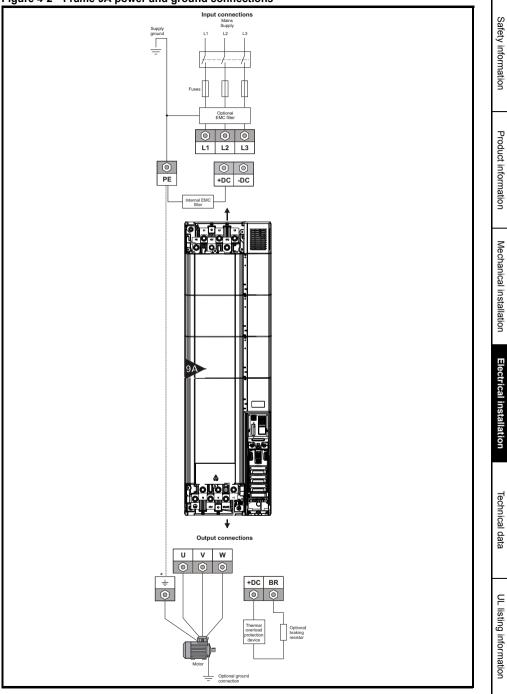
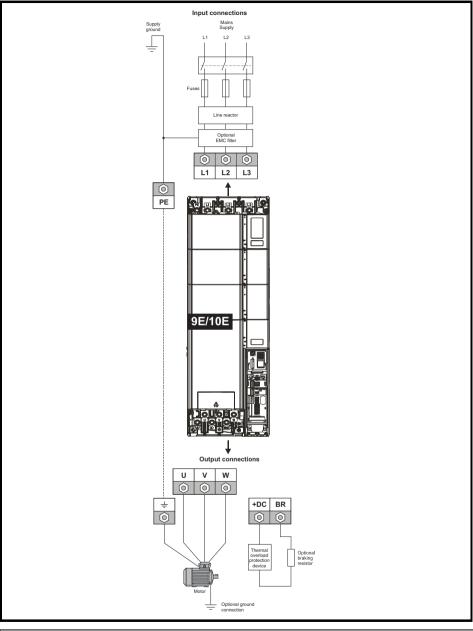


Figure 4-3 Size 9E and 10E power and ground connections





A separate line reactor (INLXXX) must be used for size 9E and 10E. Failure to provide sufficient reactance could damage or reduce the service life of the drive. Refer to Table 4-3 *Size 7 to 10 Model and Line reactor part number* on page 58.

4.1.1 Ground connections



Electrochemical corrosion of grounding terminals

Ensure that grounding terminals are protected against corrosion i.e. as could be caused by condensation.

The drive must be connected to the system ground of the AC supply. The ground wiring must conform to local regulations and codes of practice.

NOTE

For further information on ground cable sizes, refer to Table 2-5 *Protective ground cable ratings* on page 15.

On size 7, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M8 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals. Refer to Figure 4-1.

On size 8, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M10 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals. Refer to Figure 4-1.

On size 9A, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M10 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals. Refer to Figure 4-2.

On size 9E and 10E, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M10 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals. Refer to Figure 4-3.



The ground loop impedance must conform to the requirements of local safety regulations. The drive must be grounded by a connection capable of carrying the prospective fault current until the protective device (fuse, etc.) disconnects the AC supply. The ground connections must be inspected and tested at appropriate intervals.

4.2 AC Supply requirements

AC supply voltage:

200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V ±10 % 400 V drive: 380 V to 480 V ±10 % 575 V drive: 500 V to 575 V ±10 % 690 V drive: 500 V to 690 V ±10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 45 to 66 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA

Table 4-1 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

| Model | Symmetrical fault level (kA) |
|-------|------------------------------|
| All | 100 |

4.2.1 Supply types

All drives are suitable for use on any supply type i.e TN-S, TN-C-S, TT and IT.

Supplies with voltage up to 600 V may have grounding at any potential, i.e. neutral, centre or corner ("grounded delta") Supplies with voltage above 600 V may not have corner grounding



If an SI-Applications Plus module is installed in the drive, then the drive must not be used on a corner-grounded or centre-grounded delta supply if the supply voltage is above 300 V. If this is required, please contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

Drives are suitable for use on supplies of installation category III and lower, according to IEC 60664-1. This means they may be connected permanently to the supply at its origin in a building, but for outdoor installation additional over-voltage suppression (transient voltage surge suppression) must be provided to reduce category IV to category III.



Operation with IT (ungrounded) supplies:

Special attention is required when using internal or external EMC filters with ungrounded supplies, because in the event of a ground (earth) fault in the motor circuit the drive may not trip and the filter could be over-stressed. In this case, either the filter must not be used (removed) or additional independent motor ground fault protection must be provided, refer to Table 4-2. For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

A ground fault in the supply has no effect in any case. If the motor must continue to run with a ground fault in its own circuit then an input isolating transformer must be provided and if an EMC filter is required it must be located in the primary circuit.

Unusual hazards can occur on ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

| Table 4-2 | Behavior of the drive in the event of a ground (earth) fault with an IT supply |
|-----------|--|
|-----------|--|

| Drive size | Internal filter only | External filter (with internal) |
|-------------|--|---|
| (All sizes) | May not trip – precautions required: • Remove the EMC filter* • Use ground leakage relay | May not trip – precautions required: • Do not use EMC filter • Use ground leakage relay |

* Please note that the internal filter is not removable on size 9E and 10E.

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these
 motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Frame size 7 has an internal DC reactor and Frame size 8 and 9A have internal AC line reactors so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions. Drive sizes 9E and 10E do not have internal input line reactors hence an external input line reactor must be used.

When required each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

Reactor current ratings

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

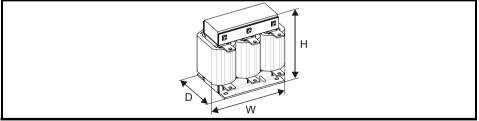


A separate line reactor (INLXXX) of at least the value shown in Table 4-3 and Table 4-4 must be used with size 9E and 10E. Failure to provide sufficient reactance could damage or reduce the service life of the drive.

| Size | Drive model | Inductor model | Line reactor part number |
|------|--|----------------|-----------------------------|
| | 07200610 | INL 2009 | 4401-0227 |
| | 07200750 | INL 2010 | 4401-0228 |
| | 07200830 | INL 2011 | 4401-0229 |
| | 07400660 | INL 4014 | 4401-0237 |
| | 07400770 | INL 4015 | 4401-0238 |
| | 07401000 | INL 4016 | 4401-0239 |
| 7 | 07500440 | INL 5006 | 4401-0223 |
| 1 | 07500550 | INL 5010 | 4401-0245 |
| | 07600190 | INL 6001 | 4401-0248 |
| | 07600240 | INL 6002 | 4401-0249 |
| | 07600290 | INL 6003 | 4401-0250 |
| | 07600380 | INL 6004 | 4401-0251 |
| | 07600440 | INL 6005 | 4401-0252 |
| | 07600540 | INL 6006 | 4401-0253 |
| | 08201160 | INL 2012 | 4401-0230 |
| | 08201320 | INL 2013 | 4401-0231 |
| | 08401340 | INL 4017 | 4401-0240 |
| 8 | 08401570 | INL 4018 | 4401-0241 |
| 0 | 08500630 | INL 5011 | 4401-0246 |
| | 08500860 | INL 5012 | 4401-0247 |
| | 08600630 | INL 6007 | 4401-0254 |
| | 08600860 | INL 6008 | 4401-0255 |
| 9 | 09201760, 09202190, 09402000, 09402240 | INL 401 | 4401-0181 |
| Э | 09501040, 09501310, 09601040, 09601310 | INL 601 | 4401-0183 |
| 10 | 10202830, 10203000, 10402700, 10403200 | INL 402 | 4401-0182 |
| 10 | 10501520, 10501900, 10601500, 10601780 | INL 602 | 4401-0184 |

Table 4-3 Size 7 to 10 Model and Line reactor part number

Figure 4-4 Input line reactor dimensions



| Part number | Model | Current | Inductance | Overall width (W) | Overall depth (D) | Overall height (H) | | Max ambient temp | Min airflow | Maximum losses | Quantity required |
|----------------|----------|---------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------|------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Α | μΗ | mm | mm | mm | kg | °C | m/s | w | |
| 4401-0223 | INL 5006 | 47 | 480 | 255 | 130 | 210 | 12.5 | 50 | 0 | 122 | 1 |
| 4401-0227 | INL 2009 | 67 | 130 | 206 | 130 | 160 | 6.9 | 50 | 0 | 90 | 1 |
| 4401-0228 | INL 2010 | 88 | 100 | 206 | 140 | 160 | 9 | 50 | 0 | 97 | 1 |
| 4401-0229 | INL 2011 | 105 | 80 | 206 | 140 | 160 | 9.5 | 50 | 0 | 90 | 1 |
| 4401-0230 | INL 2012 | 137 | 62 | 254 | 130 | 195 | 12.5 | 50 | 0 | 143 | 1 |
| 4401-0231 | INL 2013 | 166 | 51 | 254 | 150 | 195 | 14 | 50 | 0 | 137 | 1 |
| 4401-0237 | INL 4014 | 74 | 200 | 254 | 130 | 195 | 12 | 50 | 0 | 129 | 1 |
| 4401-0238 | INL 4015 | 88 | 170 | 254 | 150 | 195 | 14 | 50 | 0 | 127 | 1 |
| 4401-0239 | INL 4016 | 105 | 140 | 254 | 150 | 195 | 14 | 50 | 0 | 139 | 1 |
| 4401-0240 | INL 4017 | 155 | 95 | 290 | 160 | 205 | 20 | 50 | 0 | 182 | 1 |
| 4401-0241 | INL 4018 | 177 | 83 | 290 | 170 | 205 | 22 | 50 | 0 | 200 | 1 |
| 4401-0245 | INL 5010 | 67 | 340 | 290 | 150 | 205 | 18 | 50 | 0 | 139 | 1 |
| 4401-0246 | INL 5011 | 88 | 250 | 290 | 170 | 205 | 22 | 50 | 0 | 147 | 1 |
| 4401-0247 | INL 5012 | 105 | 200 | 290 | 180 | 225 | 25 | 50 | 0 | 167 | 1 |
| 4401-0248 | INL 6001 | 20 | 1270 | 206 | 95 | 200 | 5.8 | 50 | 0 | 71 | 1 |
| 4401-0249 | INL 6002 | 26 | 980 | 206 | 130 | 200 | 7.4 | 50 | 0 | 80 | 1 |
| 4401-0250 | INL 6003 | 32 | 880 | 206 | 140 | 200 | 10 | 50 | 0 | 84 | 1 |
| 4401-0251 | INL 6004 | 39 | 650 | 254 | 130 | 210 | 12 | 50 | 0 | 123 | 1 |
| 4401-0252 | INL 6005 | 45 | 580 | 254 | 130 | 210 | 12.5 | 50 | 0 | 124 | 1 |
| 4401-0253 | INL 6006 | 67 | 410 | 290 | 150 | 205 | 18 | 50 | 0 | 123 | 1 |
| 4401-0254 | INL 6007 | 88 | 300 | 290 | 170 | 205 | 22 | 50 | 0 | 169 | 1 |
| 4401-0255 | INL 6008 | 105 | 240 | 290 | 180 | 225 | 25 | 50 | 0 | 204 | 1 |
| 4401-0181 | INL 401 | 245 | 63 | 240 | 190 | 225 | 32 | 50 | 1 | 148 | 1 |
| 4401-0182 | INL 402 | 370 | 44 | 276 | 200 | 225 | 36 | 50 | 1 | 205 | 1 |
| 4401-0183 | INL 601 | 145 | 178 | 240 | 190 | 225 | 33 | 50 | 1 | 88 | 1 |
| 4401-0184 | INL 602 | 202 | 133 | 276 | 200 | 225 | 36 | 50 | 1 | 116 | 1 |

Table 4-4 Input line reactor ratings (2 %)

4.2.3 Input inductor calculation

To calculate the inductance required (at \boldsymbol{Y} %), use the following equation:

$$L = \frac{Y}{100} \times \frac{V}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{2\pi fI}$$

Where:

I = drive rated input current (A)

- L = inductance (H)
- f = supply frequency (Hz)
- V = voltage between lines

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4.3 Supplying the *Unidrive M / Unidrive HS* size 7, 8 and 9A drives with DC / DC bus paralleling

The drive may be supplied with DC instead of 3 phase AC.

The connecting of the DC bus between several drives is typically used to:

- 1. Return energy from a drive which is being overhauled by the load to a second motoring drive.
- 2. Allow the use of one braking resistor to dissipate regenerative energy from several drives.

There are limitations to the combinations of drives which can be used in this configuration.

For further information, contact the supplier of the drive.

NOTE Unidrive M/Unidrive HS size 9E and 10E drives do not have an accessible negative DC terminal. It is recommended that 9D and 10D drives are used as an alternative when this is needed, please refer to the *Modular Installation Guide* for further details.

4.4 24 Vdc supply

The 24 Vdc supply connected to control terminals 1 & 2* provides the following functions:

- It can be used to supplement the drive's own internal 24 V supply when multiple option modules are being used and the current drawn by these module is greater than the drive can supply.
- It can be used as a back-up power supply to keep the control circuits of the drive powered up when the line power supply is removed. This allows any fieldbus modules, application modules, encoders or serial communications to continue to operate.
- It can be used to commission the drive when the line power supply is not available, as the display
 operates correctly. However, the drive will be in the Under voltage state unless either line power
 supply or low voltage DC operation is enabled, therefore diagnostics may not be possible.
 (Power down save parameters are not saved when using the 24 V back-up power supply input).
- If the DC bus voltage is too low to run the main SMPS in the drive, then the 24 V supply can be used to supply all the low voltage power requirements of the drive. *Low Under Voltage Threshold Select* (06.067)** must also be enabled for this to happen.

** Not available on Unidrive M200 to M400.

NOTEThe power 24 Vdc supply (terminals 51, 52) must be connected to enable the 24 V dcsupply to be used as a backup supply, when the line power supply is removed. If the power24 Vdc supply is not connected none of the above mentioned functions can be used,"Waiting For Power System" will be displayed on the keypad and no drive operations arepossible. The location of the power 24 Vdc can be identified from Figure 4-5 and Figure4-6 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 8 to 10 on page 62.

| Function | Sizes 7-10 |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Supplement the drive's internal supply | Terminal 1. 2* |
| Back-up supply for the control circuit | Terminal 1, 2* 51, 52 |

Table 4-5 24 Vdc Supply connections

* Terminal 9 on *Unidrive M702* and *HS72* (24 Vdc control supply on *Unidrive M200* to *M400* is supplied via Al-Backup Adaptor)

The working voltage range of the control 24 V power supply is as follows:

| 1 0V common | | | | |
|--|-------------|--|--|--|
| 2 +24 Vdc * | | | | |
| Nominal operating voltage | 24.0 Vdc | | | |
| Minimum continuous operating voltage | 19.2 V | | | |
| Maximum continuous operating voltage | 28.0 V | | | |
| Minimum start up voltage | 21.6 V | | | |
| Maximum power supply requirement at 24 V | 40 W | | | |
| Recommended fuse | 3 A, 50 Vdc | | | |

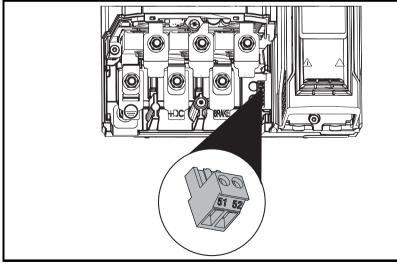
* Terminal 9 on Unidrive M702 and HS72

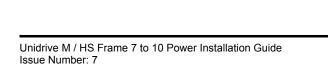
Minimum and maximum voltage values include ripple and noise. Ripple and noise values must not exceed 5 %.

The working range of the 24 V power supply is as follows:

| 51 0V common | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 52 +24 Vdc | | | | | |
| Nominal operating voltage 24.0 Vdc | | | | | |
| Minimum continuous operating voltage | 19.2 Vdc | | | | |
| Maximum continuous operating voltage | 30 Vdc (IEC), 26 Vdc (UL) | | | | |
| Minimum startup voltage | 21.6 Vdc | | | | |
| Maximum power supply requirement | 60 W | | | | |
| Recommended fuse | 4 A @ 50 Vdc | | | | |

| Figure 4-5 | Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 7 |
|------------|--|
| | |





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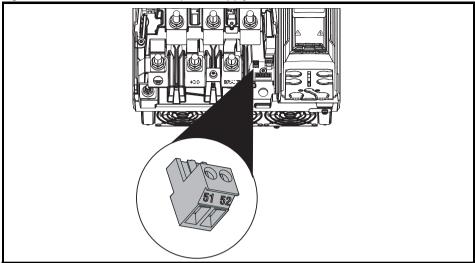
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Figure 4-6 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 8 to 10



4.5 Low voltage operation

With the addition of a 24 Vdc power supply to supply the control circuits, the drive is able to operate from a low voltage DC supply with a range from 24 Vdc to the maximum DC volts. It is possible for the drive to go from operating on a normal line power supply voltage to operating on a much lower supply voltage without interruption (not available with *Unidrive M200* to *M400*).

Going from low voltage operation to normal mains operation requires the inrush current to be controlled. This may be provided externally. If not, the drive supply can be interrupted to utilise the normal soft starting method in the drive.

To fully exploit the new low voltage mode of operation, the under voltage level is now user programmable. For application data, contact the supplier of the drive.

The working voltage range of the low voltage DC power supply is as follows:

Size 9 to 10

| Minimum continuous operating voltage: | 26 V |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Minimum start up voltage: | 32 V |
| Maximum over voltage trip threshold: | 230 V drives: 415 V |
| | 400 V drives: 830 V |
| | 575 V drives: 990 V |
| | 690 V drives: 1190 V |

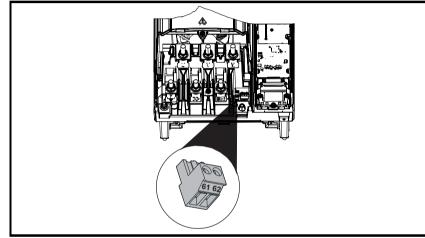
NOTE

Unidrive M/Unidrive HS size 9E and 10E drives do not have an accessible negative DC terminal. It is recommended that 9D and 10D drives are used as an alternative when this is needed, please refer to the *Modular Installation Guide* for further details.

In low voltage mode only, with frame size 9 to 10, a 24 V supply needs to be provided for the heatsink fan. The fan supply should be connected to terminal 61 and 62.

| 61 0V common | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| +24 Vdc heatsink fan supply | | |
| Size 9 to 10 | | |
| Nominal operating voltage | 24.0 Vdc | |
| Minimum continuous operating voltage | 23.5 Vdc | |
| Maximum continuous operating voltage | 27 Vdc | |
| Current consumption | Size 9 to 10 (all): 6A | |
| Recommended power supply 24 V, 7 A | | |
| Recommended fuse | 8A fast blow | |

Figure 4-7 Location of the heatsink fan supply connector on size 9 to 10



4.6 Heatsink fan supply

When operating on normal mains supply the heatsink fan on all drive sizes is supplied internally by the drive. When operating size 9 and 10 in low voltage mode it is necessary to connect an external 24V supply to terminal 61 and 62 if heatsink fan operation is required. Please see section 4.5 *Low voltage operation* on page 62 for more details.

4.7 Ratings

See section 2.4 *Ratings* on page 14.

Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with high imbalance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the maximum supply fault current given in section 2.4 *Ratings* on page 14. The nominal cable sizes given in section 2.4 *Ratings* on page 14 are only a guide. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables. In some cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive voltage drop.

NOTE The nominal output cable sizes in section 2.4 *Ratings* on page 14 assume that the motor maximum current matches that of the drive. Where a motor of reduced rating is used the cable rating may be chosen to match that of the motor. To ensure that the motor and cable are protected against over-load, the drive must be programmed with the correct motor rated current.



Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Nominal fuse ratings are shown in section 2.4 *Ratings* on page 14. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

A fuse or other protection must be included in all live connections to the AC supply.

Fuse types

The fuse voltage rating must be suitable for the drive supply voltage.

4.7.1 Main AC supply contactor

The recommended AC supply contactor type is AC1.

4.8 Output circuit and motor protection

The output circuit has fast-acting electronic short-circuit protection which limits the fault current to typically no more than five times the rated output current, and interrupts the current in approximately $20 \ \mu s$. No additional short-circuit protection devices are required.

The drive provides overload protection for the motor and its cable. For this to be effective, Pr 00.046

(Pr 00.006 on Unidrive M200 to M400) Motor rated current must be set to suit the motor.



Pr **00.046** (Pr **00.006** on *Unidrive M200* to *M400*) Motor rated current must be set correctly to avoid a risk of fire in the event of motor overload.

There is also provision for the use of a motor thermistor to prevent over-heating of the motor, e.g. due to loss of cooling.

4.8.1 Motor cable types

Since capacitance in the motor cable causes loading on the output of the drive, ensure the cable length does not exceed the values given in Table 5-23 *Maximum motor cable lengths* on page 108.

Use 105 °C (221 °F) (UL 60/75 °C temp rise) PVC-insulated cable with copper conductors having a suitable voltage rating, for the following power connections:

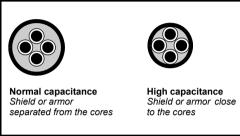
- AC supply to external EMC filter (when used)
- AC supply (or external EMC filter) to drive
- Drive to motor
- Drive to braking resistor

4.8.2 High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in Table 5-23 *Maximum motor cable lengths* on page 108 if high capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used.

Most cables have an insulating jacket between the cores and the armor or shield; these cables have a low capacitance and are recommended. Cables that do not have an insulating jacket tend to have high capacitance; if a cable of this type is used, the maximum cable length is half that quoted in the tables, (Figure 4-8 shows how to identify the two types).

Figure 4-8 Cable construction influencing the capacitance



The maximum motor cable lengths specified in section 5.1.21 *Maximum motor cable lengths* on page 108 is shielded and contains four cores. Typical capacitance for this type of cable is 130 pF/m (i.e. from one core to all others and the shield connected together).

4.8.3 Motor winding voltage

The PWM output voltage can adversely affect the inter-turn insulation in the motor. This is because of the high rate of change of voltage, in conjunction with the impedance of the motor cable and the distributed nature of the motor winding.

For normal operation with AC supplies up to 500 Vac and a standard motor with a good quality insulation system, there is no need for any special precautions. In case of doubt the motor supplier should be consulted.

Special precautions are recommended under the following conditions, but only if the motor cable length exceeds 10 m:

- AC supply voltage exceeds 500 V
- DC supply voltage exceeds 670 V i.e. regenerative / AFE supply
- · Operation of 400 V drive with continuous or very frequent sustained braking
- Multiple motors connected to a single drive

For multiple motors, the precautions given in section 4.8.4 Multiple motors should be followed.

For the other cases listed, it is recommended that an inverter-rated motor be used. This has a reinforced insulation system intended by the manufacturer for repetitive fast-rising pulsed voltage operation.

Users of 575 V NEMA rated motors should note that the specification for inverter-rated motors given in NEMA MG1 section 31 is sufficient for motoring operation but not where the motor spends significant periods braking. In that case an insulation peak voltage rating of 2.2 kV is recommended.

If it is not practical to use an inverter-rated motor, an output choke (inductor) should be used. The recommended type is a simple iron-cored component with a reactance of about 2 %. The exact value is not critical. This operates in conjunction with the capacitance of the motor cable to increase the rise-time of the motor terminal voltage and prevent excessive electrical stress.

4.8.4 Multiple motors

Open-loop only

If the drive is to control more than one motor, one of the fixed V/F modes should be selected (Pr **05.014** = Fixed or Squared). Make the motor connections as shown in Figure 4-9 and Figure 4-10. The maximum motor cable lengths specified in section 5.1.21 *Maximum motor cable lengths* on page 108 apply to the sum of the total cable lengths from the drive to each motor.

It is recommended that each motor is connected through a protection relay since the drive cannot protect each motor individually. For λ connection, a sinusoidal filter or an output inductor must be connected as shown in Figure 4-10, even when the cable lengths are less than the maximum permissible. For high DC voltages or when supplied by a regen system, a sinusoidal filter is recommended. For details of filter or inductor sizes refer to the supplier of the drive.

Figure 4-9 Preferred chain connection for multiple motors

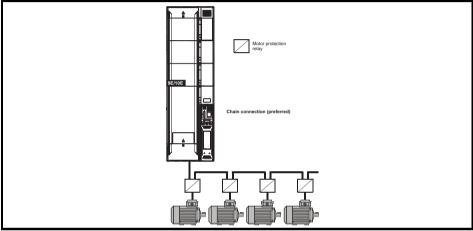
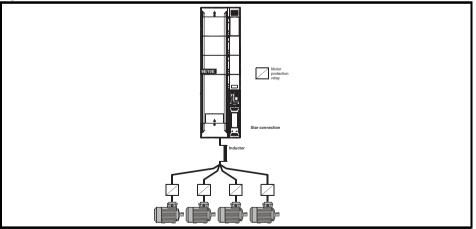


Figure 4-10 Alternative connection for multiple motors



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4.8.5 \downarrow / Δ motor operation

The voltage rating for ${\bf k}$ and Δ connections of the motor should always be checked before attempting to run the motor.

The default setting of the motor rated voltage parameter is the same as the drive rated voltage, i.e.

400 V drive 400 V rated voltage 230 V drive 230 V rated voltage

A typical 3 phase motor would be connected in old L for 400 V operation or Δ for 230 V operation,

however, variations on this are common e.g. \bigstar 690 V Δ 400 V.

Incorrect connection of the windings will cause severe under or over fluxing of the motor, leading to a very poor output torque or motor saturation and overheating respectively.

4.8.6 Output contactor



If the cable between the drive and the motor is to be interrupted by a contactor or circuit breaker, ensure that the drive is disabled before the contactor or circuit breaker is opened or closed. Severe arcing may occur if this circuit is interrupted with the motor running at high current and low speed.

A contactor is sometimes required to be installed between the drive and motor for safety purposes.

The recommended motor contactor is the AC3 type.

Switching of an output contactor should only occur when the output of the drive is disabled.

Opening or closing of the contactor with the drive enabled will lead to:

- 1. OI ac trips (which cannot be reset for 10 seconds)
- 2. High levels of radio frequency noise emission
- 3. Increased contactor wear and tear

The Drive Enable terminal when opened provides a Safe Torque Off* function. This can in many cases replace output contactors.

For further information see the Control User Guide.

*There is no Safe Torque Off function on the Unidrive M200/201

4.9 Braking

Braking occurs when the drive is decelerating the motor, or is preventing the motor from gaining speed due to mechanical influences. During braking, energy is returned to the drive from the motor.

When the motor is being braked by the drive, the maximum regenerated power that the drive can absorb is equal to the power dissipation (losses) of the drive.

When the regenerated power is likely to exceed these losses, the DC bus voltage of the drive increases. Under default conditions, the drive brakes the motor under PI control, which extends the deceleration time as necessary in order to prevent the DC bus voltage from rising above a user defined set-point.

If the drive is expected to rapidly decelerate a load, or to hold back an overhauling load, a braking resistor must be installed.

Table 4-6 shows the default DC voltage level at which the drive turns on the braking transistor. However the braking resistor turn on and the turn off voltages are programmable with *Braking IGBT Lower Threshold* (06.073) and *Braking IGBT Upper Threshold* (06.074).

Table 4-6 Braking transistor turn on voltage

| Drive voltage rating | DC bus voltage level |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| 200 V | 390 V |
| 400 V | 780 V |
| 575 V | 930 V |
| 690 V | 1120 V |

NOTE

When a braking resistor is used, Pr 00.015 (Pr 00.028 on *Unidrive M200 to M400*) should be set to FASt ramp mode.

4.9.1 External braking resistor



Overload protection

When an external braking resistor is used, it is essential that an overload protection device is incorporated in the braking resistor circuit; this is described in *Figure 4-11 on page 70*.

When a braking resistor is to be mounted outside the enclosure, ensure that it is mounted in a ventilated metal housing that will perform the following functions:

- · Prevent inadvertent contact with the resistor
- Allow adequate ventilation for the resistor

When compliance with EMC emission standards is required, external connection requires the cable to be armored or shielded, since it is not fully contained in a metal enclosure. See section 4.11.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 82 for further details.

Internal connection does not require the cable to be armored or shielded.

| | Minimum resistance* | Instantaneous power rating | Continuous power rating | |
|---------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Model | Ω | kW | kW | |
| 200 V | | | | |
| 07200610 | 4.5 | 37.6 | 15 | |
| 07200750 | 4.5 | 37.6 | 18.5 | |
| 07200830 | 4.5 | 37.6 | 22 | |
| 08201160 | 2.3 | 73.5 | 30 | |
| 08201320 | 2.3 | 73.5 | 37 | |
| 09201760 (9A) | 2 | 84.5 | 45 | |
| 09202190 (9A) | 2 | 84.5 | 45 | |
| 09201760 (9E) | 1.4 | 120.8 | 45 | |
| 09202190 (9E) | 1.4 | 120.8 | 55 | |
| 10202830 | 1.7 | 99.5 | 75 | |
| 10203000 | 1.7 | 99.5 | 90 | |
| 100 V | | | | |
| 07400660 | 7.5 | 90.2 | 30 | |
| 07400770 | 7.5 | 90.2 | 37 | |
| 07401000 | 7.5 | 90.2 | 45 | |
| 08401340 | 6.3 | 107.4 | 55 | |
| 08401570 | 6.3 | 107.4 | 75 | |
| 09402000 (9A) | 3.6 | 187.8 | 90 | |
| 09402240 (9A) | 3.6 | 187.8 | 110 | |

Table 4-7 Minimum resistance values and peak power rating for the braking resistor at 40 °C (104 °F)

| Model | Minimum resistance* | Instantaneous power rating | Continuous power rating |
|---------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Ω | kW | kW |
| 09402000 (9E) | 2.6 | 260 | 90 |
| 09402240 (9E) | 2.6 | 260 | 110 |
| 10402700 | 3.1 | 218.1 | 132 |
| 10403200 | 3.1 | 218.1 | 160 |
| 575 V | | | |
| 07500440 | 11 | 87.4 | 30 |
| 07500550 | 11 | 87.4 | 37 |
| 08500630 | 5.5 | 174.8 | 45 |
| 08500860 | 5.5 | 174.8 | 55 |
| 09501040 (9A) | 5.1 | 188.5 | 75 |
| 09501310 (9A) | 5.1 | 188.5 | 90 |
| 09501040 (9E) | 3.3 | 291.3 | 75 |
| 09501310 (9E) | 3.3 | 291.3 | 90 |
| 10501520 | 3.3 | 291.3 | 110 |
| 10501900 | 3.3 | 291.3 | 132 |
| 90 V | • | | |
| 07600190 | 13 | 107.3 | 15 |
| 07600240 | 13 | 107.3 | 18.5 |
| 07600290 | 13 | 107.3 | 22 |
| 07600380 | 13 | 107.3 | 30 |
| 07600440 | 13 | 107.3 | 37 |
| 07600540 | 13 | 107.3 | 45 |
| 08600630 | 5.5 | 253.5 | 55 |
| 08600860 | 5.5 | 253.5 | 75 |
| 09601040 (9A) | 6.5 | 214.5 | 90 |
| 09601310 (9A) | 6.5 | 214.5 | 110 |
| 09601040 (9E) | 4.2 | 331.9 | 90 |
| 09601310 (9E) | 4.2 | 331.9 | 110 |
| 10601500 | 4.2 | 331.9 | 132 |
| 10601780 | 3.8 | 366.8 | 160 |

*Resistor tolerance: ±10 %.

The minimum resistance specified are for stand-alone drive systems only. If the drive is to be used as part of a common DC bus system different values may be required. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

For high-inertia loads or under continuous braking, the continuous power dissipated in the braking resistor may be as high as the power rating of the drive. The total energy dissipated in the braking resistor is dependent on the amount of energy to be extracted from the load.

The instantaneous power rating refers to the short-term maximum power dissipated during the on intervals of the pulse width modulated braking control cycle. The braking resistor must be able to withstand this dissipation for short intervals (milliseconds). Higher resistance values require proportionately lower instantaneous power ratings.

In most applications, braking occurs only occasionally. This allows the continuous power rating of the braking resistor to be much lower than the power rating of the drive. It is therefore essential that the instantaneous power rating and energy rating of the braking resistor are sufficient for the most extreme braking duty that is likely to be encountered.

Optimization of the braking resistor requires careful consideration of the braking duty.

Select a value of resistance for the braking resistor that is not less than the specified minimum

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resistance. Larger resistance values may give a cost saving, as well as a safety benefit in the event of a fault in the braking system. Braking capability will then be reduced, which could cause the drive to trip during braking if the value chosen is too large.

Thermal protection circuit for the braking resistor

The thermal protection circuit must disconnect the AC supply from the drive if the resistor becomes overloaded due to a fault. Figure 4-11 shows a typical circuit arrangement.

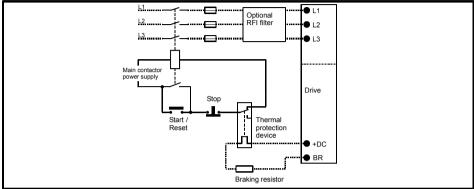


Figure 4-11 Typical protection circuit for a braking resistor

See Figure 4-1 on page 52, Figure 4-2 on page 53 and Figure 4-3 on page 54 for the location of the +DC and braking resistor connections.

4.9.2 Braking resistor software overload protection

The drive software contains an overload protection function for a braking resistor. In order to enable and set-up this function, it is necessary to enter three values into the drive:

- Braking Resistor Rated Power (10.030)
- Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant (10.031)
- Braking Resistor Resistance (10.061)

This data should be obtained from the manufacturer of the braking resistors. The braking resistor thermal time constant can be calculated from resistor data sheet values using the following equation:

Pr 10.031 = Resistor pulse power rating x Braking time Resistor continuous power rating

Pr **10.039** gives an indication of braking resistor temperature based on a simple thermal model. Zero indicates the resistor is close to ambient and 100 % is the maximum temperature the resistor can withstand. A 'Brake Resistor' alarm is given if this parameter is above 75 % and the braking IGBT is active. A Brake R Too Hot trip will occur if Pr **10.039** reaches 100 %, when Pr **10.037** is set to 0 (default value) or 1.

If Pr **10.037** is equal to 2 or 3, a Brake R Too Hot trip will not occur when Pr **10.039** reaches 100 %, but instead the braking IGBT will be disabled until Pr **10.039** falls below 95 %. This option is intended for applications with parallel connected DC buses where there are several braking resistors, each of which cannot withstand full DC bus voltage continuously. With this type of application it is unlikely the braking energy will be shared equally between the resistors because of voltage measurement tolerances within the individual drives. Therefore with Pr **10.037** set to 2 or 3, then as soon as a resistor has reached its maximum temperature the drive will disable the braking IGBT, and another resistor on another drive will take up the braking energy. Once Pr **10.039** has fallen below 95 % the drive will allow the braking IGBT to operate again.

See the *Parameter Reference Guide* for more information on Pr **10.030**, Pr **10.031**, Pr **10.037** and Pr **10.039**.

This software overload protection should be used in addition to an external overload protection device.

4.10 Ground leakage

The ground leakage current depends upon whether the internal EMC filter is installed. The drive is supplied with the filter installed.

With internal filter installed:

56 mA AC at 400 V 50 Hz (proportional to supply voltage and frequency) 18 μA DC with a 600 V DC bus (33 M $\Omega)$

With internal filter removed*:

<1mA

Note that in both cases there is an internal voltage surge protection device connected to ground. Under normal circumstances this carries negligible current.

*Please note that the internal filter is not removable on size 9E and 10E.



When the internal filter is installed the leakage current is high. In this case a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided, or other suitable measures taken to prevent a safety hazard occurring if the connection is lost.

4.10.1 Use of residual current device (RCD)

There are three common types of ELCB / RCD:

- 1. AC detects AC fault currents
- 2. A detects AC and pulsating DC fault currents (provided the DC current reaches zero at least once every half cycle)
- 3. B detects AC, pulsating DC and smooth DC fault currents
 - Type AC should never be used with drives.
 - Type A can only be used with single phase drives
 - Type B must be used with three phase drives



Only type B ELCB / RCD are suitable for use with 3 phase inverter drives.

If an external EMC filter is used with an ELCB / RCD, a delay of at least 50 ms should be incorporated to ensure spurious trips are not seen. The leakage current is likely to exceed the trip level if all of the phases are not energized simultaneously.

4.11 EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility)

The requirements for EMC are divided into three levels in the following three sections:

- section 4.11.4, General requirements for EMC this is for all applications, to ensure reliable
 operation of the drive and minimise the risk of disturbing nearby equipment. The immunity
 standards specified in section 5.1.24 *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)* on page 111 will be
 met, but no specific emission standards are applied.
- section 4.11.5, Requirements for meeting the EMC standard for power drive systems, IEC 61800-3 (EN 61800-3:2004+A1:2012).
- section 4.11.6, Requirements for meeting the generic emission standards for the industrial environment, IEC 61000-6-4, EN 61000-6-4:2007+A1:2011.

The recommendations of section 4.11.4 will usually be sufficient to avoid causing disturbance to adjacent equipment of industrial quality. If particularly sensitive equipment is to be used nearby, or in a non-industrial environment, then the recommendations of section 4.11.5 or section 4.11.6 should be followed to give reduced radio-frequency emission.

In order to ensure the installation meets the various emission standards described in:

- · The EMC data sheet available from the supplier of the drive
- The Declaration of Conformity at the front of this manual
- Chapter 5 Technical data on page 89

The correct external EMC filter must be used and all of the guidelines in section 4.11.4 *General requirements for EMC* on page 77 and section 4.11.6 *Compliance with generic emission*

standards on page 82 must be followed.



High ground leakage current

When an EMC filter is used, a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided which does not pass through a connector or flexible power cord. This includes the internal EMC filter.

| Table | 4-8 | EMC | filter | cross | reference |
|-------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-----------|
|-------|-----|-----|--------|-------|-----------|

| Model | CT part number |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| 200 V | |
| 07200610 to 07200830 | 4200-1132 |
| 08201160 to 08201320 | 4200-1972 |
| 09201760 to 09202190 (9A) | 4200-3021 |
| 09201760 to 09202190 (9E) | 4200-4460 |
| 10202830 to 10203000 | 4200-4460 |
| 400 V | |
| 07400660 to 07401000 | 4200-1132 |
| 08401340 to 08401570 | 4200-1972 |
| 09402000 to 09402240 (9A) | 4200-3021 |
| 09402000 to 09402240 (9E) | 4200-4460 |
| 10402700 to 10403200 | 4200-4460 |
| 575 V | |
| 07500440 to 07500550 | 4200-0672 |
| 08500630 to 08500860 | 4200-1662 |
| 09501040 to 09501310 (9A) | 4200-1660 |
| 09501040 to 09501310 (9E) | 4200-2210 |
| 10501520 to 10501900 | 4200-2210 |
| 690 V | |
| 07600190 to 07600540 | 4200-0672 |
| 08600630 to 08600860 | 4200-1662 |
| 09601040 to 09601310 (9A) | 4200-1660 |
| 09601040 to 09601310 (9E) | 4200-2210 |
| 10601500 to 10601780 | 4200-2210 |



NOTE

High ground leakage current

When an EMC filter is used, a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided which does not pass through a connector or flexible power cord. This includes the internal EMC filter.

The installer of the drive is responsible for ensuring compliance with the EMC regulations that apply where the drive is to be used.

4.11.1 Grounding hardware

The drive is supplied with a grounding bracket to facilitate EMC compliance. They provide a convenient method for direct grounding of cable shields without the use of "pig-tails". Cable shields

can be bared and clamped to the grounding bracket using metal clips or clamps¹ (not supplied) or cable ties. Note that the shield must in all cases be continued through the clamp to the intended terminal on the drive, in accordance with the connection details for the specific signal.

¹ A suitable clamp is the Phoenix DIN rail mounted SK14 cable clamp (for cables with a maximum outer diameter of 14 mm).

See Figure 4-12 for details on installing the grounding bracket.

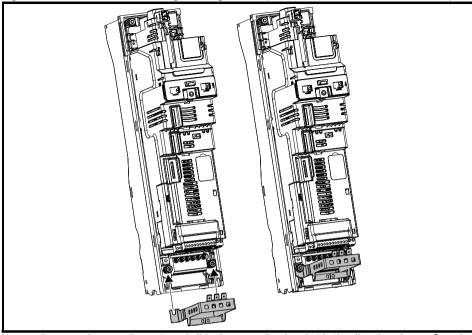
Safety informatior

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Figure 4-12 Installation of control grounding bracket (all sizes -Unidrive M700 size 3 shown)



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding bracket in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

A faston tab is located on the grounding bracket for the purpose of connecting the drive 0V to ground should the user require to do so.

4.11.2 Internal EMC filter

It is recommended that the internal EMC filter be kept in place unless there is a specific reason for removing it.



When the drive is used with ungrounded (IT) supplies the internal EMC filter must be removed unless additional motor ground fault protection is installed. For instructions on removal, refer to Figure . Please note that the internal filter is not

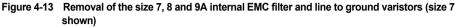
removable on size 9E and 10E. For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

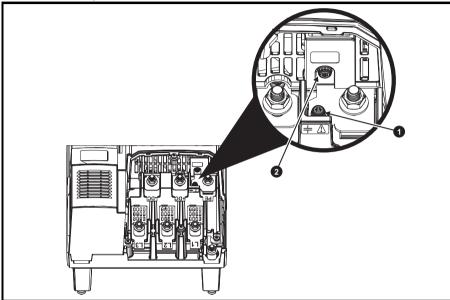
If the drive is part of a regen system or it is connected to an IT supply then the internal EMC filter must be removed.

The internal EMC filter reduces radio-frequency emission into the line power supply. Where the motor cable is short, it permits the requirements of EN 61800-3:2004 to be met for the second environment - see section 4.11.5 and section 5.1.24. For longer motor cables the filter continues to provide a useful reduction in emission level, and when used with any length of shielded motor cable up to the limit for the drive, it is unlikely that nearby industrial equipment will be disturbed. It is recommended that the filter be used in all applications unless the instructions given above require it to be removed or the ground leakage current of the drive is unacceptable.



The supply must be disconnected before removing the internal EMC filter.





To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1). To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the screw as highlighted above (2).

NOTE

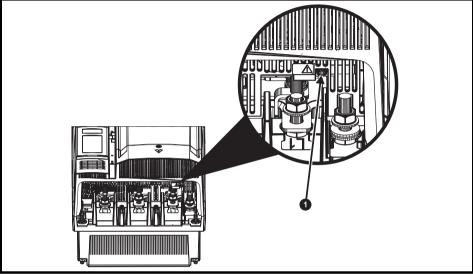
The Internal EMC filter on size 9E and 10E cannot be removed.

4.11.3 Line to ground varistors



The line to ground varistors should only be removed in special circumstances such as ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Where the line to ground varistors are removed, ensure that line to ground transients are limited to values of category II. This is to ensure that line to ground transients do not exceed 4 kV as the drive insulation system from power to ground is designed to category II.Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.





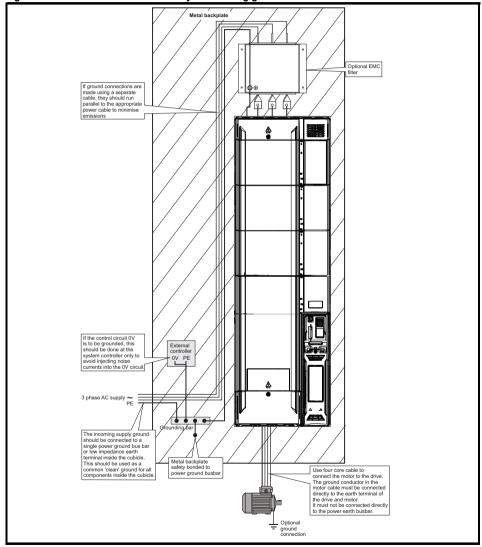
To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

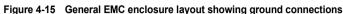
4.11.4 General requirements for EMC

Ground (earth) connections

The grounding arrangements should be in accordance with Figure 4-15, which shows a single drive on a back-plate with or without an additional enclosure.

Figure 4-15 shows how to manage EMC when using an unshielded motor cable. However a shielded cable is preferable, in which case it should be installed as shown in section 4.11.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 82.





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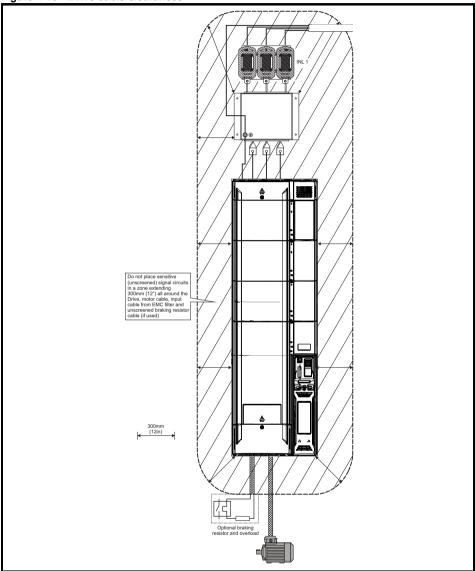
Technical data

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Cable layout

Figure 4-16 indicates the clearances which should be observed around the drive and related 'noisy' power cables by all sensitive control signals / equipment.





NOTE Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

Feedback device cable shielding

Shielding considerations are important for PWM drive installations due to the high voltages and currents present in the output (motor) circuit with a very wide frequency spectrum, typically from 0 to 20 MHz.

The following guidance is divided into two parts:

- 1. Ensuring correct transfer of data without disturbance from electrical noise originating either within the drive or from outside.
- Additional measures to prevent unwanted emission of radio frequency noise. These are optional and only required where the installation is subject to specific requirements for radio frequency emission control.

To ensure correct transfer of data, observe the following:

Resolver connections:

- · Use a cable with an overall shield and twisted pairs for the resolver signals
- Connect the cable shield to the drive 0V connection by the shortest possible link ("pigtail")
- It is generally preferable not to connect the cable shield to the resolver. However in cases where
 there is an exceptional level of common-mode noise voltage present on the resolver body, it may
 be helpful to connect the shield there. If this is done then it becomes essential to ensure the
 absolute minimum length of "pigtails" at both shield connections, and possibly to clamp the cable
 shield directly to the resolver body and to the drive grounding bracket.
- The cable should preferably not be interrupted. If interruptions are unavoidable, ensure the absolute minimum length of "pigtail" in the shield connections at each interruption.

Encoder connections:

- Use a cable with the correct impedance
- Use a cable with individually shielded twisted pairs
- Connect the cable shields to 0V at both the drive and the encoder, using the shortest possible links ("pigtails")
- The cable should preferably not be interrupted. If interruptions are unavoidable, ensure the
 absolute minimum length of "pigtail" in the shield connections at each interruption. Preferably,
 use a connection method which provides substantial metallic clamps for the cable shield
 terminations.

The above applies where the encoder body is isolated from the motor and where the encoder circuit is isolated from the encoder body. Where there is no isolation between the encoder circuits and the motor body, and in case of doubt, the following additional requirement must be observed. This gives the best possible noise immunity.

- The shields must be directly clamped to the encoder body (no pigtail) and to the drive grounding bracket. This may be achieved by clamping of the individual shields or by providing an additional overall shield which is clamped.
- **NOTE** The recommendations of the encoder manufacturer must also be adhered to for the encoder connections.
- **NOTE** In order to guarantee maximum noise immunity for any application double shielded cable as shown should be used.

In some cases single shielding of each pair of differential signals cables, or a single overall shield with individual shield on the thermistor connections is sufficient. In these cases all the shields should be connected to ground and 0V at both ends.

If the 0V is required to be left floating a cable with individual shields and an overall shield must be used.

Figure 4-17 and Figure 4-18 illustrate the preferred construction of cable and the method of clamping. The outer sheath of the cable should be stripped back enough to allow the clamp to be installed. The shield must not be broken or opened at this point. The clamps should be installed close to the drive or feedback device, with the ground connections made to a ground plate or similar metallic ground surface.

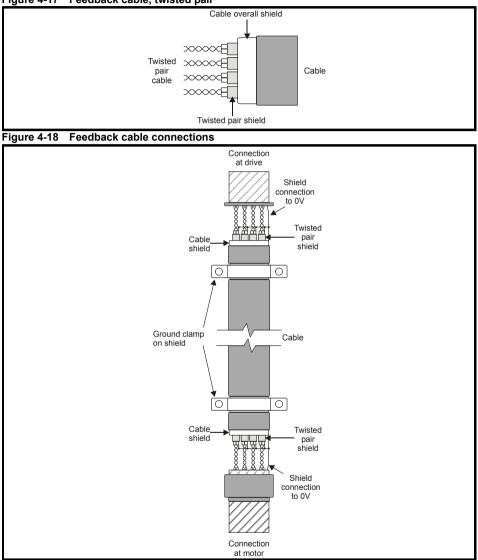


Figure 4-17 Feedback cable, twisted pair

To ensure suppression of radio frequency emission, observe the following:

- Use a cable with an overall shield
- Clamp the overall shield to grounded metallic surfaces at both the encoder and the drive, as illustrated in section 4-18

UL listing information

Meeting the requirements of this standard depends on the environment that the drive is intended to operate in, as follows:

Operation in the first environment

Observe the guidelines given in section 4.11.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 82. An external EMC filter will always be required.



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to EN 61800-3:2004+A1:2012

In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Operation in the second environment

In all cases a shielded motor cable must be used, and an EMC filter is required for all *Unidrive* M / *Unidrive* HS drives with a rated input current of less than 100 A.

The drive contains an internal filter for basic emission control. In some cases feeding the motor cables (U, V and W) once through a ferrite ring can maintain compliance for longer cable lengths. The requirements of operating in the second environment are met, depending on the motor cable length for 3 kHz switching frequency as stated in Table 4-9.

Table 4-9 summarizes the performance of the internal filter when used with *Unidrive* M / *Unidrive* HS size 7 to 10 drives, assembled in the standard recommended configuration.

| Drive size | Voltage | Motor Cable Length (m) | Restriction |
|------------|-----------|------------------------|--------------|
| 7 | Any | 0 - 100 | Restricted |
| 8 | 200 & 400 | 0 - 10 | Unrestricted |
| 8 | 200 & 400 | 10 - 100 | Restricted |
| 8 | 575 & 690 | 0 - 100 | Restricted |
| 9 and 10 | 200 & 400 | 0 - 100 | Unrestricted |
| 9 and 10 | 575 & 690 | 0 - 50 | Unrestricted |

Table 4-9 Second environment emission compliance, internal filter

Key:

Unrestricted: EN 61800-3:2004+A1:2012 second environment, unrestricted distribution.

For longer motor cables, an external filter is required. Where a filter is required, follow the guidelines in *section 4.11.6 Compliance with generic emission standards*.

Where a filter is not required, follow the guidelines given in section 4.11.4 *General requirements for EMC* on page 77.



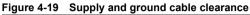
The second environment typically includes an industrial low-voltage power supply network which does not supply buildings used for residential purposes. Operating the drive in this environment without an external EMC filter may cause interference to nearby electronic equipment whose sensitivity has not been appreciated. The user must take remedial measures if this situation arises. If the consequences of unexpected disturbances are severe, it is recommended that the guidelines in *section 4.11.6 Compliance with generic emission standards* be adhered to.

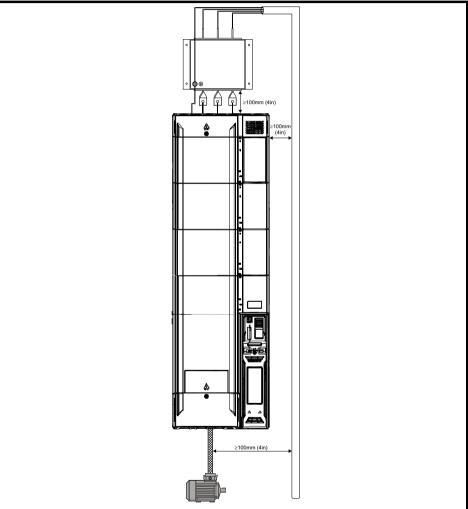
Refer to section 5.1.24 *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)* on page 111 for further information on compliance with EMC standards and definitions of environments.

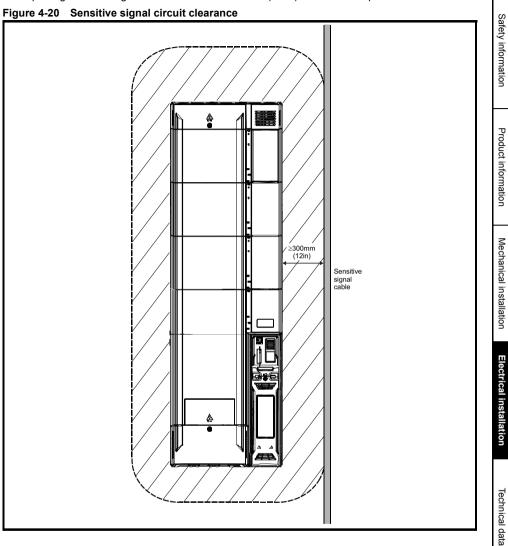
Detailed instructions and EMC information are given in the *Unidrive M / Unidrive HS EMC Data Sheet* which is available from the supplier of the drive.

4.11.6 Compliance with generic emission standards

Use the recommended filter and shielded motor cable. Observe the layout rules given in Figure 4-19. Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and motor cable.



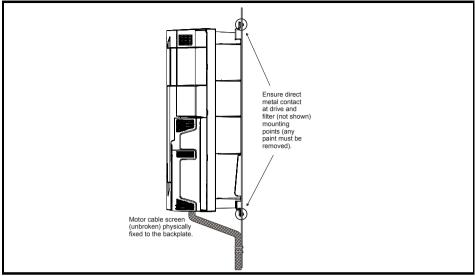




Avoid placing sensitive signal circuits in a zone 300 mm (12 in) all around the power module.

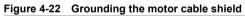
UL listing information

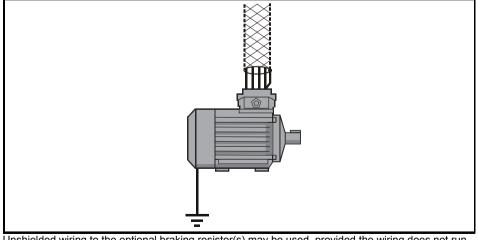
4.11.7 Ensure good EMC grounding. Figure 4-21 Grounding the drive, motor cable shield and filter



Connect the shield of the motor cable to the ground terminal of the motor frame using a link that is as short as possible and not exceeding 50 mm (2 in) long. A full 360° termination of the shield to the terminal housing of the motor is beneficial.

It is unimportant for EMC purposes whether the motor cable contains an internal (safety) ground core, or there is a separate external ground conductor, or grounding is through the shield alone. An internal ground core will carry a high noise current and therefore it must be terminated as close as possible to the shield termination.





Unshielded wiring to the optional braking resistor(s) may be used, provided the wiring does not run external to the enclosure. Ensure a minimum spacing of 300 mm (12 in) from signal wiring and the AC supply wiring to the external EMC filter. Otherwise this wiring must be shielded.

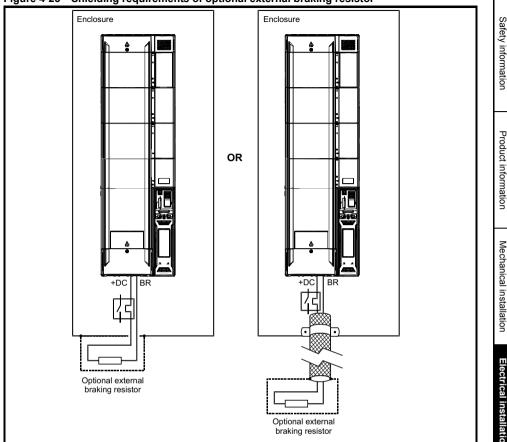
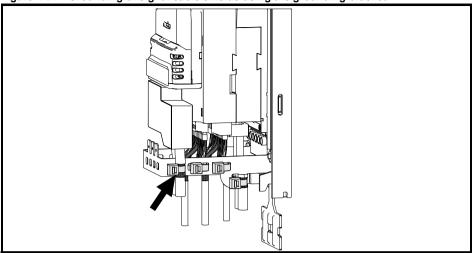


Figure 4-23 Shielding requirements of optional external braking resistor

If the control wiring is to leave the enclosure, it must be shielded and the shield(s) clamped to the drive using the grounding bracket as shown in Figure 4-24. Remove the outer insulating cover of the cable to ensure the shield(s) make contact with the bracket, but keep the shield(s) intact until as close as possible to the terminals

Alternatively, wiring may be passed through a ferrite ring, part no. 3225-1004.

Figure 4-24 Grounding of signal cable shields using the grounding bracket



4.11.8 Variations in the EMC wiring Interruptions to the motor cable

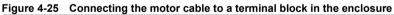
The motor cable should ideally be a single length of shielded or armored cable having no interruptions. In some situations it may be necessary to interrupt the cable, as in the following examples:

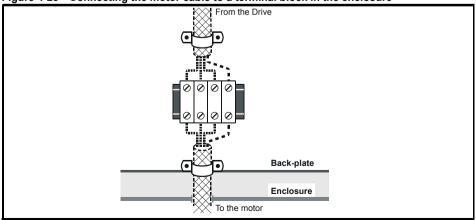
Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the drive enclosure

• Installing a motor isolator/disconnect switch for safety when work is done on the motor In these cases the following guidelines should be followed.

Terminal block in the enclosure

The motor cable shields should be bonded to the back-plate using uninsulated metal cable-clamps which should be positioned as close as possible to the terminal block. Keep the length of power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3m (12 in) away from the terminal block.





Safety information

Using a motor isolator/disconnect-switch

The motor cable shields should be connected by a very short conductor having a low inductance. The use of a flat metal coupling-bar is recommended; conventional wire is not suitable.

The shields should be bonded directly to the coupling-bar using uninsulated metal cable-clamps. Keep the length of the exposed power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away.

The coupling-bar may be grounded to a known low-impedance ground nearby, for example a large metallic structure which is connected closely to the drive ground.

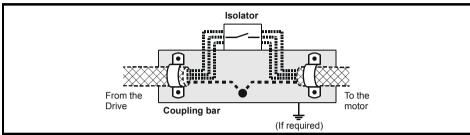


Figure 4-26 Connecting the motor cable to an isolator/disconnect switch

Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building

The input/output ports for the control circuits are designed for general use within machines and small systems without any special precautions.

These circuits meet the requirements of EN 61000-6-2:2005 (1 kV surge) provided the 0V connection is not grounded.

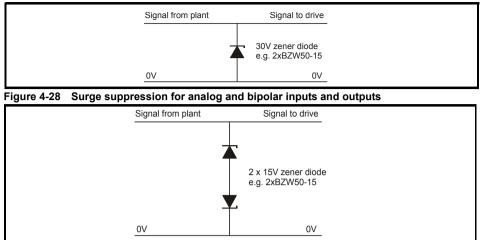
In applications where they may be exposed to high-energy voltage surges, some special measures may be required to prevent malfunction or damage. Surges may be caused by lightning or severe power faults in association with grounding arrangements which permit high transient voltages between nominally grounded points. This is a particular risk where the circuits extend outside the protection of a building.

As a general rule, if the circuits are to pass outside the building where the drive is located, or if cable runs within a building exceed 30 m, some additional precautions are advisable. One of the following techniques should be used:

- 1. Galvanic isolation, i.e. do not connect the control 0V terminal to ground. Avoid loops in the control wiring, i.e. ensure every control wire is accompanied by its return (0V) wire.
- 2. Shielded cable with additional power ground bonding. The cable shield may be connected to ground at both ends, but in addition the ground conductors at both ends of the cable must be bonded together by a power ground cable (equipotential bonding cable) with cross-sectional area of at least 10 mm², or 10 times the area of the signal cable shield, or to suit the electrical safety requirements of the plant. This ensures that fault or surge current passes mainly through the ground cable and not in the signal cable shield. If the building or plant has a well-designed common bonded network this precaution is not necessary.
- Additional over-voltage suppression for the analog and digital inputs and outputs, a zener diode network or a commercially available surge suppressor may be connected in parallel with the input circuit as shown in Figure 4-27 and Figure 4-28.

If a digital port experiences a severe surge its protective trip may operate (I/O Overload trip code 26). For continued operation after such an event, the trip can be reset automatically by setting Pr **10.034** to 5.

Figure 4-27 Surge suppression for digital and unipolar inputs and outputs



Surge suppression devices are available as rail-mounting modules, e.g. from Phoenix Contact:

Unipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 DC Bipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 AC

These devices are not suitable for encoder signals or fast digital data networks because the capacitance of the diodes adversely affects the signal. Most encoders have galvanic isolation of the signal circuit from the motor frame, in which case no precautions are required. For data networks, follow the specific recommendations for the particular network.

Technical data

UL listing information

5 Technical data

5.1 Drive technical data

5.1.1 Power and current ratings

For a full explanation of 'Normal Duty' and 'Heavy Duty' refer to the Control User Guide.

The continuous current ratings given are for maximum 40 °C (104 °F), 1000 m altitude and 3 kHz switching frequency (unless stated otherwise). Derating is required for higher switching frequencies, ambient temperature >40 °C (104 °F) and high altitude. For further information, refer to *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 91.

| | | Norma | l Duty | | Heavy Duty | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Model | Max cont output current | Nominal power at 230 V | Motor power at 230 V | Peak current | Max cont output current | Open loop peak current | RFC peak current | Nominal power at 230 V | Motor power at 230 V | | | |
| | Α | kW | hp | Α | Α | Α | Α | kW | hp | | | |
| 07200610 | 75 | 18.5 | 25 | 82.5 | 61 | 91.5 | 122 | 15 | 20 | | | |
| 07200750 | 94 | 22 | 30 | 103.4 | 75 | 112.5 | 150 | 18.5 | 25 | | | |
| 07200830 | 117 | 30 | 40 | 128.7 | 83 | 124.5 | 166 | 22 | 30 | | | |
| 08201160 | 149 | 37 | 50 | 163.9 | 116 | 174 | 232 | 30 | 40 | | | |
| 08201320 | 180 | 45 | 60 | 198 | 132 | 198 | 264 | 37 | 50 | | | |
| 09201760 | 216 | 55 | 75 | 237.6 | 176 | 264 | 308 | 45 | 60 | | | |
| 09202190 | 266 | 75 | 100 | 292.6 | 219 | 328.5 | 383.25 | 55 | 75 | | | |
| 10202830 | 325 | 90 | 125 | 357.5 | 283 | 424.5 | 495.25 | 75 | 100 | | | |
| 10203000 | 360 | 110 | 150 | 396 | 300 | 450 | 525 | 90 | 125 | | | |

Table 5-1 200 V drive ratings (200 V to 240 V ±10 %)

Table 5-2 400 V drive ratings (380 V to 480 V ±10 %)

| | | Norma | al Duty | | Heavy Duty | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Model | Max cont output current | Nominal power at 400 V | Motor power at 460 V | Peak current | Max cont output current | Open loop peak current | RFC peak current | Nominal power at 400 V | Motor power at 460 V | | | |
| | Α | kW | hp | Α | Α | Α | Α | kW | hp | | | |
| 07400660 | 79 | 37 | 60 | 86.9 | 66 | 99 | 132 | 30 | 50 | | | |
| 07400770 | 94 | 45 | 60 | 103.4 | 77 | 115.5 | 154 | 37 | 60 | | | |
| 07401000 | 112 | 55 | 75 | 123.2 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 45 | 75 | | | |
| 08401340 | 155 | 75 | 100 | 170.5 | 134 | 201 | 268 | 55 | 100 | | | |
| 08401570 | 184 | 90 | 150 | 202.4 | 157 | 235.5 | 314 | 75 | 125 | | | |
| 09402000 | 221 | 110 | 150 | 243.1 | 200* | 300 | 350 | 90 | 150 | | | |
| 09402240 | 266* | 132 | 200 | 292.6 | 224* | 336 | 392 | 110 | 150 | | | |
| 10402700 | 320 | 160 | 250 | 352 | 270 | 405 | 472.5 | 132 | 200 | | | |
| 10403200 | 361 | 200 | 300 | 397.1 | 320* | 480 | 560 | 160 | 250 | | | |

* These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to section 5.1.2 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 91.

| | | Norma | al Duty | | Heavy Duty | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Model | Max cont output current | Nominal power at 575 V | Motor power at 575 V | Peak current | Max cont output current | Open loop peak current | RFC peak current | Nominal power at 575 V | Motor power at 575 V | | | |
| | Α | kW | hp | Α | Α | Α | Α | kW | hp | | | |
| 07500440 | 53 | 45 | 50 | 58.3 | 44 | 66 | 88 | 30 | 40 | | | |
| 07500550 | 73 | 55 | 60 | 80.3 | 55 | 82.5 | 110 | 37 | 50 | | | |
| 08500630 | 86 | 75 | 75 | 94.6 | 63 | 94.5 | 126 | 45 | 60 | | | |
| 08500860 | 108 | 90 | 100 | 118.8 | 86 | 129 | 172 | 55 | 75 | | | |
| 09501040 | 125 | 110 | 125 | 137.5 | 104 | 156 | 182 | 75 | 100 | | | |
| 09501310 | 150 | 110 | 150 | 165 | 131 | 196.5 | 229.25 | 90 | 125 | | | |
| 10501520 | 200 | 130 | 200 | 220 | 152 | 228 | 266 | 110 | 150 | | | |
| 10501900 | 200 | 150 | 200 | 220 | 190 | 285 | 332.5 | 132 | 200 | | | |

Table 5-3 575 V drive ratings (500 V to 575 V ±10 %)

| Table 5-4 | 690 V drive | ratings (500 | V to 690 V ±10 %) |
|-----------|-------------|--------------|-------------------|
|-----------|-------------|--------------|-------------------|

| | | Norma | al Duty | | | | Heavy Du | ıty | |
|----------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Model | Max cont output current | Nominal power at 690 V | Motor power at 690 V | Peak current | Max cont output current | Open loop peak current | RFC peak current | Nominal power at 690 V | Motor power at 690 V |
| | Α | kW | hp | Α | Α | Α | Α | kW | hp |
| 07600190 | 23 | 18.5 | 25 | 25.3 | 19 | 28.5 | 38 | 15 | 20 |
| 07600240 | 30 | 22 | 30 | 33 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 18.5 | 25 |
| 07600290 | 36 | 30 | 40 | 39.6 | 29 | 43.5 | 58 | 22 | 30 |
| 07600380 | 46 | 37 | 50 | 50.6 | 38 | 57 | 76 | 30 | 40 |
| 07600440 | 52 | 45 | 60 | 57.2 | 44 | 66 | 88 | 37 | 50 |
| 07600540 | 73 | 55 | 75 | 80.3 | 54 | 81 | 108 | 45 | 60 |
| 08600630 | 86 | 75 | 100 | 94.6 | 63 | 94.5 | 126 | 55 | 75 |
| 08600860 | 108 | 90 | 125 | 118.8 | 86 | 129 | 172 | 75 | 100 |
| 09601040 | 125 | 110 | 150 | 137.5 | 104 | 156 | 182 | 90 | 125 |
| 09601310 | 155 | 132 | 175 | 170.5 | 131 | 196.5 | 229.25 | 110 | 150 |
| 10601500 | 172 | 160 | 200 | 189.2 | 150 | 225 | 262.5 | 132 | 175 |
| 10601780 | 197 | 185 | 250 | 216.7 | 178 | 267 | 311.5 | 160 | 200 |

5.1.2 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)

| | | Normal Duty | | | | | | | | Heavy Duty | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--------------|--------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Model | Norr rati | ninal ing | | tput c | | t (A) fe | or the | ontinuc follow cies | | - | ninal ing | | tput c | urrent | missib (A) fo ıg freq | r the f | ollowi | |
| | kW | hp | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | kW | hp | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz |
| 200 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07200610 | 18.5 | 25 | | | 75 | | | 74.3 | 59.7 | 15 | 20 | | | 6 | 1 | | | 53.1 |
| 07200750 | 22 | 30 | | 94 | | | | 74.3 | 59.7 | 18.5 | 25 | | | 75 | | | 65.3 | 53.1 |
| 07200830 | 30 | 40 | | | | 114 | 96 | 74.3 | 59.7 | 22 | 30 | | 8 | 3 | | 80.5 | 65.6 | 53.1 |
| 08201160 | 37 | 50 | | 14 | 49 | | 146 | 125.2 | 93 | 30 | 40 | | 116 | | 113.7 | 103 | 89.3 | 80.5 |
| 08201320 | 45 | 60 | 180 10 | | | 160.2 | 148.8 | 126 | 93 | 37 | 50 | 1: | 32 | 126.7 | 114 | 103 | 89.8 | 80.5 |
| 09201760 | 55 | 75 | 216 | | | | 184 | 128 | 93 | 45 | 60 | | 1 | 76 | | 153 | 110 | 81 |
| 09202190 | 75 | 100 | 26 | 66 | 258 | 218 | 184 | 128 | 93 | 55 | 75 | 2 | 19 | 212 | 180 | 153 | 110 | 81 |
| 10202830 | 90 | 125 | | 325 | | | 266 | 194 | 144 | 75 | 100 | | 283 | | 264 | 228 | 170 | 127 |
| 10203000 | 110 | 150 | | 360 | | 313 | 266 | 194 | 144 | 90 | 125 | | 300 | | 264 | 228 | 171 | 129 |
| 400 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07400660 | 37 | 60 | | | 79 | | | 63 | 53.6 | 30 | 50 | | 66 | | 57 | 48 | 41 | 34 |
| 07400770 | 45 | 60 | | 9 | 4 | | 80.6 | 63 | 53.6 | 37 | 60 | 77 | | 70 | 59 | 51 | 44 | 37 |
| 07401000 | 55 | 75 | | 112 | | 95.2 | 80.6 | 63 | 53.8 | 45 | 75 | 1(| 100 88 | | 73 | 61 | 48 | 41 |
| 08401340 | 75 | 100 | | 1 | 55 | | 132 | 98 | 77 | 55 | 100 | 1; | 134 1 | | 109 | 91 | 72 | 57 |
| 08401570 | 90 | 150 | | 184 | | 169 | 142 | 106.7 | 77 | 75 | 125 | 1 | 57 | 143 | 121 | 104 | 80.1 | 65 |
| 09402000 | 110 | 150 | | 221 | | 192 | 159 | 108 | 77 | 90 | 150 | 200 | 18 | 80 | 157 | 130 | 92 | 65 |
| 09402240 | 132 | 200 | 266 | 255 | 231 | 192 | 160 | 109 | 77 | 110 | 150 | 224 | 211 | 190 | 157 | 130 | 92 | 65 |
| 10402700 | 160 | 250 | | 320 | | 285 | 238 | 173 | 124 | 132 | 200 | | 270 | | 237 | 200 | 147 | 108 |
| 10403200 | 200 | 300 | 36 | 61 | 339 | 285 | 238 | 173 | 126 | 160 | 250 | 320 | 307 | 282 | 237 | 202 | 147 | 109 |
| 575 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07500440 | 45 | 50 | | 53 | | 51.8 | 40.2 | 27.7 | 21.2 | 30 | 40 | | 44 | | 39.2 | 30.8 | 21.6 | 16.7 |
| 07500550 | 55 | 60 | 7 | 3 | 71.5 | 51.8 | 40.2 | 27.7 | 21.2 | 37 | 50 | 5 | 5 | 52.8 | 39.2 | 30.8 | 21.6 | 17.1 |
| 08500630 | 75 | 75 | | 8 | 6 | • | 73.1 | 49.7 | 37.8 | 45 | 60 | | 6 | 3 | : | 53.3 | 37.2 | 28.4 |
| 08500860 | 90 | 100 | | 108 | | 91.8 | 73.1 | 49.7 | 37.8 | 55 | 75 | | 86 | | 67.1 | 53.3 | 37.8 | 28.4 |
| 09501040 | 110 | 125 | | 12 | 25 | | 101 | 71 | 54 | 75 | 100 | | 1(| 04 | | 85 | 61 | 47 |
| 09501310 | 110 | 150 | | 150 | | 126 | 100 | 70 | 54 | 90 | 125 | | 131 | | 106 | 85 | 61 | 47 |
| 10501520 | 130 | 200 | 200 168 12 | | 126 | 100 | 70 | 54 | 110 | 150 | 152 138 | | 106 | 85 | 61 | 47 | | |

Table 5-5 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient

Safety information

Product information

Mechanical installation

Electrical installation

Technical data

UL listing information

| | | | | No | ormal I | Duty | | | | Heavy Duty | | | | | | | | |
|----------|------|--------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------|----------|---|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------|---|------|------|------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Model | | ninal ing | | tput c | urrent | t (A) fo | missible continuous (A) for the following g frequencies | | | | ninal ing | Maximum permissible continuous output current (A) for the following switching frequencies | | | | | | |
| | kW | hp | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | kW | hp | 2 3 4 6 kHz* kHz kHz kH | | | | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz |
| 10501900 | 150 | 200 | | 200 | | 152 | 116 | 76 | 54 | 132 | 200 | 190 | 190 | 186 | 137 | 106 | 70 | 51 |
| 690 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07600190 | 18.5 | 25 | | | 2 | 23 | | | 21.2 | 15 | 20 | | | 1 | 9 | | | 16.7 |
| 07600240 | 22 | 30 | | | 30 | | | 27.9 | 21.2 | 18.5 | 25 | 24 | | | | | 16.6 | |
| 07600290 | 30 | 40 | | 36 28.1 21.2 22 30 29 | | | | | | | | | 21.8 | 16.5 | | | | |
| 07600380 | 37 | 50 | | 4 | 6 | | 40.5 | 28.1 | 21.2 | 30 | 40 | | 3 | 8 | | 30.8 | 21.7 | 16.7 |
| 07600440 | 45 | 60 | | 52 | | 51.5 | 40.6 | 28.1 | 21.2 | 37 | 50 | | 44 | | 38.7 | 30.8 | 21.6 | 16.7 |
| 07600540 | 55 | 75 | 7 | 3 | 71.5 | 51.8 | 40.6 | 28.1 | 21.2 | 45 | 60 | 5 | 4 | 52.9 | 39 | 31 | 21.6 | 16.7 |
| 08600630 | 75 | 100 | | 8 | 6 | | 72.2 | 49.7 | 37.8 | 55 | 75 | | 6 | 3 | | 53.3 | 37 | 28.4 |
| 08600860 | 90 | 125 | | 108 | | 91.8 | 72.4 | 49.7 | 37.8 | 75 | 100 | | 86 | | 67.1 | 53.3 | 37 | 28.4 |
| 09601040 | 110 | 150 | | 12 | 25 | - | 100 | 71 | 54 | 90 | 125 | | 10 |)4 | | 85 | 61 | 47 |
| 09601310 | 132 | 175 | | 155 | | 126 | 100 | 71 | 54 | 110 | 150 |) 131 105 8 | | | | 85 | 62 | 47 |
| 10601500 | 160 | 200 | 17 | 72 | 169 | 126 | 100 | 71 | 55 | 132 | 175 | 15 | 50 | 138 | 105 | 86 | 62 | 47 |
| 10601780 | 185 | 250 | | 197 | | 154 | 114 | 75 | 55 | 160 | 200 | | 178 | - | 137 | 105 | 69 | 52 |

* For Unidrive M200 to M400 the 0.667 and 1 kHz value is the same as the 2 kHz value.

| | | | No | rmal D | uty | | | Heavy Duty | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---------------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|--|--|
| Model | | cu | rrent (A switchi |) for the ng freq | e follow uencies | | | | cu | n permis rrent (A switchi |) for the ng freq | e followi uencies | ng | | | |
| | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | | |
| 200 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07200610 | | | 75 | | | 59.7 | 48.8 | | | 61 | | | 53.1 | 43.2 | | |
| 07200750 | | 94 | | 92.1 | 80 | 59.7 | 48.9 | 75 | | | | 69.8 | 53.1 | 43.2 | | |
| 07200830 | 11 | 17 | 112 | 92.4 | 80 | 59.7 | 49.1 | | 83 | | 81.3 | 69.7 | 53.1 | 43.2 | | |
| 08201160 | | 149 | | 147 | 133 | 113 | 84 | | 116 | | 104 | 95.1 | 81.8 | 72 | | |
| 08201320 | 18 | 30 | 167 | 148 | 133 | 113 | 84 | 132 | 125 | 117 | 104 | 95.1 | 81.8 | 72 | | |
| 09201760 | | 216 | | 197 | 168 | 117 | 84 | | 176 | | 165 | 140 | 100 | 72 | | |
| 09202190 | 253 | 237 | 221 | 197 | 168 | 117 | 85 | 219 | 210 | 195 | 166 | 140 | 101 | 72 | | |
| 10202830 | 325 | 320 | 302 | 266 | 241 | 176 | 130 | 28 | 33 | 279 | 241 | 207 | 153 | 114 | | |
| 10203000 | 346 320 302 2 | | | 266 | 241 | 176 | 130 | 30 | 00 | 279 | 243 | 207 | 153 | 114 | | |
| 400 V | · · · · · · | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07400660 | 79 | | | | 73.5 | 57.7 | 49 | | 66 | | 55 | 45 | 38 | 30 | | |
| 07400770 | 94 | | 86.5 | 73.3 | 58.3 | 49 | 77 | | 70 | 57 | 48 | 41 | 34 | | | |
| 07401000 | 11 | 12 | 109 | 87.4 | 72.8 | 58.3 | 49.3 | 100 | 91 | 80 | 65 | 55 | 44 | 37 | | |
| 08401340 | | 155 | | 146 | 123 | 93 | 69 | 134 | | 120 | 99 | 85 | 69 | 55 | | |
| 08401570 | 18 | 34 | 180 | 146 | 123 | 93.8 | 69 | 157 | 146 | 132 | 110 | 94.2 | 73.8 | 58 | | |
| 09402000 | 22 | 21 | 213 | 175 | 144 | 97 | 69 | 200 | 180 | 174 | 143 | 119 | 83 | 58 | | |
| 09402240 | 253 | 237 | 213 | 176 | 144 | 98 | 69 | 213 | 193 | 175 | 143 | 119 | 83 | 58 | | |
| 10402700 | 32 | 20 | 300 | 259 | 217 | 154 | 112 | 27 | 70 | 259 | 214 | 182 | 131 | 97 | | |
| 10403200 | 343 | 321 | 300 | 260 | 217 | 155 | 112 | 307 | 282 | 259 | 214 | 182 | 131 | 99 | | |
| 575 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07500440 | | 53 | | 46.7 | 35.8 | 24.8 | 19 | | 44 | | 35.2 | 28.1 | 19.3 | 15 | | |
| 07500550 | 7 | 3 | 65 | 46.7 | 35.8 | 24.8 | 19 | 5 | 5 | 48.4 | 35.2 | 28.1 | 19.3 | 15 | | |
| 08500630 | | 86 | • | 76.7 | 64.5 | 44.3 | 31.3 | | 63 | • | 61.1 | 48.5 | 33.4 | 24.9 | | |
| 08500860 | 104 | 97.2 | 90.7 | 76.7 | 64.8 | 44.3 | 31.3 | 86 80.8 | | 61.1 | 49 | 33.4 | 24.9 | | | |
| 09501040 | | 125 | • | 114 | 90 | 62 | 48 | 104 | | • | 97 | 77 | 55 | 42 | | |
| 09501310 | | 150 | | 114 | 90 | 62 | 48 | 131 1 | | 126 | 97 | 77 | 55 | 42 | | |
| 10501520 | 200 | 184 | 154 | 114 | 90 | 62 | 48 | 152 | 150 | 126 | 97 | 78 | 55 | 43 | | |
| 10501900 | 20 | 00 | 196 | 134 | 102 | 66 | 48 | 19 | 90 | 171 | 124 | 95 | 63 | 46 | | |

Table 5-6 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50 °C (122 °F)

Safety information

Product information

Mechanical installation

Electrical installation

Technical data

UL listing information

| | | | No | ormal D | uty | | | | | Н | eavy Du | ity | | | |
|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|---|-----------|-----------|---------|------|------|------|--|
| Model | M | cu | rrent (A | sible co) for the ng freq | follow | | ut | Maximum permissible continuous outp current (A) for the following switching frequencies | | | | | | | |
| | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | 2 kHz* | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | | | | | |
| 690 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07600190 | | 23 19 19 30 24.8 19 24 19.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07600240 | | | 30 | | | 24.8 | 19 | | | 24 | | | 19.4 | 14.5 | |
| 07600290 | | 3 | 6 | | 35.8 | 24.8 | 19 | | 19.4 | 14.5 | | | | | |
| 07600380 | | 4 | 6 | | 35.8 | 24.8 | 19 | | 38 | | 35.3 | 27.7 | 19.4 | 14.5 | |
| 07600440 | | 52 | | 46.7 | 35.8 | 25 | 19 | | 44 | | 35.6 | 27.7 | 19.4 | 14.5 | |
| 07600540 | 7 | 3 | 65 | 46.7 | 35.8 | 25 | 19 | 5 | 4 | 48.1 | 35.6 | 27.7 | 19.4 | 14.6 | |
| 08600630 | | 86 | | 76.7 | 64.5 | 44.3 | 31.3 | | 63 | | 61.1 | 48.2 | 33.4 | 24.9 | |
| 08600860 | 104 | 97.2 | 90.7 | 76.7 | 64.8 | 44.3 | 31.3 | 8 | 6 | 80.8 | 61.1 | 48.2 | 33.5 | 24.9 | |
| 09601040 | | 125 | | 114 | 90 | 62 | 48 | | 104 | | 97 | 77 | 55 | 42 | |
| 09601310 | 15 | 55 | 153 | 113 | 89 | 62 | 48 | 131 127 97 77 | | | | | 55 | 42 | |
| 10601500 | 17 | 72 | 153 | 114 | 89 | 62 | 48 | 150 128 96 78 56 | | | | 56 | 42 | | |
| 10601780 | 19 | 97 | 195 | 134 | 102 | 67 | 48 | 178 171 125 94 62 | | | | | | | |

* For Unidrive M200 to M400 the 0.667 and 1 kHz value is the same as the 2 kHz value.

NOTE 55 °C ratings are available on request

5.1.3 Power dissipation

| Table 5-7 Losses @ 40° C (104° F) ambier |
|--|
|--|

| | | | | No | rmal D | uty | | | | Heavy Duty | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------|--------------|-----------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|
| Model | Non rat | ninal ing | | losse nt dera | | | | | | | ninal ing | | ve losse rent de | • • | • | | | | | |
| | kW | hp | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | kW | hp | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | | |
| 200 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07200610 | 18.5 | 25 | 533 | 570 | 597 | 650 | 703 | 885 | 894 | 15 | 20 | 433 | 466 | 488 | 532 | 575 | 666 | 715 | | |
| 07200750 | 22 | 30 | 671 | 718 | 751 | 815 | 881 | 890 | 899 | 18.5 | 25 | 529 | 570 | 597 | 650 | 703 | 710 | 717 | | |
| 07200830 | 30 | 40 | 851 | 911 | 951 | 1004 | 911 | 920 | 929 | 22 | 30 | 589 | 634 | 663 | 720 | 755 | 763 | 770 | | |
| 08201160 | 37 | 50 | 1339 | 1433 | 1536 | 1765 | 1943 | 1962 | 1982 | 30 | 40 | 1026 | 1105 | 1193 | 1343 | 1373 | 1387 | 1401 | | |
| 08201320 | 45 | 60 | 1638 | 1753 | 1894 | 1914 | 1985 | 2005 | 2025 | 37 | 50 | 1260 | 1269 | 1306 | 1349 | 1372 | 1386 | 1400 | | |
| 09201760 (9A) | 55 | 75 | 2028 | 2170 | 2312 | 2596 | 2448 | 2160 | 2031 | 45 | 60 | 1580 | 1701 | 1822 | 2065 | 2022 | 1881 | 1820 | | |
| 09202190 (9A) | 75 | 100 | 2585 | 2754 | 2822 | 2623 | 2448 | 2156 | 2034 | 55 | 75 | 2016 | 2160 | 2227 | 2107 | 2025 | 1874 | 1821 | | |
| 09201760 (9E) | 55 | 75 | 1889 | 2031 | 2174 | 2458 | 2348 | 2112 | 2006 | 45 | 60 | 1488 | 1609 | 1730 | 1973 | 1952 | 1845 | 1801 | | |
| 09202190 (9E) | 75 | 100 | 2375 | 2554 | 2625 | 2482 | 2348 | 2108 | 2009 | 55 | 75 | 1874 | 2017 | 2093 | 2011 | 1956 | 1839 | 1802 | | |
| 10202830 | 90 | 125 | 2478 | 2672 | 2867 | 3123 | 2952 | 2701 | 2554 | 75 | 100 | 2068 | 2240 | 2413 | 2561 | 2494 | 2376 | 2303 | | |
| 10203000 | 110 | 150 | 2802 | 3016 | 3230 | 3126 | 2957 | 2706 | 2554 | 90 | 125 | 2213 | 2394 | 2576 | 2561 | 2494 | 2389 | 2323 | | |
| 400 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07400660 | 37 | 60 | 745 | 830 | 907 | 1062 | 1218 | 1230 | 1242 | 30 | 50 | 616 | 692 | 758 | 773 | 763 | 771 | 778 | | |
| 07400770 | 45 | 60 | 896 | 999 | 1088 | 1264 | 1241 | 1253 | 1266 | 37 | 60 | 723 | 812 | 802 | 800 | 811 | 819 | 827 | | |
| 07401000 | 55 | 75 | 1033 | 1152 | 1247 | 1218 | 1170 | 1182 | 1194 | 45 | 75 | 906 | 1017 | 968 | 936 | 907 | 916 | 925 | | |
| 08401340 | 75 | 100 | 1482 | 1652 | 1817 | 2154 | 2121 | 2142 | 2164 | 55 | 100 | 1224 | 1374 | 1509 | 1521 | 1510 | 1525 | 1540 | | |
| 08401570 | 90 | 150 | 1798 | 2004 | 2191 | 2333 | 2279 | 2302 | 2325 | 75 | 125 | 1373 | 1541 | 1670 | 1674 | 1673 | 1690 | 1707 | | |
| 09402000 (9A) | 110 | 150 | 2431 | 2710 | 2989 | 3075 | 2992 | 2842 | 2833 | 90 | 150 | 2132 | 2136 | 2370 | 2492 | 2475 | 2501 | 2538 | | |
| 09402240 (9A) | 132 | 200 | 3016 | 3191 | 3143 | 3063 | 3000 | 2856 | 2828 | 110 | 150 | 2424 | 2532 | 2511 | 2489 | 2474 | 2498 | 2537 | | |
| 09402000 (9E) | 110 | 150 | 2286 | 2565 | 2844 | 2966 | 2917 | 2807 | 2815 | 90 | 150 | 2014 | 2039 | 2274 | 2418 | 2425 | 2476 | 2526 | | |
| 09402240 (9E) | 132 | 200 | 2806 | 2998 | 2984 | 2955 | 2925 | 2821 | 2811 | 110 | 150 | 2275 | 2400 | 2403 | 2416 | 2424 | 2473 | 2525 | | |
| 10402700 | 160 | 250 | 3210 | 3582 | 3954 | 4148 | 4034 | 3939 | 3843 | 132 | 200 | 2604 | 2923 | 3242 | 3401 | 3391 | 3438 | 3469 | | |
| 10403200 | 200 | 300 | 3703 | 4121 | 4226 | 4154 | 4038 | 3947 | 3874 | 160 | 250 | 3166 | 3376 | 3393 | 3398 | 3419 | 3442 | 3485 | | |
| 575 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07500440 | 45 | 50 | 867 | 1004 | 1139 | 1358 | 1262 | 1275 | 1287 | 30 | 40 | 700 | 817 | 929 | 1028 | 967 | 977 | 986 | | |
| 07500550 | 55 | 60 | 1078 | 1248 | 1375 | 1209 | 1122 | 1133 | 1145 | 37 | 50 | 759 | 886 | 1002 | 914 | 863 | 872 | 880 | | |
| 08500630 | 75 | 75 | 1607 | 1861 | 2180 | 2814 | 2982 | 3012 | 3042 | 45 | 60 | 1153 | 1345 | 1585 | 2136 | 2284 | 2307 | 2330 | | |
| 08500860 | 90 | 100 | 2050 | 2374 | 2753 | 2947 | 2963 | 2993 | 3023 | 55 | 75 | 1554 | 1813 | 2174 | 2212 | 2218 | 2240 | 2263 | | |

Safety information

Product information

Mechanical installation

Electrical installation

Technical data

UL listing information

| | | | | No | rmal D | uty | | | | | | | н | eavy D | uty | | | |
|---------------|--------------|-----|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Model | Norr rati | | Drive losses (W) taking into account any current derating for the given conditions | | | | | | | ninal ing | | ve losse rent de | • • | • | | | | |
| | kW | hp | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | kW | hp | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz |
| 09501040 (9A) | 110 | 125 | 1707 | 1977 | 2247 | 2787 | 2723 | 2731 | 2859 | 75 | 100 | 1372 | 1601 | 1830 | 2288 | 2305 | 2422 | 2603 |
| 09501310 (9A) | 110 | 150 | 2087 | 2410 | 2734 | 2810 | 2692 | 2697 | 2859 | 90 | 125 | 1752 | 2034 | 2316 | 2332 | 2302 | 2412 | 2607 |
| 09501040 (9E) | 110 | 125 | 1595 | 1865 | 2135 | 2675 | 2644 | 2687 | 2831 | 75 | 100 | 1290 | 1519 | 1748 | 2206 | 2246 | 2387 | 2580 |
| 09501310 (9E) | 110 | 150 | 1933 | 2256 | 2580 | 2696 | 2616 | 2654 | 2831 | 90 | 125 | 1630 | 1913 | 2195 | 2247 | 2244 | 2378 | 2584 |
| 10501520 | 130 | 200 | 2692 | 3137 | 2923 | 2696 | 2616 | 2654 | 2831 | 110 | 150 | 1917 | 2245 | 2324 | 2253 | 2243 | 2373 | 2583 |
| 10501900 | 150 | 200 | 2384 | 2797 | 3209 | 3072 | 2946 | 2990 | 3189 | 132 | 200 | 2213 | 2605 | 2933 | 2750 | 2713 | 2818 | 3076 |
| 690 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07600190 | 18.5 | 25 | 363 | 428 | 491 | 617 | 743 | 793 | 970 | 15 | 20 | 303 | 360 | 413 | 519 | 625 | 683 | 790 |
| 07600240 | 22 | 30 | 468 | 551 | 631 | 791 | 952 | 962 | 971 | 18.5 | 25 | 375 | 446 | 513 | 644 | 776 | 784 | 792 |
| 07600290 | 30 | 40 | 560 | 660 | 754 | 941 | 1129 | 1140 | 1152 | 22 | 30 | 449 | 533 | 610 | 765 | 920 | 929 | 938 |
| 07600380 | 37 | 50 | 725 | 854 | 971 | 1206 | 1271 | 1284 | 1297 | 30 | 40 | 587 | 697 | 796 | 993 | 966 | 976 | 985 |
| 07600440 | 45 | 60 | 836 | 985 | 1117 | 1350 | 1275 | 1288 | 1301 | 37 | 50 | 687 | 817 | 929 | 1015 | 967 | 977 | 986 |
| 07600540 | 55 | 75 | 1059 | 1248 | 1375 | 1209 | 1122 | 1133 | 1145 | 45 | 60 | 747 | 888 | 1004 | 909 | 869 | 878 | 886 |
| 08600630 | 75 | 100 | 1579 | 1861 | 2180 | 2814 | 2945 | 2974 | 3004 | 55 | 75 | 1132 | 1345 | 1585 | 2136 | 2284 | 2307 | 2330 |
| 08600860 | 90 | 125 | 2015 | 2374 | 2753 | 2947 | 2935 | 2964 | 2994 | 75 | 100 | 1526 | 1813 | 2174 | 2212 | 2218 | 2240 | 2263 |
| 09601040 (9A) | 110 | 150 | 1878 | 2213 | 2548 | 3218 | 3155 | 3266 | 3465 | 90 | 125 | 1513 | 1798 | 2083 | 2653 | 2714 | 2910 | 3161 |
| 09601310 (9A) | 132 | 175 | 2384 | 2797 | 3211 | 3232 | 3155 | 3267 | 3474 | 110 | 150 | 1931 | 2281 | 2631 | 2677 | 2711 | 2917 | 3174 |
| 09601040 (9E) | 110 | 150 | 1730 | 2065 | 2400 | 3070 | 3058 | 3215 | 3434 | 90 | 125 | 1409 | 1694 | 1979 | 2549 | 2643 | 2872 | 3138 |
| 09601310 (9E) | 132 | 175 | 2160 | 2573 | 2986 | 3083 | 3058 | 3216 | 3443 | 110 | 150 | 1769 | 2119 | 2469 | 2571 | 2639 | 2878 | 3150 |
| 10601500 | 160 | 200 | 2420 | 2882 | 3270 | 3083 | 3052 | 3192 | 3472 | 132 | 175 | 2042 | 2441 | 2604 | 2571 | 2648 | 2876 | 3128 |
| 10601780 | 185 | 250 | 2614 | 3132 | 3649 | 3667 | 3495 | 3633 | 3993 | 160 | 200 | 2305 | 2774 | 3242 | 3265 | 3237 | 3442 | 3839 |

| | ve loss rrent de 3 kHz | | | | count a | | Drive | losses | (W) taki | ng into | accour | nt any c | urrent |
|--------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| kHz* 538 | • | - | e | | conunit | ons | | | | | en cond | | |
| | | | ь kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 678 | 570 | 597 | 650 | 703 | 710 | 717 | 430 | 466 | 488 | 532 | 575 | 581 | 587 |
| 070 | 718 | 751 | 799 | 750 | 758 | 765 | 526 | 570 | 597 | 650 | 654 | 661 | 667 |
| 848 | 898 | 898 | 805 | 751 | 759 | 766 | 585 | 634 | 663 | 705 | 653 | 660 | 666 |
| 1353 | 1433 | 1536 | 1741 | 1770 | 1788 | 1806 | 1020 | 1105 | 1193 | 1228 | 1277 | 1290 | 1303 |
| 1640 | 1737 | 1740 | 1759 | 1771 | 1789 | 1807 | 1110 | 1202 | 1206 | 1228 | 1278 | 1291 | 1304 |
| 2028 | 2170 | 2312 | 2354 | 2256 | 2010 | 1910 | 1580 | 1701 | 1822 | 1943 | 1867 | 1757 | 1700 |
| 2431 | 2405 | 2368 | 2358 | 2245 | 2015 | 1922 | 2016 | 2063 | 2029 | 1954 | 1868 | 1763 | 1701 |
| 1889 | 2031 | 2174 | 2240 | 2172 | 1970 | 1889 | 1488 | 1609 | 1730 | 1862 | 1808 | 1728 | 1684 |
| 2241 | 2239 | 2223 | 2243 | 2161 | 1975 | 1900 | 1874 | 1932 | 1916 | 1872 | 1810 | 1733 | 1686 |
| 2478 | 2625 | 2641 | 2625 | 2671 | 2490 | 2379 | 2068 | 2240 | 2375 | 2326 | 2271 | 2185 | 2141 |
| 2666 | 2629 | 2643 | 2629 | 2678 | 2495 | 2374 | 2213 | 2394 | 2375 | 2350 | 2275 | 2187 | 2141 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 744 | 830 | 907 | 1062 | 1141 | 1152 | 1164 | 616 | 692 | 758 | 751 | 725 | 732 | 740 |
| 895 | 999 | 1087 | 1163 | 1138 | 1149 | 1161 | 720 | 808 | 804 | 779 | 773 | 781 | 789 |
| 1018 | 1136 | 1200 | 1118 | 1074 | 1085 | 1096 | 821 | 922 | 878 | 838 | 828 | 836 | 845 |
| 1480 | 1652 | 1815 | 2016 | 1970 | 1990 | 2010 | 1256 | 1410 | 1392 | 1391 | 1432 | 1446 | 1461 |
| 1754 | 1957 | 2114 | 1998 | 1979 | 1999 | 2019 | 1393 | 1564 | 1539 | 1518 | 1531 | 1546 | 1562 |
| 2431 | 2710 | 2872 | 2799 | 2737 | 2639 | 2652 | 2132 | 2136 | 2290 | 2289 | 2305 | 2342 | 2399 |
| 2837 | 2926 | 2870 | 2814 | 2737 | 2660 | 2665 | 2286 | 2294 | 2300 | 2294 | 2300 | 2340 | 2404 |
| 2286 | 2565 | 2738 | 2709 | 2675 | 2611 | 2638 | 2014 | 2039 | 2200 | 2228 | 2262 | 2322 | 2389 |
| 2648 | 2760 | 2735 | 2723 | 2675 | 2632 | 2651 | 2152 | 2184 | 2209 | 2233 | 2258 | 2320 | 2394 |
| 3210 | 3582 | 3681 | 3765 | 3700 | 3597 | 3591 | 2604 | 2923 | 3105 | 3081 | 3125 | 3165 | 3262 |
| 3482 | 3598 | 3676 | 3776 | 3694 | 3625 | 3589 | 3018 | 3062 | 3105 | 3087 | 3131 | 3168 | 3300 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 936 | 988 | 1115 | 1225 | 1144 | 1155 | 1167 | 705 | 817 | 923 | 923 | 898 | 907 | 916 |
| | | - | | | | - | | - | | | | | 825 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2287 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2088 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2000 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2453 |
| | 2431 1889 22241 2478 2666 895 1018 1480 1754 2431 2837 2286 2648 3210 3482 | 2431 2405 1889 2031 2241 2239 2478 2625 2666 2629 744 830 895 999 1018 1136 1480 1652 1754 1957 2431 2710 2837 2926 2648 2760 3210 3582 3482 3598 1161 1225 1753 1850 1985 989 1161 1225 1753 1850 | 2431 2405 2368 1889 2031 2174 2241 2239 2223 2478 2625 2641 2666 2629 2643 744 830 907 895 999 1087 1018 1136 1200 1480 1652 1815 1754 1957 2114 2431 2710 2872 2837 2926 2870 2286 2565 2738 2648 2760 2735 3210 3582 3681 3482 3598 3676 936 988 1115 1161 1225 1228 1753 1850 2172 180 2090 2291 | 2431 2405 2368 2358 1889 2031 2174 2240 2241 2239 2223 2243 2478 2625 2641 2625 2666 2629 2643 2629 2666 2629 2643 2629 744 830 907 1062 895 999 1087 1163 1018 1136 1200 1118 1480 1652 1815 2016 1754 1957 2114 1998 2431 2710 2872 2799 2837 2926 2870 2814 2266 2565 2738 2709 2648 2760 2735 2723 3210 3582 3681 3765 3482 3598 3676 3776 936 988 1115 1225 1161 1225 1228 1098 < | 2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 744 830 907 1062 1141 895 999 1087 1163 1138 1018 1136 1200 1118 1074 1480 1652 1815 2016 1970 1754 1957 2114 1998 1979 2431 2710 2872 2799 2737 2837 2926 2870 2814 2737 2848 2760 2735 2723 2675 2648 2760 2735 2723 2675 3642 3598 3676 3776 3694 988 1115 1225 1144 | 2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 895 999 1087 1163 1138 1149 1018 1136 1200 1118 1074 1085 1480 1652 1815 2016 1970 1990 1754 1957 2114 1998 1979 1999 2431 2710 2872 2799 2737 2639 2687 2926 2870 2814 2737 2660 2768 2760 2735 2723 2675 2611 2648 2760 2735 <td< td=""><td>2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 895 999 1087 1163 1138 1149 1161 1018 1136 1200 1118 1074 1085 1096 1480 1652 1815 2016 1970 1990 2010 1754 1957 2114 1988 1979 1999 2019 2431 2710 2872 2799 2737 2660 2665 2837 2926 2870 2814 2737 2660</td><td>2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2068 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 616 895 999 1087 1163 1138 1149 1161 720 1018 1136 1200 1118 1074 1085 1096 821 1480 1652 1815 2016 1970 1990 2010 1256 1754 1957 2114 1988 1979 1999 2019 1393 2431 2710 2872 2799</td><td>2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 2063 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 1609 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 1932 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2068 2240 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 616 692 895 999 1087 1163 1138 1149 1161 720 808 1018 1136 1200 1118 1074 1085 1096 821 922 1480 1652 1815 2016 1970 1990 2010 1256 1410 1754 1957 2114 1972</td><td>2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 2063 2029 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 1609 1730 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 1932 1916 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2068 2240 2375 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 2375 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 2375 2666 2629 2643 1621 1141 1152 1164 616 692 758 899 1087 1163 1138 1149 1161 720 808 804 1018 1152 1815 2016 1970 1990 2010</td></td<> <td>2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 2063 2029 1954 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 1609 1730 1862 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 1932 1916 1872 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2068 2240 2375 2350 2478 2625 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 2375 2350 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 616 692 758 751 895 999 1087 1163 1138 1149 1161 720 808 804 779 1018 1136 1174 1085 1096 821 922 878 838</td> <td>2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 2063 2029 1954 1868 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 1609 1730 1862 1808 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 1932 1916 1872 1810 2478 2625 2641 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 2375 2326 2271 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 2375 2305 2275 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 616 692 758 751 725 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 616 692 758 751 725 744 830 907</td> <td>2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 2063 2029 1954 1868 1773 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 1609 1730 1862 1808 1728 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 1932 1916 1872 1810 1733 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2068 2240 2375 2326 2271 2185 2666 2629 2643 2629 2671 2490 2379 2068 240 2375 2326 2271 2185 2666 2629 2643 1629 1614 1152 1164 616 692 758 751 725 732 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 710 1311 1440<!--</td--></td> | 2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 895 999 1087 1163 1138 1149 1161 1018 1136 1200 1118 1074 1085 1096 1480 1652 1815 2016 1970 1990 2010 1754 1957 2114 1988 1979 1999 2019 2431 2710 2872 2799 2737 2660 2665 2837 2926 2870 2814 2737 2660 | 2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2068 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 616 895 999 1087 1163 1138 1149 1161 720 1018 1136 1200 1118 1074 1085 1096 821 1480 1652 1815 2016 1970 1990 2010 1256 1754 1957 2114 1988 1979 1999 2019 1393 2431 2710 2872 2799 | 2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 2063 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 1609 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 1932 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2068 2240 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 616 692 895 999 1087 1163 1138 1149 1161 720 808 1018 1136 1200 1118 1074 1085 1096 821 922 1480 1652 1815 2016 1970 1990 2010 1256 1410 1754 1957 2114 1972 | 2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 2063 2029 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 1609 1730 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 1932 1916 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2068 2240 2375 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 2375 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 2375 2666 2629 2643 1621 1141 1152 1164 616 692 758 899 1087 1163 1138 1149 1161 720 808 804 1018 1152 1815 2016 1970 1990 2010 | 2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 2063 2029 1954 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 1609 1730 1862 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 1932 1916 1872 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2068 2240 2375 2350 2478 2625 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 2375 2350 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 616 692 758 751 895 999 1087 1163 1138 1149 1161 720 808 804 779 1018 1136 1174 1085 1096 821 922 878 838 | 2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 2063 2029 1954 1868 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 1609 1730 1862 1808 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 1932 1916 1872 1810 2478 2625 2641 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 2375 2326 2271 2666 2629 2643 2629 2678 2495 2374 2213 2394 2375 2305 2275 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 616 692 758 751 725 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 616 692 758 751 725 744 830 907 | 2431 2405 2368 2358 2245 2015 1922 2016 2063 2029 1954 1868 1773 1889 2031 2174 2240 2172 1970 1889 1488 1609 1730 1862 1808 1728 2241 2239 2223 2243 2161 1975 1900 1874 1932 1916 1872 1810 1733 2478 2625 2641 2625 2671 2490 2379 2068 2240 2375 2326 2271 2185 2666 2629 2643 2629 2671 2490 2379 2068 240 2375 2326 2271 2185 2666 2629 2643 1629 1614 1152 1164 616 692 758 751 725 732 744 830 907 1062 1141 1152 1164 710 1311 1440 </td |

Table 5-8 Losses @ 50° C (122° F) ambient

Safety information

Product information

Mechanical installation

Electrical installation

Technical data

UL listing information

| | | | No | rmal D | uty | | | | | н | eavy Dı | ıty | | | |
|---------------|-----------|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Model | | ive loss rrent de | | | | | | Drive losses (W) taking into account any current derating for the given conditions | | | | | | | |
| | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | |
| 09501040 (9E) | 1595 | 1865 | 2135 | 2443 | 2392 | 2460 | 2674 | 1290 | 1519 | 1748 | 2067 | 2072 | 2229 | 2436 | |
| 09501310 (9E) | 1933 | 2256 | 2580 | 2448 | 2392 | 2447 | 2652 | 1630 | 1913 | 2109 | 2071 | 2078 | 2229 | 2434 | |
| 10501520 | 2692 | 2841 | 2654 | 2448 | 2392 | 2447 | 2652 | 1917 | 2220 | 2112 | 2077 | 2083 | 2222 | 2452 | |
| 10501900 | 2384 | 2797 | 3141 | 2743 | 2672 | 2766 | 3036 | 2213 | 2605 | 2686 | 2516 | 2496 | 2651 | 2933 | |
| 690 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07600190 | 359 | 428 | 491 | 617 | 743 | 750 | 758 | 301 | 360 | 413 | 519 | 625 | 631 | 638 | |
| 07600240 | 463 | 551 | 631 | 791 | 958 | 968 | 977 | 373 | 446 | 513 | 644 | 776 | 784 | 792 | |
| 07600290 | 554 | 660 | 754 | 944 | 1144 | 1155 | 1167 | 446 | 533 | 610 | 765 | 809 | 817 | 825 | |
| 07600380 | 717 | 854 | 965 | 1206 | 1144 | 1155 | 1167 | 583 | 697 | 796 | 926 | 885 | 894 | 903 | |
| 07600440 | 814 | 969 | 1094 | 1225 | 1144 | 1155 | 1167 | 683 | 817 | 923 | 933 | 885 | 894 | 903 | |
| 07600540 | 1029 | 1225 | 1228 | 1098 | 1030 | 1040 | 1051 | 758 | 906 | 908 | 837 | 797 | 805 | 813 | |
| 08600630 | 1553 | 1850 | 2172 | 2540 | 2672 | 2699 | 2726 | 1125 | 1345 | 1585 | 2292 | 2229 | 2251 | 2274 | |
| 08600860 | 1755 | 2090 | 2291 | 2540 | 2684 | 2711 | 2738 | 1543 | 1845 | 2029 | 2039 | 2014 | 2034 | 2054 | |
| 09601040 (9A) | 1878 | 2213 | 2548 | 2933 | 2882 | 2974 | 3248 | 1513 | 1798 | 2083 | 2483 | 2502 | 2721 | 2994 | |
| 09601310 (9A) | 2384 | 2797 | 3175 | 2918 | 2855 | 2974 | 3249 | 1931 | 2281 | 2548 | 2488 | 2509 | 2718 | 2991 | |
| 09601040 (9E) | 1730 | 2065 | 2400 | 2810 | 2803 | 2934 | 3223 | 1409 | 1694 | 1979 | 2392 | 2443 | 2690 | 2974 | |
| 09601310 (9E) | 2160 | 2573 | 2955 | 2796 | 2778 | 2934 | 3225 | 1769 | 2119 | 2395 | 2397 | 2450 | 2687 | 2972 | |
| 10601500 | 2420 | 2882 | 2947 | 2805 | 2789 | 2932 | 3229 | 2042 | 2441 | 2403 | 2377 | 2467 | 2701 | 2974 | |
| 10601780 | 2614 | 3132 | 3610 | 3243 | 3221 | 3420 | 3771 | 2305 | 2774 | 3111 | 3007 | 2996 | 3253 | 3621 | |

* For Unidrive M200 to M400 the 0.667 and 1 kHz value is the same as the 2 kHz value.

| Frame size | Power loss |
|------------|------------|
| 7 | ≤ 204 W |
| 8 | ≤ 347 W |
| 9 | ≤ 480 W |
| 10 | ≤ 480 W |

5.1.4 Temperature, humidity and cooling method

Ambient temperature operating range:

- 20 °C to 55 °C (- 4 °F to 131 °F).

Output current derating must be applied at ambient temperatures >40 °C (104 °F).

Cooling method: Forced convection

Maximum humidity: 95 % non-condensing at 40 °C (104 °F)

Safety information

5.1.5 AC Supply requirements

AC supply voltage:

200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V ±10 % 400 V drive: 380 V to 480 V ±10 % 575 V drive: 500 V to 575 V ±10 % 690 V drive: 500 V to 690 V ±10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 45 to 66 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA

5.1.6 Motor requirements

No. of phases: 3

Maximum voltage: 200 V drive: 265 V 400 V drive: 530 V 575 V drive: 635 V

690 V drive: 765 V

5.1.7 Storage

-40 °C (-40 °F) to +55 °C (131 °F) for long term storage, or to +70 °C (158 °F) for short term storage.

Storage time is 2 years.

Electrolytic capacitors in any electronic product have a storage period after which they require reforming or replacing.

The DC bus capacitors have a storage period of 10 years.

The low voltage capacitors on the control supplies typically have a storage period of 2 years and are thus the limiting factor.

Low voltage capacitors cannot be reformed due to their location in the circuit and thus may require replacing if the drive is stored for a period of 2 years or greater without power being applied.

It is therefore recommended that drives are powered up for a minimum of 1 hour after every 2 years of storage. This process allows the drive to be stored for a further 2 years.

5.1.8 Altitude

Altitude range: 0 to 3,000 m (9,900 ft), subject to the following conditions:

1,000 m to 3,000 m (3,300 ft to 9,900 ft) above sea level: de-rate the maximum output current from the specified figure by 1% per 100 m (330 ft) above 1,000 m (3,300 ft)

For example at 3,000 m (9,900 ft) the output current of the drive would have to be de-rated by 20 %.

5.1.9 IP / UL Rating

The drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, non-conductive contamination only) (NEMA 1). However, it is possible to configure the drive to achieve IP65 rating (sizes 7 and 8) or IP55 rating (size 9 and 10) (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting .

The IP rating of a product is a measure of protection against ingress and contact to foreign bodies and water. It is stated as IP XX, where the two digits (XX) indicate the degree of protection provided as shown in Table 5-10.

| Table 5-10 | IP Rating degrees of protection |
|------------|---------------------------------|
|------------|---------------------------------|

| | First digit | | Second digit |
|---|---|-----|--|
| | tection against foreign bodies and access to ardous parts | Pro | tection against ingress of water |
| 0 | Non-protected | 0 | Non-protected |
| 1 | Protected against solid foreign objects of 50 mm \emptyset and greater (back of a hand) | 1 | Protected against vertically falling water drops |
| 2 | Protected against solid foreign objects of 12.5mm \emptyset and greater (finger) | 2 | Protected against vertically falling water drops when enclosure tilted up to 15 $^\circ$ |
| 3 | Protected against solid foreign objects of 2.5 mm \emptyset and greater (tool) | 3 | Protected against spraying water |
| 4 | Protected against solid foreign objects of 1.0mm \emptyset and greater (wire) | 4 | Protected against splashing water |
| 5 | Dust-protected (wire) | 5 | Protected against water jets |
| 6 | Dust-tight (wire) | 6 | Protected against powerful water jets |
| 7 | - | 7 | Protected against the effects of temporary immersion in water |
| 8 | - | 8 | Protected against the effects of continuous immersion in water |

Table 5-11 UL enclosure ratings

| UL rating | Description |
|-----------|--|
| Туре 1 | Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt. |
| Type 12 | Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against dust, falling dirt and dripping non-corrosive liquids. |

5.1.10 Corrosive gasses

Unidrive M600 to M702:

Concentrations of corrosive gases must not exceed the levels given in:

- Table A2 of EN 50178:1998
- Class 3C2 of IEC 60721-3-3

This corresponds to the levels typical of urban areas with industrial activities and/or heavy traffic, but not in the immediate neighborhood of industrial sources with chemical emissions.

Unidrive M200 to M400:

Concentrations of corrosive gases must not exceed the levels given in:

• Table A2 of EN 50178:1998

Printed Circuit Board & Component Solder technology of M200-400 are conformal coated to survive environments as described by IEC60721-3-3 3C3 and EN60068-2-60 Meth. 4. This corresponds to the levels typical of urban areas with industrial activities and/or heavy traffic and in the immediate neighborhood of industrial sources with chemical emissions.

5.1.11 RoHS compliance

The drive meets EU directive 2011/65/EU for RoHS compliance.

5.1.12 Vibration

Maximum recommended continuous vibration level 0.14 g r.m.s. broad-band 5 to 200 Hz.

NOTE

This is the limit for broad-band (random) vibration. Narrow-band vibration at this level which coincides with a structural resonance could result in premature failure.

Bump Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard:IEC 60068-2-29: Test Eb: Severity: 18 g, 6 ms, half sine No. of Bumps: 600 (100 in each direction of each axis)

Random Vibration Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard:IEC 60068-2-64: Test Fh: Severity: 1.0 m²/s³ (0.01 g²/Hz) ASD from 5 to 20 Hz -3 dB/octave from 20 to 200 Hz Duration: 30 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

Sinusoidal Vibration Test

 Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn.

 Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-6: Test Fc:

 Frequency range: 5 to 500 Hz

 Severity:
 3.5 mm peak displacement from 5 to 9 Hz

 10 m/s² peak acceleration from 9 to 200 Hz

 15 m/s² peak acceleration from 200 to 500 Hz

Sweep rate: 1 octave/minute

Duration: 15 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

EN 61800-5-1:2007, Section 5.2.6.4. referring to IEC 60068-2-6

Frequency range: 10 to 150 Hz

Amplitude: 10 to 57 Hz at 0.075 mm pk

57 to 150 Hz at 1g p Sweep rate: 1 octave/minute Duration: 10 sweep cycles per axis in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes

5.1.13 Starts per hour

By electronic control: unlimited

By interrupting the AC supply: ≤ 20 (equally spaced)

5.1.14 Start up time

This is the time taken from the moment of applying power to the drive, to the drive being ready to run the motor:

Size 7 to 10: 5s

For faster start up time a 24V backup supply can be used, see section 4.4 24 Vdc supply on page 60

5.1.15 Output frequency / speed range

Unidrive Mxxx models:

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A, RFC-S) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz.

Unidrive HSxx models:

In open loop mode the maximum achievable output frequency is 3,000 Hz.

In RFC-A and RFC-S modes, the maximum achievable output frequency is 1,250Hz.

In RFC-S mode the speed is also limited by the voltage constant (Ke) of the motor unless field weakening operation is enabled. Ke is a specific constant for the servo motor being used. It can normally be found on the motor data sheet in V/k rpm (volts per 1,000 rpm).

It is recommended that a minimum ratio of 12:1 is maintained between the switching frequency and the maximum output frequency to maintain the quality of the output waveform. If this minimum ratio is exceeded, extra motor losses will result due to the increased harmonic content of the output waveform.

5.1.16 Accuracy and resolution

Unidrive M600 to M702:

Speed:

The absolute frequency and speed accuracy depends on the accuracy of the crystal used with the drive microprocessor. The accuracy of the crystal is 100 ppm, and so the absolute frequency/speed accuracy is 100 ppm (0.01 %) of the reference, when a preset speed is used. If an analog input is used the absolute accuracy is further limited by the absolute accuracy of the analog input.

The following data applies to the drive only; it does not include the performance of the source of the control signals.

Open loop resolution:

Preset frequency reference: 0.1 Hz Precision frequency reference: 0.001 Hz

Closed loop resolution

Preset speed reference: 0.1 rpm Precision speed reference: 0.001 rpm Analog input 1: 11 bit plus sign (not applicable to *Unidrive M702*) Analog input 2: 11 bit plus sign (not applicable to *Unidrive M702*)

Current:

The resolution of the current feedback is 10 bit plus sign.

Accuracy: typical 2 %

worst case 5 %

Unidrive M200 to M400:

Frequency:

The absolute frequency accuracy depends on the accuracy of the oscillator used with the drive microprocessor. The accuracy of the oscillator is ± 0.02 %, and so the absolute frequency accuracy is ± 0.02 % of the reference, when a preset frequency is used. If an analog input is used, the absolute accuracy is further limited by the absolute accuracy of the analog input.

The following data applies to the drive only; it does not include the performance of the source of the control signals.

Open & closed loop resolution:

Preset frequency reference: 0.01 Hz

Analog input 1: 11 bit plus sign

Analog input 2: 11 bit

Current:

The resolution of the current feedback is 10 bit plus sign.

Accuracy: typical 2 %

worst case 5 %

5.1.17 Acoustic noise

The heatsink fan generates the majority of the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive. The heatsink fan is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system.

Table 5-12 gives the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive for the heatsink fan running at the maximum and minimum speeds.

Table 5-12 Acoustic noise data

| Size | Max speed dBA | Min speed dBA |
|------|------------------|------------------|
| 7 | 66.8 | 49.6 |
| 8 | 67.9 | 49.8 |
| 9 | 75 | 52.6 |
| 10 | 75 | 52.6 |

5.1.18 Overall dimensions

- H1 Height including surface mounting brackets
- H2 Height excluding surface mounting brackets
- W Width
- D Depth (Projection forward of panel when surface mounted)

Table 5-13 Overall drive dimensions

| Size | н | 1 | H | 12 | V | N | D | | |
|------------|------|-------|------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|--|
| 5126 | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | |
| 7 | 557 | 21.93 | 508 | 20 | 270 | 10.63 | 280 | 11.02 | |
| 8 | 804 | 31.65 | 753 | 29.65 | 310 | 12.21 | 290 | 11.42 | |
| 9E and 10E | 1069 | 42.09 | 1010 | 39.70 | 310 | 12.21 | 290 | 11.42 | |
| 9A | 1108 | 43.61 | 1049 | 41.30 | 310 | 12.21 | 290 | 11.42 | |

5.1.19 Weights

Table 5-14 Overall drive weights

| Size | Model | kg | lb |
|------|--------------|------|--------|
| 7 | All variants | 28 | 61.70 |
| 8 | All variants | 52 | 114.64 |
| 9A | All variants | 66.5 | 146.60 |
| 9E | All variants | 46 | 101.40 |
| 10E | All variants | 0- | 101.40 |

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5.1.20 Input current, fuse and cable size ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

Typical input current

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the maximum supply fault current of 100kA.

| | Typical | Maximum | Maximum | | | F | use rating | | |
|----------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|---------|-----|----------|------------|-----|-------------|
| Model | input | continuous input | overload input | IEC | | UL / USA | | | |
| WOUEI | current | current | current | Nominal | Max | Class | Nominal | Max | Class |
| | Α | Α | Α | A A | | Class | Α | Α | CidSS |
| 07200610 | 58 | 67 | 109 | 80 | 80 | | 80 | 80 | |
| 07200750 | 73 | 84 | 135 | 100 | 100 | gG | 100 | 100 | CC, J or T* |
| 07200830 | 91 | 105 | 149 | 125 | 125 | | 125 | 125 | |
| 08201160 | 123 | 137 | 213 | 200 | 200 | gR | 200 | 200 | HSJ |
| 08201320 | 149 | 166 | 243 | 200 | 200 | уĸ | 225 | 225 | 1155 |
| 09201760 | 172 | 205 | 270 | 250 | 250 | gR | 250 | 250 | HSJ |
| 09202190 | 228 | 260 | 319 | 315 | 315 | - yr | 300 | 300 | 1155 |
| 10202830 | 277 | 305 | 421 | 400 | 400 | gR | 400 | 400 | HSJ |
| 10203000 | 333 | 361 | 494 | 450 | 450 | . yr | 450 | 450 | 1155 |

Table 5-15 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

Table 5-16 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

| | Typical | Maximum | Maximum | | | F | use rating | | | |
|----------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|---------|------------|-----|-------------|--|
| Model | input | continuous input | overload input | | IEC | | UL / USA | | | |
| Woder | current | current | current | Nominal Max Class | | Nominal | Max | 0 | | |
| | Α | Α | Α | A A | | Class | Α | Α | Class | |
| 07400660 | 67 | 74 | 124 | 100 | 100 | | 80 | 80 | | |
| 07400770 | 80 | 88 | 145 | 100 | 100 | gG | 100 | 100 | CC, J or T* | |
| 07401000 | 96 | 105 | 188 | 125 | 125 | | 125 | 125 | | |
| 08401340 | 137 | 155 | 267 | 250 | 250 | gR | 225 | 225 | HSJ | |
| 08401570 | 164 | 177 | 303 | 250 | 250 | ук | 225 | 225 | пој | |
| 09402000 | 211 | 232 | 306 | 315 | 315 | gR | 300 | 300 | HSJ | |
| 09402240 | 245 | 267 | 359 | 515 | 515 | уĸ | 350 | 350 | 1155 | |
| 10402700 | 306 | 332 | 445 | 400 | 400 | gR | 400 | 400 | HSJ | |
| 10403200 | 370 | 397 | 523 | 450 | 450 | ук | 450 | 450 | 1135 | |

* These fuses are fast acting.

| | Typical | Maximum | Maximum | | | Fu | use rating | | | |
|----------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|---------|-----|-------|------------|-----|-------------|--|
| Model | input | continuous input | overload input | | IEC | | UL / USA | | | |
| woder | current | current | current | Nominal | Max | Class | Nominal | Max | Class | |
| | Α | Α | Α | Α | Α | Class | Α | Α | Class | |
| 07500440 | 41 | 45 | 75 | 50 | 50 | aC | 50 | 50 | CC, J or T* | |
| 07500550 | 57 | 62 | 94 | 80 | 80 | gG | 80 | 80 | CC, J 01 1 | |
| 08500630 | 74 | 83 | 121 | 125 | 125 | gR | 100 | 100 | HSJ | |
| 08500860 | 92 | 104 | 165 | 160 | 160 | ук | 150 | 150 | пор | |
| 09501040 | 145 | 166 | 190 | 150 | 150 | gR | 150 | 150 | HSJ | |
| 09501310 | 145 | 166 | 221 | 200 | 200 | ук | 175 | 175 | пор | |
| 10501520 | 177 | 197 | 266 | 250 | 250 | gR | 250 | 250 | HSJ | |
| 10501900 | 199 | 218 | 310 | 230 | 230 | уĸ | 230 | 230 | 1135 | |

Table 5-17 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

| | Typical | Maximum | Maximum | | | Fu | se rating | | |
|----------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|---------|------|-------|-----------|---------|-------------|
| Model | input | continuous input | overload input | | IEC | | | UL / US | 6A |
| WOUEI | current | current | current | Nominal | Max | Class | Nominal | Max | Class |
| | Α | Α | Α | Α | Α | Class | Α | Α | Class |
| 07600190 | 18 | 20 | 32 | 25 | | | 25 | | |
| 07600240 | 23 | 26 | 41 | 32 | 50 | | 30 | 50 | |
| 07600290 | 28 | 31 | 49 | 40 | - 50 | gG | 35 | 50 | CC, J or T* |
| 07600380 | 36 | 39 | 65 | 50 | 1 | уG | 50 | | 00,001 |
| 07600440 | 40 | 44 | 75 | 50 | 80 | | 50 | 80 | |
| 07600540 | 57 | 62 | 92 | 80 | 00 | | 80 | 00 | |
| 08600630 | 74 | 83 | 121 | 125 | 125 | gR | 100 | 100 | HSJ |
| 08600860 | 92 | 104 | 165 | 160 | 160 | giv | 150 | 150 | 1100 |
| 09601040 | 124 | 149 | 194 | 150 | 150 | gR | 150 | 150 | HSJ |
| 09601310 | 145 | 171 | 226 | 200 | 200 | git | 200 | 200 | 1135 |
| 10601500 | 180 | 202 | 268 | 225 | 225 | gR | 250 | 250 | HSJ |
| 10601780 | 202 | 225 | 313 | 250 | 250 | gR | 250 | 250 | 1135 |

* These fuses are fast acting.

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The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

Table 5-19 Cable ratings (200 V)

| | | | Cable siz mr | , | | | | | ze (UL) r Kcmil | |
|----------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| Model | | Input | | | Output | | Inp | ut | Out | out |
| | Nominal | Мах | Install method | Nominal | Мах | Install method | Nominal | Max | Nominal | Max |
| 07200610 | 35 | | | 35 | | | 2 | | 2 | |
| 07200750 | 55 | 70 | B2 | 55 | 70 | B2 | 1 | 1/0 | 1 | 1/0 |
| 07200830 | 70 | | | 70 | | | 1/0 | | 1/0 | |
| 08201160 | 95 | 2 x 70 | B2 | 95 | 2 x 70 | B2 | 3/0 | 2 x 1 | 3/0 | 2 x 1 |
| 08201320 | 2 x 70 | 2 ~ 10 | DΖ | 2 x 70 | 2 ~ 70 | DΣ | 2 x 1 | 2 ~ 1 | 2 x 1 | 2 ~ 1 |
| 09201760 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 185 | B1 | 2 x 95 | 2 x 150 | B2 | 2 x 2/0 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 2/0 | 2 x 350 |
| 09202190 | 2 x 95 | 2 x 185 | ы | 2 x 120 | 2 x 150 | 52 | 2 x 4/0 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 4/0 | 2 x 350 |
| 10202830 | 2 x 120 | 2 x 185 | B1 | 2 x 120 | 2 x 150 | С | 2 x 250 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 250 | 2 x 350 |
| 10203000 | 2 x 150 | 2 x 185 | С | 2 x 120 | 2 x 150 | C | 2 x 300 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 250 | 2 x 350 |

Table 5-20 Cable ratings (400 V)

| | | | Cable siz mr | | | | | | ze (UL) r Kcmil | |
|----------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| Model | | Input | | | Output | | | ut | Out | put |
| | Nominal | Max | Install method | Nominal | Max | Install method | Nominal | Max | Nominal | Max |
| 07400660 | 35 | | | 35 | | | 1 | | 1 | |
| 07400770 | 50 | 70 | B2 | 50 | 70 | B2 | 2 | 1/0 | 2 | 1/0 |
| 07401000 | 70 | | | 70 | | | 1/0 | | 1/0 | |
| 08401340 | 2 x 50 | 2 x 70 | B2 | 2 x 50 | 2 x 70 | B2 | 2 x 1 | 2 x 1/0 | 2 x 1 | 2 x 1/0 |
| 08401570 | 2 x 70 | 2 × 10 | DZ | 2 x 70 | 2 × 10 | DZ | 2 x 1/0 | 2 X 1/0 | 2 x 1/0 | 2 X 1/0 |
| 09402000 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 185 | B1 | 2 x 95 | 2 x 150 | B2 | 2 x 3/0 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 2/0 | 2 x 350 |
| 09402240 | 2 x 95 | 2 x 185 | ы | 2 x 120 | 2 x 150 | DZ | 2 x 4/0 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 4/0 | 2 x 350 |
| 10402700 | 2 x 120 | 2 x 185 | С | 2 x 120 | 2 x 150 | С | 2 x 300 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 250 | 2 x 350 |
| 10403200 | 2 x 150 | 2 x 185 | 0 | 2 x 150 | 2 x 150 | 0 | 2 x 350 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 300 | 2 x 350 |

| Table | 5-21 | Cable | ratings | (575 V) | |
|-------|------|-------|---------|---------|--|
| 10010 | • | 04010 | raange | (0.0.1) | |

| | | | | ize (IEC) Im ² | | | Cable size (UL) AWG or Kcmil | | | | |
|----------|-------------|---------|-------------------|------------------------------|---------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| Model | | Input | | | Output | | Input | | | put | |
| | Nomin al | Max | Install method | Nominal | Max | Install method | Nominal | Max | Nominal | Max | |
| 07500440 | 16 | 25 | B2 | 16 | 25 | B2 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | |
| 07500550 | 25 | 25 | DZ | 25 | 25 | 02 | 3 | | 3 | | |
| 08500630 | 35 | 50 | B2 | 35 | 50 | B2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 08500860 | 50 | - 50 | DZ | 50 | 50 | DZ | 1 | | 1 | 1 | |
| 09501040 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 185 | B2 | 2 x 35 | 2 x 150 | B2 | 2 x 1 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 3 | 2 x 350 | |
| 09501310 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 185 | DZ | 2 x 50 | 2 x 150 | DZ | 2 x 1 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 1 | 2 x 350 | |
| 10501520 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 185 | B2 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 150 | B2 | 2 x 2/0 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 2/0 | 2 x 350 | |
| 10501900 | 2 x 95 | 2 x 185 | DZ | 2 x 70 | 2 x 150 | ΒZ | 2 x 2/0 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 2/0 | 2 x 350 | |

Table 5-22 Cable ratings (690 V)

| | | | | ize (IEC) Im ² | | | | | ze (UL) r Kcmil | |
|----------|-------------|---------|----------------|------------------------------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| Model | | Input | | | Output | | Inp | ut | Out | put |
| | Nomin al | Max | Install method | Nominal | Max | Install method | Nominal | Max | Nominal | Max |
| 07600190 | | | | | | | 8 | | 8 | |
| 07600240 | 10 | | | 10 | | | 6 | | 6 | |
| 07600290 | | 25 | B2 | | 25 | B2 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 3 |
| 07600380 | 16 | 25 | BZ | 16 | 25 | BZ | 4 | 3 | 4 | . 3 |
| 07600440 | 16 | | | 16 | | | 4 | | 4 | |
| 07600540 | 25 | | | 25 | | | 3 | | 3 | |
| 08600630 | 50 | 70 | B2 | 50 | 70 | B2 | 2 | 1/0 | 2 | 1/0 |
| 08600860 | 70 | 70 | DZ | 70 | 70 | DZ | 1/0 | 1/0 | 1/0 | 1/0 |
| 09601040 | 2 x 50 | 2 x 185 | B2 | 2 x 35 | 2 x 150 | B2 | 2 x 1 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 3 | 2 x 350 |
| 09601310 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 185 | DZ | 2 x 50 | 2 x 150 | DZ | 2 x 1/0 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 1 | 2 x 350 |
| 10601500 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 185 | B2 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 150 | B2 | 2 x 2/0 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 1/0 | 2 x 350 |
| 10601780 | 2 x 95 | 2 x 185 | 52 | 2 x 70 | 2 x 150 | 62 | 2 x 3/0 | 2 x 500 | 2 x 2/0 | 2 x 350 |

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5.1.21 Maximum motor cable lengths

Since capacitance in the motor cable causes loading on the output of the drive, ensure the cable length does not exceed the values given in Table 5-23.

Use 105 °C (221 °F) (UL 60/75 °C temp rise) PVC-insulated cable with copper conductors having a suitable voltage rating, for the following power connections:

- AC supply to external EMC filter (when used)
- AC supply (or external EMC filter) to drive
- Drive to motor
- Drive to braking resistor

Table 5-23 Maximum motor cable lengths

| Model | Maximu | Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|--|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Woder | 2 kHz* | 3 kHz | 4 kHz | 6 kHz | 8 kHz | 12 kHz | 16 kHz | | | | | |
| All size 7 to 10 models | 250 m | 46 m (151 ft) | | | | | | | | | | |

* For the *Unidrive* M200 to M400, the cables lengths at 0.667 and 1kHz switching frequency are the same as cable lengths at 2 kHz.

• Cable lengths in excess of the specified values may be used only when special techniques are adopted; refer to the supplier of the drive.

• The default switching frequency is 3 kHz for Open-loop and RFC-A and 6 kHz for RFC-S mode. The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in Table 5-23 if high capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used, refer to section 4.8.2 *High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables* on page 65.

5.1.22 Braking resistor values

Table 5-24 Minimum resistance values and peak power rating for the braking resistor at 40 °C (104 °F)

| Model | Minimum resistance* Ω | Instantaneous power rating kW | Continuous power rating kW |
|---------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | |
| 07200610 | 4.5 | 37.6 | 15 |
| 07200750 | 4.5 | 37.6 | 18.5 |
| 07200830 | 4.5 | 37.6 | 22 |
| 08201160 | 2.3 | 73.5 | 30 |
| 08201320 | 2.3 | 73.5 | 37 |
| 09201760 (9A) | 2 | 84.5 | 45 |
| 09202190 (9A) | 2 | 84.5 | 45 |
| 09201760 (9E) | 1.4 | 120.8 | 45 |
| 09202190 (9E) | 1.4 | 120.8 | 55 |
| 10202830 | 1.7 | 99.5 | 75 |
| 10203000 | 1.7 | 99.5 | 90 |
| 400 V | | | |
| 07400660 | 7.5 | 90.2 | 30 |
| 07400770 | 7.5 | 90.2 | 37 |
| 07401000 | 7.5 | 90.2 | 45 |
| 08401340 | 6.3 | 107.4 | 55 |
| 08401570 | 6.3 | 107.4 | 75 |
| 09402000 (9A) | 3.6 | 187.8 | 90 |

| Madal | Minimum resistance* | Instantaneous power rating | Continuous power rating |
|---------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Model | Ω | kW | kW |
| 09402240 (9A) | 3.6 | 187.8 | 110 |
| 09402000 (9E) | 2.6 | 260 | 90 |
| 09402240 (9E) | 2.6 | 260 | 110 |
| 10402700 | 3.1 | 218.1 | 132 |
| 10403200 | 3.1 | 218.1 | 160 |
| 75 V | • | | |
| 07500440 | 11 | 87.4 | 30 |
| 07500550 | 11 | 87.4 | 37 |
| 08500630 | 5.5 | 174.8 | 45 |
| 08500860 | 5.5 | 174.8 | 55 |
| 09501040 (9A) | 5.1 | 188.5 | 75 |
| 09501310 (9A) | 5.1 | 188.5 | 90 |
| 09501040 (9E) | 3.3 | 291.3 | 75 |
| 09501310 (9E) | 3.3 | 291.3 | 90 |
| 10501520 | 3.3 | 291.3 | 110 |
| 10501900 | 3.3 | 291.3 | 132 |
| 90 V | • | | |
| 07600190 | 13 | 107.3 | 15 |
| 07600240 | 13 | 107.3 | 18.5 |
| 07600290 | 13 | 107.3 | 22 |
| 07600380 | 13 | 107.3 | 30 |
| 07600440 | 13 | 107.3 | 37 |
| 07600540 | 13 | 107.3 | 45 |
| 08600630 | 5.5 | 253.5 | 55 |
| 08600860 | 5.5 | 253.5 | 75 |
| 09601040 (9A) | 6.5 | 214.5 | 90 |
| 09601310 (9A) | 6.5 | 214.5 | 110 |
| 09601040 (9E) | 4.2 | 331.9 | 90 |
| 09601310 (9E) | 4.2 | 331.9 | 110 |
| 10601500 | 4.2 | 331.9 | 132 |
| 10601780 | 3.8 | 366.8 | 160 |

*Resistor tolerance: ±10 %. The minimum resistance specified are for stand-alone drive systems only. If the drive is to be used as part of a common DC bus system different values may be required. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

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5.1.23 Terminal size and torque settings

| Model | Connection type | Torque setting |
|--------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| M200 to M400 | Screw terminals | 0.2 N m (0.15 lb ft) |
| M600 to M702 | Plug-in terminal block | 0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft) |

Table 5-25 Drive control terminal data

Table 5-26 Drive relay terminal data

| Model | Connection type | Torque setting |
|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| M200 to M400 | Screw terminals | 0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft) |
| M600 to M702 | Plug-in terminal block | 0.0 N III (0.4 10 17) |

Table 5-27 Terminal block maximimum cable sizes

| Model | Size | Terminal block description | Maximum cable size |
|--------------|--------|--|------------------------------|
| All | All | Control connector | 1.5 mm ² (16 AWG) |
| All | All | 2 way relay connector | 2.5 mm ² (14 AWG) |
| M300 to M400 | 7 to 9 | STO connector | 2.5 mm (14 AvvG) |
| M600 to M702 | All | 2 way low voltage power 24V supply connector | 1.5 mm ² (16 AWG) |

Table 5-28 Maximum crimp/lug sizes for frame size 8 to 10

| Terminals | Maximum standard crimp (mm ²) | Maximum standard US lug (kcmil) | | |
|-----------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| AC supply connections | 2 x 185 | 2 x 500 | | |
| AC supply ground | 2 x 120 | 1 x 350 | | |
| Motor connections | 2 x 150 | 2 x 350 | | |
| Drive output ground | 2 x 150 | 1 x 350 | | |
| Brake connection | 2 x 150 | 2 x 350 | | |

Table 5-29 Drive power terminal data

| Model | AC and motor | C and motor terminals | | aking | Ground terminal | | |
|---------|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| size | Recommended Maximum | | Recommended Maximum Recommended Maximum | | Recommended | Maximum | |
| | M8 Nut (13 mm AF) | | M8 Nut (13 mm AF) | | M8 Nut (13 mm AF) | | |
| 7 | 12 N m (8.85 lb ft) | 14 N m (10 lb ft) | 12 N m (8.85 lb ft) | 14 N m (10 lb ft) | 12 N m (8.85 lb ft) | 14 N m (10 lb ft) | |
| | M10 Nut (17 r | M10 Nut (17 mm AF) | | M10 Nut (17 mm AF) | | mm AF) | |
| 8 to 10 | 15 N m (11.1 lb ft) | 20 N m (14.8 lb ft) | 15 N m (11.1 lb ft) | 20 N m (14.8 lb ft) | 15 N m (11.1 lb ft) | 20 N m (14.8 lb ft) | |

5.1.24 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

This is a summary of the EMC performance of the drive. For full details, refer to the *EMC Data Sheet* which can be obtained from the supplier of the drive.

| Standard | Type of immunity | Test specification | Application | Level |
|----------------------------------|--|---|---|-------------------------------|
| IEC61000-4-2 EN61000-4-2 | Electrostatic discharge | 6 kV contact discharge 8 kV air discharge | Module enclosure | Level 3 (industrial) |
| IEC61000-4-3 EN61000-4-3 | Radio frequency radiated field | 10 V/m prior to modulation 80 - 1000 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation | Module enclosure | Level 3 (industrial) |
| IEC61000-4-4 | East transiont burst | 5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency via coupling clamp | Control lines | Level 4 (industrial harsh) |
| EN61000-4-4 | N61000-4-4 Fast transient burst 5/50 ns 2 kHz repe direct inje | | Power lines | Level 3 (industrial) |
| | | Common mode 4 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape | AC supply lines: line to ground | Level 4 |
| IEC61000-4-5 EN61000-4-5 | Surges | Differential mode 2 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape | AC supply lines: line to line | Level 3 |
| | | Lines to ground | Signal ports to ground ¹ | Level 2 |
| IEC61000-4-6 EN61000-4-6 | Conducted radio frequency | 10V prior to modulation 0.15 - 80 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation | Control and power lines | Level 3 (industrial) |
| IEC61000-4-11 EN61000-4-11 | Voltage dips and interruptions | -30 % 10 ms +60 % 100 ms -60 % 1 s <-95 % 5 s | AC power ports | |
| IEC61000-6-1 EN61000-6-1:2007 | | ndard for the residential, - industrial environment | | Complies |
| IEC61000-6-2 EN61000-6-2:2005 | Generic immunity sta environment | ndard for the industrial | | Complies |
| IEC61800-3 EN61800-3:2004 | Product standard for systems (immunity re | adjustable speed power drive quirements) | Meets immunity requ and second environ | |

 Table 5-30
 Immunity compliance

¹ See section 4.11.8 *Variations in the EMC wiring* on page 86 for possible requirements regarding grounding and external surge protection of control ports.

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Emission

The drive contains an internal filter for basic emission control. An additional optional external filter provides further reduction of emission. The requirements of the following standards are met, depending on the motor cable length and switching frequency.

 Table 5-31
 Size 7 emission compliance (200 V drives)

| Motor cable length (m) | Switching Frequency (kHz) | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 |
| Using internal filter: | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 100 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 |
| Using external filter: | | | | | | | 1 |
| 0 – 20 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 |
| 20 – 100 | C2 | C2 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 |

Table 5-32 Size 7 emission compliance (400 V drives)

| Motor cable length (m) | Switching Frequency (kHz) | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 |
| Using internal filter: | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 100 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 |
| Using external filter: | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 20 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 |
| 20 – 100 | C2 | C2 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 |

Table 5-33 Size 7 emission compliance (575 and 690 V drives)

| Motor cable length (m) | Switching Frequency (kHz) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Motor cable length (III) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 |
| Using internal filter: | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 100 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 |
| Using external filter: | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 20 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 |
| 20 – 100 | C2 | C2 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 |

Table 5-34 Size 8 emission compliance (200 V drives)

| Motor cable length (m) | Switching Frequency (kHz) | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 |
| Using internal filter: | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 10 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 |
| Using external filter: | | | | | | | 1 |
| 0 – 20 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 |
| 20 – 100 | C2 | C2 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 |

| Motor cable length (m) | Switching Frequency (kHz) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Motor cable length (III) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 |
| Using internal filter: | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 10 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 |
| Using external filter: | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 20 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 |
| 20 – 100 | C2 | C2 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 |

Table 5-35 Size 8 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Table 5-36 Size 8 emission compliance (575 V and 690 V drives)

| Motor cable length (m) | Switching Frequency (kHz) | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| Motor cable length (III) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | | |
| Using internal filter: | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 100 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | C4 | | |
| Using external filter: | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | |
| 0 – 20 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | | |
| 20 – 100 | C2 | C2 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | | |

Table 5-37 Size 9 and 10 emission compliance (200 V drives)

| Motor cable length (m) | Switching Frequency (kHz) | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|--|
| motor cable length (iii) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | | | |
| Using internal filter: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 100 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | | | |
| Using external filter: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 20 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | | | |
| 20 – 100 | C2 | C2 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | | | |

Table 5-38 Size 9 and 10 emission compliance (400 V drives)

| Motor cable length (m) | Switching Frequency (kHz) | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| motor cable length (iii) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | | |
| Using internal filter: | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 100 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | | |
| Using external filter: | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| 0 – 20 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | | |
| 20 – 100 | C2 | C2 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | | |

Table 5-39 Size 9 and 10 emission compliance (575 V and 690 V drives)

| Motor cable length (m) | Switching Frequency (kHz) | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| motor cable length (iii) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | | |
| Using internal filter: | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 - 50 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | | |
| Using external filter: | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 – 20 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | C2 | | |
| 20 – 100 | C2 | C2 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | C3 | | |

Safety information

UL listing information

Key (shown in decreasing order of permitted emission level):

- E2R EN 61800-3 second environment, restricted distribution (Additional measures may be required to prevent interference)
- E2U EN 61800-3 second environment, unrestricted distribution

Industrial generic standard EN 61000-6-4 EN 61800-3 first environment restricted distribution (The following caution is required by EN 61800-3)



L

This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3. In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

R Residential generic standard EN 61000-6-3 EN 61800-3 first environment unrestricted distribution

EN 61800-3 defines the following:

- The first environment is one that includes residential premises. It also includes establishments
 directly connected without intermediate transformers to a low-voltage power supply network
 which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- The second environment is one that includes all establishments other than those directly connected to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- Restricted distribution is defined as a mode of sales distribution in which the manufacturer restricts the supply of equipment to suppliers, customers or users who separately or jointly have technical competence in the EMC requirements of the application of drives.

EN 61800-3:2004+A1:2012

The 2004 revision of the standard uses different terminology to align the requirements of the standard better with the EC EMC Directive.

| Category | Definition | Corresponding code used previously |
|----------|--|---------------------------------------|
| C1 | Intended for use in the first or second environments | R |
| C2 | Not a plug-in or movable device, and intended for use in the first environment only when installed by a professional, or in the second environment | I |
| C3 | Intended for use in the second environment, not the first environment | E2U |
| C4 | Intended for use in the second environment in a system rated at over 400 A or in a complex system | E2R |

Power drive systems are categorized C1 to C4:

Note that category 4 is more restrictive than E2R, since the rated current of the PDS must exceed 400 A or the supply voltage exceed 1000 V, for the complete PDS.

5.2 Optional external EMC filters

Table 5-40 EMC filter cross reference

| Model | CT part number | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| 200 V | | | | |
| 07200610 to 07200830 | 4200-1132 | | | |
| 08201160 to 08201320 | 4200-1972 | | | |
| 09201760 to 09202190 (9A) | 4200-3021 | | | |
| 09201760 to 09202190 (9E) | 4200-4460 | | | |
| 10202830 to 10203000 | 4200-4460 | | | |
| 400 V | | | | |
| 07400660 to 07401000 | 4200-1132 | | | |
| 08401340 to 08401570 | 4200-1972 | | | |
| 09402000 to 09402240 (9A) | 4200-3021 | | | |
| 09402000 to 09402240 (9E) | 4200-4460 | | | |
| 10402700 to 10403200 | 4200-4460 | | | |
| 575 V | | | | |
| 07500440 to 07500550 | 4200-0672 | | | |
| 08500630 to 08500860 | 4200-1662 | | | |
| 09501040 to 09501310 (9A) | 4200-1660 | | | |
| 09501040 to 09501310 (9E) | 4200-2210 | | | |
| 10501520 to 10501900 | 4200-2210 | | | |
| 690 V | | | | |
| 07600190 to 07600540 | 4200-0672 | | | |
| 08600630 to 08600860 | 4200-1662 | | | |
| 09601040 to 09601310 (9A) | 4200-1660 | | | |
| 09601040 to 09601310 (9E) | 4200-2210 | | | |
| 10601500 to 10601780 | 4200-2210 | | | |

5.2.1 EMC filter ratings

Table 5-41 Optional external EMC filter details

| | | mum 1uous | Volt | tage | | Power di | ssipation | n Ground leakage | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------|------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---------------|-----------|
| | | rent | rat | ing | | at rated | current | Balanced supply | | Discharge |
| CT part number | @ 40 °C (104 °F) | @ 50 °C (122 °F) | IEC | UL | IP rating | @ 40 °C (104 °F) | @ 50 °C (122 °F) | phase-to- phase and phase-to- ground | Worst case | resistors |
| | Α | Α | v | v | | w | w | mA | mA | MΩ |
| 4200-1132 | 117 | 102.7* | 528 | 480 | 20 | 50 | 43.7 | 11.7 | 188 | 1.68 |
| 4200-0672 | 67 | 58.8* | 759 | 600 | | 25 | 21.9 | 24.5 | 395 | 2.72 |
| 4200-1972 | 197 | 172.8* | 528 | 480 | 20 | 42 | 36.7 | 18.7 | 210 | 1.68 |
| 4200-1662 | 114 | 100* | 759 | 600 | | 39 | 34.1 | 24.3 | 364 | 2.72 |
| 4200-3021 | 302 | 277 | 528 | 480 | | 34 | 29.7 | 30 | 202 | 1.68 |
| 4200-1660 | 166 | 152 | 759 | 600 | 00 | 13 | 11.4 | 21 | 332 | 2.72 |
| 4200-4460 | 446 | 409 | 528 | 480 | 00 | 37 | 32.4 | 30 | 283 | 1.68 |
| 4200-2210 | 221 | 203 | 759 | 600 | | 16 | 14.0 | 21 | 434 | 2.72 |

* At 55 °C (131 °F).

Safety information

Product information

UL listing information

5.2.2 Overall EMC filter dimensions

| | | Dimensions (mm) Weight | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|------------------------|-----|------|-----|------|------|--------|--|
| Part Number | Н | | V | W | | D | | weight | |
| | mm | inch | mm | inch | mm | inch | kg | lb | |
| 4200-1132 | 270 | 10.63 | 90 | 3.54 | 150 | 5.90 | 6 | 13.2 | |
| 4200-0672 | 270 | 10.63 | 90 | 3.54 | 150 | 5.90 | 6.2 | 13.7 | |
| 4200-1972 | 300 | 11.81 | 120 | 4.72 | 170 | 6.69 | 9.6 | 21.2 | |
| 4200-1662 | 300 | 11.81 | 120 | 4.72 | 170 | 6.69 | 9.4 | 20.7 | |
| 4200-3021 | 339 | 13.3 | 230 | 9.06 | 120 | 4.72 | 11 | 24.3 | |
| 4200-1660 | 360 | 14.2 | 245 | 9.6 | 105 | 4.13 | 5.2 | 11.5 | |
| 4200-4460 | 105 | 4.13 | 360 | 14.2 | 245 | 9.6 | 12 | 26.5 | |
| 4200-2210 | 105 | 4.13 | 360 | 14.2 | 245 | 9.6 | 10.3 | 22.7 | |

Table 5-42 Optional external EMC filter dimensions

5.2.3 EMC filter torque settings

Table 5-43 Optional external EMC Filter terminal data

| CT part | | Power connections | | Ground connections | | | |
|-----------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|--|--|
| number | Bar hole diameter Max cable size | | Max torque | Ground stud size | Max torque | | |
| 4200-1132 | | 50 mm ² | 8.0 N m | | | | |
| 4200-0672 | N/A | (1/0 AWG) | (6.0lb ft) | | 18 N m | | |
| 4200-1972 | | 95 mm ² | 20 N m | | | | |
| 4200-1662 | | (3/0 AWG) | (14.8 lb ft) | M10 | | | |
| 4200-3021 | 10.8 mm | | | INITO | (13.3 lb ft) | | |
| 4200-1660 | 10.8 mm | N/A | 30 N m | | | | |
| 4200-4460 | 11 mm | IN/PA | (22.1 lb ft) | | | | |
| 4200-2210 | 11 mm | | | | | | |

Product information

Mechanical installation

6 UL listing information

6.1 UL file reference

All products covered by this Guide are UL Listed to both Canadian and US requirements. The UL file reference is: NMMS/7.E171230.

Products that incorporate the Safe Torque Off function have been investigated by UL. The UL file reference is: FSPC.E171230.

6.2 Option modules, kits and accessories

All Option Modules, Control Pods and Installation Kits supplied by Nidec Industrial Automation for use with these drives are UL Listed.

6.3 Enclosure ratings

Drives are UL Open Type as supplied.

Drives fitted with a conduit box are UL Type 1.

Drives that are capable of through-hole mounting are UL Type 12 when installed with the high-IP insert (where provided), and the Type 12 sealing kit to prevent ingress of dust and water.

Remote Keypads are UL Type 12.

6.4 Mounting

Drives can be mounted directly onto a vertical surface. This is known as 'surface' or 'standard' mounting. Refer to section 3.4.2 *Surface mounting* on page 26 for further information.

Drives can be installed side by side with recommended spacing between them. This is known as 'bookcase' mounting. Refer to section 3.5 *Enclosure for standard drives* on page 29 for further information.

Drives fitted with a conduit box can be mounted directly onto a wall or other vertical surface without additional protection. Suitable conduit boxes are available from Nidec Industrial Automation.

Some drives may be through-hole mounted. Mounting brackets and sealing kits are available from Nidec Industrial Automation. Refer to section 3.4.3 *Through-panel mounting* on page 27 for further information.

Remote Keypads can be mounted on the outside of a UL Type 12 enclosure. A sealing and mounting kit is provided with the keypad.

6.5 Environment

Drives must be installed in a Pollution Degree 2 environment or better (dry, non-conductive pollution only). All drives are capable of delivering full rated output current at surrounding air temperatures up to 40 $\,^{\circ}$ C.

Drives may be operated in surrounding air temperatures up to 50 °C or 55 °C at de-rated current, depending on the model number. Refer to section 5.1.2 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 91.

Technical data

UL listing information

6.6 Electrical Installation

TERMINAL TORQUE

Terminals must be tightened to the rated torque as specified in the Installation Instructions. Refer to section 3.10 *Terminal size and torque settings* on page 45 for further information.

WIRING TERMINALS

Drives must be installed using cables rated for 75 °C operation, copper wire only.

UL Listed closed-loop connectors sized according to the field wiring shall be used for all field wiring connections. Refer to section 3.10 *Terminal size and torque settings* on page 45 for further information.

BRANCH CIRCUIT PROTECTION

The fuses and circuit breakers required for branch circuit protection are contained in the Installation Instructions. Refer to section 5.1.20 *Input current, fuse and cable size ratings* on page 104

OPENING OF BRANCH CIRCUIT

Opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, the equipment should be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local "codes".

6.7 Motor overload protection and thermal memory retention

All drives incorporate internal overload protection for the motor load that does not require the use of an external or remote overload protection device.

The protection level is adjustable and the method of adjustment is provided in the Control User Guide. Maximum current overload is dependent on the values entered into the current limit parameters (motoring current limit, regenerative current limit and symmetrical current limit entered as percentage) and the motor rated current parameter (entered in amperes).

The duration of the overload is dependent on motor thermal time constant. The time constant is programmable. The default overload protection is set such that the product is capable of 150 % of the current value entered into the motor rated current parameter for 60 seconds.

The drives are provided with user terminals that can be connected to a motor thermistor to protect the motor from high temperature, in the event of a motor cooling fan failure.

The method of adjustment of the overload protection is provided in the Installation Instructions shipped with the product.

All models are provided with thermal memory retention.

6.8 Electrical supply

The drives are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes, at rated voltage when protected by fuses as specified in the Installation Instructions.

Some smaller drives are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 10,000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes, at rated voltage when protected by circuit breakers as specified in the Installation Instructions.

6.9 External Class 2 supply

The external power supply used to power the 24 V control circuit shall be marked: "UL Class 2". The power supply voltage shall not exceed 24 Vdc.

6.10 Requirement for Transient Surge Suppression

This requirement applies to drives with rated input voltage = 575 V, Frame Size 7 only.

TRANSIENT SURGE SUPPRESSION SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE LINE SIDE OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND SHALL BE RATED 575 Vac (PHASE TO GROUND), 575 Vac (PHASE TO PHASE), SUITABLE FOR OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III, AND SHALL PROVIDE PROTECTION FOR A RATED IMPULSE VOLTAGE TO WITHSTAND VOLTAGE PEAK OF 6 kV AND A CLAMPING VOLTAGE OF MAXIMUM 2400 V.

6.11 Group Installation and Modular Drive Systems

Drives with DC+ and DC- supply connections, with 230 V or 480 V supply voltage rating, are UL approved for use in modular drive systems as inverters when supplied by the converter sections: Mentor MP25A, 45A, 75A, 105A, 155A or 210A range manufactured by Nidec Industrial Automation.

Alternatively, the inverters may be supplied by converters from the *Unidrive-M* range manufactured by Nidec Industrial Automation.

In these applications the inverters are required to be additionally protected by supplemental fuses.

Drives have not been evaluated for other Group Installation applications, for example where a single inverter is wired directly to two or more motors. In these applications, additional thermal overload protection is needed. Contact Nidec Industrial Automation for further details.

